SNEA(P) DIRECTION EXPLORATION LABORATOIRE DE GEOLOGIE DE BOUSSENS

GEO/LAB Bss n° 2/2281 RP

Arkiv & Bibliotek Forskningssenteret Bergen

33 / 5 - 1 WELL (NORWAY)

GEOCHEMICAL AND OPTICAL STUDY

(CRETACEOUS AND TRIASSIC)

P. CATLLEAUX

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Boussens MAI 1982

LISTE DE DIFFUSION

DESTINATAIRES :

DIVISION PROGRAMMES PARIS A L'INTENTION DE L'EXPERT	
REGIONAL EXPLO. EUROPE	1
EXPLO. DIG EUROPE	2
ELF-AQUITAINE NORGE s/c EXPLO, DIG EUROPE	12
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DIVISION ORIENTATIONS ET ZONES NOUVELLES PARIS	1
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CONTENTS

	Pages
1 - ORGANIC GEOCHEMISTRY IN THE CRETACEOUS	• 1
2 - OPTICAL STUDY IN THE TRIASSIC	1
TABLE 1 - Organic inventory	3
2 - Gross composition of extracts	3
PLATES 1 - Organic matter petrology	
2 - Synthesis of results	
3-4 and 5 - Chromatograms.	

The aim of this study was to characterize the hydrocarbons in the lower Cretaceous of the 33/5-1 well, and to get somme indication of the degree of maturation of the triassic interval.

1 - ORGANIC GEOCHEMISTRY (LOWER CRETACEOUS)

6 cutting samples from lower Cretaceous (1760 - 2650 m) have been analysed by pyrolysis and the extracts of 3 of them analysed by chromatography.

- The amount of total organic carbon (TOC) is rather low : 0.75 < TOC < 2.50 % of rock.
- The temperatures of pyrolysis (Tm) are low (425 to 430°C) down to 2520 m, medium at 2646 m (441°C). They suggest a low maturation.
- The Rock Eval pyrolysis show that all the samples have a low potention of the related hydrogen indices of kerogen are low (<90 mg H.C./g TOC) and oxygen indices are high (up to 425 mg CO2/ g TOC). The S1/(S1 + S2) ratio indicative of hydrocarbon accumulation (migrated or not is high to very high. Three samples which show different steps of enriching have been selected for detailed analysis (table 2). They show mainly a relatively high saturated HC/aromatic HC ratio (2.4 to 2.9) and a large predominance of saturated HC + aromatic HC (70 to 80 %). The genetic characteristics (Pristane /nC17) / (Phytane /nC18) \sim 1.4 and the degree of maturation of these hydrocarbons suggest that they are migrated from an upper jurassic source rock with a medium degree of catagenesis, not drilled in this well.

2 - OPTICAL STUDY IN THE TRIASSIC

2. 2 - <u>REFLECTANCE - FLUORESCENCE</u> (Triassic)

4 Cutting samples have been analysed between 2660 (Cretaceous) and 3544 (Triassic). All the samples are largely polluted by lignituous mud products which are typical coals with a low reflectance of 0.2 % The first two samples are rich in fluorescent rocks impregnated with bitumens. The lack of reliable organic particules in white light and of sapropelic bed in fluorescence does not enable us to draw any conclusions about the catagenesi of this interval.

ABBREVIATIONS AND UNITS - TABLES 1 & 2

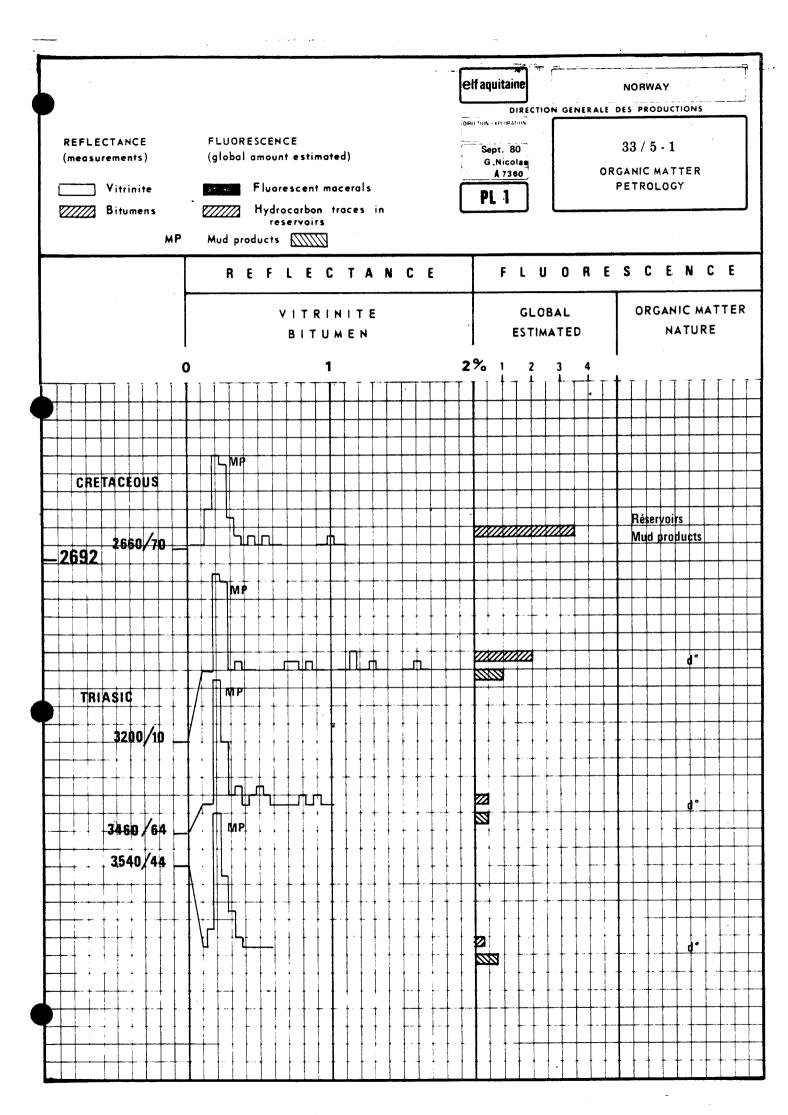
TOC	Total organic carbon, % of rock
S1	Hydrocarbons extractible by heating
S 2	Hydrocarbons produced by pyrolysis { mg HC/g of rock
HI	Hydrogen index, mg HC/g TOC
OI	Oxygen index, mg CO2/g TOC
Tm	Temperature (°C) at the top of peak S2
Alk % TV	Percentage of n - Alkanes in the C 5 - C 15 range
EOM	Extractible organic matter, in ppm
S/A	Saturated H.C / aromatic HC
A = Pr/17	Pristane / nc 17
B = Ph/18	Phytane / n C 18
Alk % Sat	Percentage of n - Alkanes in the saturated fraction.

TABLE 1 : 33 / 5 - 1 ORGANIC INVENTORY

:== : :		: : :	TOC	:	S1	: :	S2	==== : :	HI	: :	OI	:	Tm	:_ :S	S1 1 + S2	=== , : 2 :	Alk % TV	== : :
:	1765 m	:	0.75	:	0.60	:	0.28 0.43	: :	35 50	:	22 0	:	425 4 2 6	:	.68 .61	:		: : :
: :	2094	:	1.10	:	0.90	:	0.96	:	85	:	1 60	:	427	:	.48	:	51	:
: :	2314 2520	: :	1.00	:	1.05 1.67	:	0.89 0.84	:	90 70	:	175 425	:	4 2 0 430	: :	•54 •66	:	51 38	:
: :	2 646	: :	2.50	: :	0.64	:	1.49	:	60	:	85	:	441	: :	.30	:		:

TABLE 1 : 33 / 5 - 1 GROSS COMPOSITION OF EXTRACTS

								Ph B = 18	A/B	Alk % Sat
	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	0.55	1.44	: 12
231216	: 1950	: 2.0	28.0	52.2	17.8	2.9	0.84	0.57	1.46	: 15
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	: 0.57	-	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

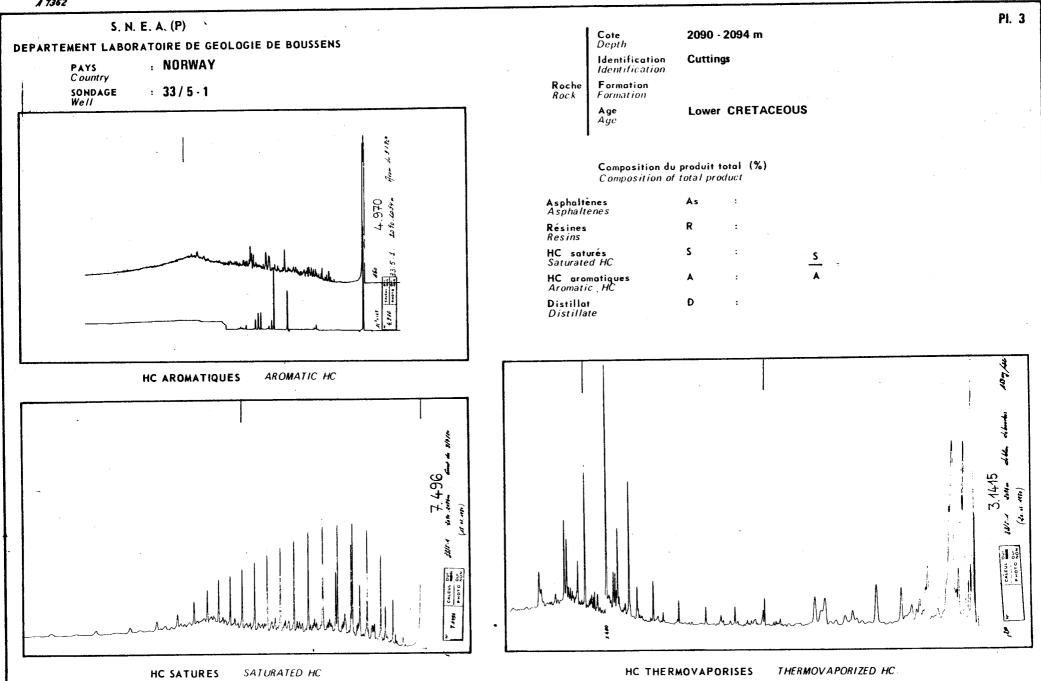


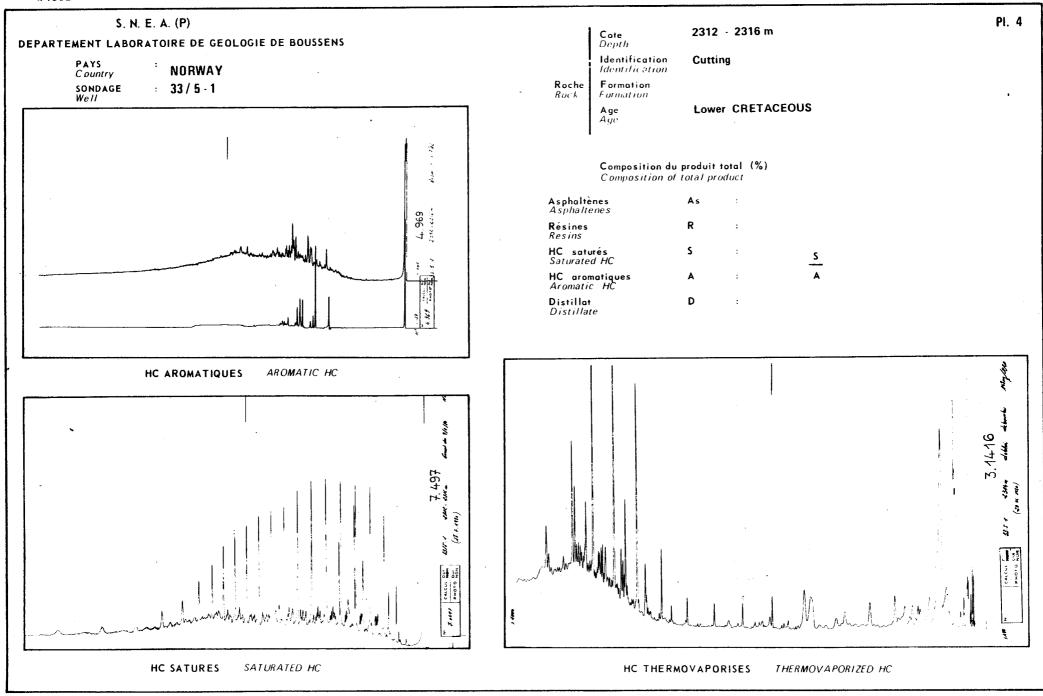
ORGANIC MATTER STUDY

Plate: 2

SYNTHESIS OF RESULTS

PLEIST. 10 HOL. PALLYNOFACIES MOV MOX MOV MOX MOV MOS2 MOV MOS2 MOV Core Core Core Core Cuttings More representative Spreading Britmen Roveault Spreading Britmen Lieute B	MOSI MOSI MOSI MOSI MOSI MOSI MOSI MOSI
L.EOCENE PALEOCENE PALEOCENE	CAMPANIAN- UPPER MAESTRICHTIEN BUBDOSTRICHTIEN BUBDOSTRICHTIEN GOOD CONDITION COND
L.EOCENE PALEOCENE	CAMPANIAN- UPPER MAESTRICHTIEN OPPER MAESTRICHTIEN
	CAMPANI





PI. 5

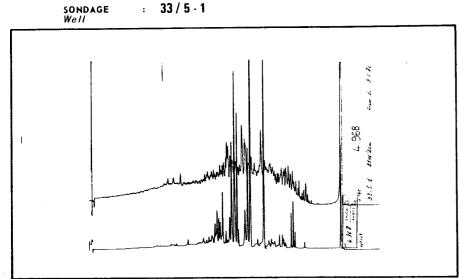


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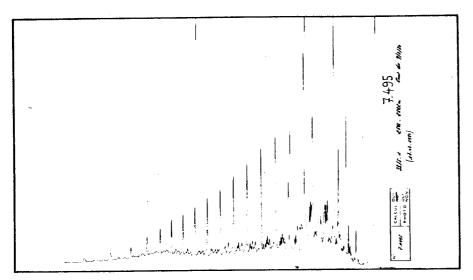
PAYS Country

: NORWAY

: 33 / 5 - 1



AROMATIC HC HC AROMATIQUES



SATURATED HC **HC SATURES**

Cote Depth 2516 · 2522 m Cutting

Identification Identification

Formation Roche Rock Formation

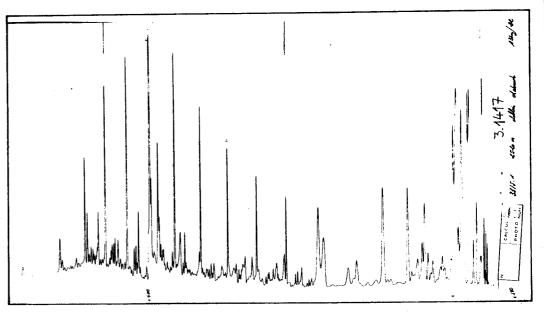
Lower CRETACEOUS Age Age

Composition du produit total (%) Composition of total product

Asphaltènes Asphaltenes Résines Resins HC saturés Saturated HC

HC aromatiques Aromatic HC

Distillat Distillate



HC THERMOVAPORISES

THERMOVAPORIZED HC