WELL SUMMARY

The well 7/12-2 was drilled using the semisubmersible drilling rig "Norskald". A thirty inch conductor and 20" surface cacing were run and cemented without any difficulties. Gumbo problems were encountered drilling the $17\frac{1}{2}$ " hole, with $15\frac{1}{2}$ rig hours lost cleaning out the flowlines, possum belly and shaleshakers. The 13 3/8" csg. was run and cemented, and 12 1/4" hole was then drilled to 9 5/8" csg. point. This string of casing was cemented in two stages, one stage cemented at the 13 3/8" csg. shoe.

The $8\frac{1}{2}$ hole was then drilled to 11,108 ft. where oil-bearing Upper Jurassic sands were encountered. Then 362 ft. of cores were cut, with 352 ft. recovery. The hole was drilled to 12,060 ft. and after logging, a 7" liner was hung from 9,737 ft. to 12,057 ft.

Four zones were perforated and tested in 6 DST runs. The perforations were cemented, the well plugged, and temporarily abandoned installing a corrosion cap over the wellhead. The anchors were pulled, and following the rig departure a location marker buoy was installed at the wellhead.

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DST SUMMARY - TA	BLE /WELL: 7	/12-2			•		
TEST RESULTS DET TEST NO.	1	14	2	3	3A	4	
Perforated Intervals (M)	FEET)1,944- 954 11,976- 986	METERS 3,640.5-43.5 3,650 -53	3,525-32	3,426.5-38.7	As No. 3	3,383.7-3,393	
Perforated Intervals (FT)	11,99/-12,027	3,656.5-65.5	11,565-588	11,242 -282	As No. 3	11,102 - 132	
No. of Flow Periods Length of"(hrs/min)	3 2/39	4 16/24	4 7/12	1 -	2 7/18	1 7/33	
Recovery Oil (bbls) Mud (bbls) Water (bbls)	.0712 1-3 -	4 3 1-2	20 · · 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Oil Samples - -	Gas/Oil Samples For PVT- Tests etc.	-	
Fluid Analysis Api-Gravity Gas-Gravity GOR	40 - -	41.3 .805 -	37.7 - 400	40.2 .748 570	40.2 .751 600	- 41.0 .817 -	
FOPD/WHP Inflow Rates" Choke Size(in)	36	15	149	5000/645 \ l	7120/2050 5550/1920 0.5	600	
Formation Pressure (psi/ppg)	7,375/11.9	7,180/11.6,-39	7,111/11.9,42		7,079/12.2	6,996/12.2/may	
" Temperature (^O F)	(294)	-	(294)	-	295	(294)	
Kh(Mdft) Capacity ko(Md)	2	.27 .005	95 4	-	41400 1030	190 · 6	
Skin (s) " Damage AP(psi) १ of DD	-	-	21 21.00 73	-	35 300 79	23 3650 78	
Prod. Index(BOPD/psi)As tested No Damage	0.008	0.001	0.05 0.18	-	16 84	0.12 0.55	
Radius of Investigation (FT.)	_		80	-	600/1300	125	

Comments:

DST No. 1 - Tight Formation, some oil samples to surface when circulating out.

DST No. 1A- Tight Form. Some very salty water (128,000 ppm) circulated out. Lower pressure than expected. DST No. 3 - Mechanical misrun. F.F.Hydrospring test valve opened, then partly closed. APR CIRCULATING VALVE opened prematurely. Test aborted.

DST No. 3A- Two flow rates are recorded due to slip joint failure. Most reliable form. temp. from this test.

CONOCO NORWAY INC., Et. Al. WELL NO. 7/12-2

SUMMARY OF DST RESULTS

DST No. 1 Perfs: 3640.5-43.5m; 3650-53m; And 3656.5-65.5m FDC Run 3.

Valve open for three flow periods a total of 159 minutes.

Recovery: 1 - 3 Bbls Rathole mud with no shows formation fluids on reverse out. About 3 - 5 gallons of clean oil found in drill collars immediately below the downhole valve. Downhole sampler contained mostly mud with a scum of oil.

Cil Analysis: Sweet, dark black. Gravity estimated to be about 40° API at 60° F.

Inflow Rate: Maximum estimated inflow rate = 36 BPD.

Formation Pressure: 7375 psig \pm 60 psi P Grad = 0.619 psi/ft or 11.9 ppg Equiv.

Temperature: 294^O F (Not Formation Temperature).

Formation Capacity: $K_0h = 2$ md-ft (Ballpark Estimate).

Formation Damage: Negligible.

Productivity Index: 0,008 BOPD/Psi

Comment: "Tombstone" !! But does contain some oil.

DST No. 1-A Retest of above perforations with a different test string.

Valve open for four flow periods and a total of 16 hours 24 minutes.

Recovery: Reversed 4 Bbls clean oil, 25 Bbls water cushion. 3 Bbls well conditioned mud, 1-2 barrels of contaminated formation water, and about 3 bbls of rathole mud. The drill collars immediately below the valve contained about one barrel of formation water of which we were able to catch about 2 gallons.

		•
Fluid	Analysis.	
•	Gas -	Measured gravity of 0,805. Has very strong
		aromatic smell (guessed to be toluene).
		$C_1 = 57.3$ %, $C_2 = 19.9$ %, $C_3 = 14.3$ %, $C_4 = 6.9$ %, $C_5 = 1.5$ %
	•	No H2S or CO2 detected.
	0il -	Gravity = 41.3° API at 60° F. Sweet, dark black,
		slight "toluene" smell. Pour point less than 36° F.
	Water -	From D.C. below valve:
		Chlorides = 128,000ppm
		Calcium > 10,000 ppm (limit of rig measurement)
•		Ph = 6.0
		Resistivity: 0,065 at 65° F filtered.
		0,062 at 65° F unfiltered
Inflo	W Rates: 1	Dil = 5-7 BOPD Max. total possible = 15 BPD Max.

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Formation Pressure:

7180 psi ± 50 psi P Grad = 0,602 psi/ft, about 11,6 ppg Equiv.

Temperatures: No Measurement.

 $K_{oh} = 0.27 \text{ md-ft}$ Formation Capacity: In presence of water $K_0 = 0.005 \text{ md}$ $K_{W}h = 0.15 \text{ md-ft}$ In presence of oil $K_{W} = 0.003 \text{ md}$

Formation Damage: Negligible.

0.001 BOPD/psi Productivity Index:

Comment:

Finding water in the test string was a surprise bacause of the very low inflow rates. The significantly lower pressure from DST No. 1 is difficult to explain. At this point in time, I believe it is real although we are rechecking gauge calibrations and other aspects. It may just be telling us that we depleted the very tight fracture system known to exist in the bottom cored interval.

DST No. 2 Perfs. 3525-3532 m FDC Run 3.

Valve open for four flow periods and a total of 7 hours 10 minutes.

Reversed 120 barrels water cushion, 20 barrels oil and Recovery: 3 barrels rathole mud. Downhole Sampler - Press = 850 psig; Gas = 1,92 cu.ft. Oil = 800 cc (clean and mud emulsion). GOR ≈ 400 SCF/Bb1 (Probably Low) No shows water or sand.

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Fluid Analysis:

Only traces reached the surface but it does burn Gas -Sweet dark black. Gravity 37_e7° API at 60° F. 0il -(May have contained some mud filtrate as an emulsion) Pourpoint less than 35° F.

Average Inflow Rate: 149 BOPD.

Formation Pressure: 7111 psig ± 35 psi. P Grad = 0,618 psi/ft or 11,9 ppg equiv.

295[°] F (Not formation temp.) Temperature:

Formation Capacity: $K_{Oh} = 95 \text{ md-ft}$ $K_{O} = 4 \text{ md}$

Formation Damage and other Restrictions Below Gauges: ΔP_{skin} =2100 rsi % of D.D.=73%. S≕+21

Productivity Index: 0.05 BOPD/psi as tested 0.18 BOPD/psi no damage

Radius of Investigation: About 80 feet.

Comment: All indications are test was contained to the interval perforated or essentially so.

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DST No. 3 Perfs: 3426,5 - 3438,7 m FDC Run 3.

Test was a mechanical misrun. The Halliburton full-flow hydrospring was open fully for the initial flow period during which calculated inflow rates in the range of 15,000 - 20,000 BOPD were achieved. Valve only paritally closed for the initial buildup and remained so as a major downhole restriction for the rest of the test. Test was automatically terminated when a reversing valve failed, which necessitated killing the well.

Recovery: Flowed oil at the surface on 1" choke at a stabilized rate of 5000 BOPD and a wellhead pressure of 645 psig. GOR = 570 scf/bbl. No shows water or sand.

Fluid Analysis:

Gas - Gravity = 0.748 measured. H₂S and CO₂ Nil. $C_1=76.1$ %, $C_2=15.8$ %, $C_3=5.1$ %, $C_4=2.5$ %, $C_5=0.5$ % Oil - Gravity = 40.2° API at 60° F. Sweet dark black. Pourpoint less than 36° F.

JST No. 3-A Retest of Above Perfs with Different Test String.

Valve open for two flow periods a total of 7 hours 18 minutes.

Recovery: Flowed oil at the surface on a ½" choke at two stabilized rates. The two rate periods are separated by the partial closure downhole of the slip joint safety valve. First Rate = 7120 BOPD at WHFP = 2050 psig

Second Rate= 5550 BOPD at WHFP = 1920 psig GOR = 600 scf/bbl.

Fluid Analysis:

Gas - Gravity = 0.751 CO2 = Nil. C₁=73.8%, C₂=14.7%, C₃=7.7%, C₄=3.2%, C₅=0.6%. Possible H₂S. Trace found at end of test by Rig Chromatigraph but unconfirmed by MSA sniffer.
Oil - Gravity = 40.2° API at 60° F average. (Varied about 1°API throughout test). Sweet, dark black. Pourpoint less than 36°F.

Formation Pressure: 7079 psig ± 10 psi P Grad = 0.632 psi/ft or 12.2 ppg Equiv.

Formation Temperature: 295° F (Most representative of all tests) T Grad = $2_{\bullet}32^{\circ}$ F/100 ft.

Formation Capacity: $K_O h = 41,400 \text{ md-ft}$ $K_O = 1030 \text{ md if } h=40\text{ft}$ $K_O = 207 \text{ md if } h=200 \text{ ft}$

Formation Damage and Other Restrictions Below the Gauge: S=+35 $\Delta P_{Skin} = 300$ ksi % of D.D. = 79%.

Productivity Index:

Note:

16 BOPD/psi as tested 84 BOPD/psi no damage The no-damage index is probably unrealistic but it doer indicate P.I.'s in the range of 40-50

it doer indicate P.I.'s in the range of 40-50 BOPD/psi could be achieved with proper muds and completions.

Radius of Investigation: 600-1300 ft depending on assumed h.

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Comment:

: Comparison of the test oil perms with the core air perms indicates we were testing about all of the high permeability interval. That is, the very tight streaks on either side of the perforations do not appear to contain the test. In this case, the high formation damage calculation simply reflects the area of spherical-like flow near the wellbore and not necessarily reduced permeability in the normal connotation of damage.

DST No. 4 Perfs: 3383,7 - 3393 m FDC Run 3.

Valve open for one flow for 7 hours 33 minutes, 3 hours and 18 mins to surface water cushion. Flowed oil and gas at surface. Well started heading before separator rates could be established. No shows sand or water.

Average Flow Rate: 600 BOPD. GOR estimated to be in same range as DST No. 3 and 3-A based on color and chracter of burner flame prior to heading.

Fluid Analysis:

Gas - Cravity = 0.817 calculated. CO₂ and H₂S Nil. $C_1 = 67.88$, $C_2 = 16.48$, $C_3 = 10.38$, $C_4 = 4.58$, $C_5 = 1.08$ Oil - Gravity = 41.0° API at 60° F. Sweet, dark black. Pourpoint less than 36° F.

Formation Pressure: 6996 psig ± 35 psi P Grad = 0,633 psi/ft or 12,2 ppg equiv.

Temperature: 294^O F (Not formation)

Formation Capacity: $K_Oh = 190 \text{ md-ft}$ $K_O = 6 \text{ md}$

Formation Damage and Other Restrictions Below the Gauges: S=+23 $\Delta P_{Skin} = 3650 \text{ psj}$ % of D.D. = 78%.

Productivity Index: 0,12 BOPD/psi as tested 0,55 BOPD/psi no damage

Radius of Investigation: 125 ft.

Comment: All indications are that test was contained to the perforated interval or nearly so. At least the effects of the high permeability interval about 30 feet deeper are not evident.

DRESSER

DRESSER NORWAY A.S. MAGCOBAR

BP Norway, 7/12-2, Reentry

TOTAL MATERIAL CONSUMPTION

PRODUCT	UNIT SIZE	QUANTITY	UNIT	COST	TOTA	L COST
Barite	m.t.	359	\$ 148	8.90 \$	53	455.10
Bentonite	m.t.	28	\$ 405	5.56 \$	11	355.68
Caustic Soda	25 kg/sx	60	\$ 22	2.05 \$	1	323.00
Soda Ash	40 kg/sx	15 ×	\$ 22	2.81 \$		342.15
CMC HV	25 kg/sx	66	\$ 68	3.30 \$	4	507.80
Spersene	25 kg/sx	215	\$ 21	L.90 \$	4	708.50
Staflo	25 kg/sx	1	\$ 198	3.50 \$		198.50
SAPP	kg/sx	10	\$ 93	3.31 \$		933.10
Lime	40 kg/sx	8	\$ 10	.30 \$		82.40
XP-20	25 lb/sx	30	\$ 33	3.76 \$	1	012.80
Dowcide G	50 kg/sx	3	\$ 243	3.50 \$		730.50
Magco 101	55 gal/drm	8	\$ 618	3.50 <u>\$</u>	4	948.00
			TOTAL	\$	83	597.53

Mud transfered	from 7/12-4 Abandonment	
Total 450 Bbls	at \$ 22.13 per Bbl	=\$ 9 960.73

TOTAL COST

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\$ 93 558.26

Mud made 1146 Bbls

As mud which was in the hole had to be treated, it is impossible to work out a cost per bbl.

COST BASED ON MAGCOBAR'S CURRENT PRICE LIST.

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DAILY MATERIALS CONSUMPTION

WELL 7/12-2

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VELL_	7/12-2											 			PAGE1
DATE	DEPTH	BARITE	BENTONITE	CAUSTIC	SODA ASH	CMC HV	SPERSENE	STAFLO	SAPP	LIME	XP-20			DAILY MUD COST	REMARKS
22.03	-														Arrived on location.Set anchors
23.03		44	7		5	5							L		
24.03		<u></u>	ļ		ļ							ļ	ļ		
25.03															
26.03	-],				
27.03	-														
28.03	_														
29.03	_														
30.03	_														
31.03	_														
01.04	-	4		13			15	1							
02.04	1210	50			Ι										
03.04	2333	50	9	11		3	28								
04.04	2969	63					8								
05.04	3306	4			3	7	7		10	4					
06.04	3306											 			
p7.04	3411	4			3		20					1			
p8.04	3414			2	2		4			4					
09.04	3476	20		2			3								
10.04	3476	12	4	15	1	5	31								
11.04	3515	4											Ι		
12.04	3516	4	1			9						1			
13.04	3516														
14.04	3516	4				5	23								
15.04	3512														
6.04	3512											 		ļ	
7.04	3512	20			L		ļ					 <u> </u>		•	
18.04	3512	11		13		20	61				30	 			
19.04	3512		 	 		 						 	ļ		
20.04	3512		 						 			 			
11.04	3512		1		1		1	1				1	1		

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DAILY MATERIALS CONSUMPTION

β WELL <u>7/12-2</u>

PAGE_2

DATE	DEPTH	BARITE	BENTONITE	CAUSTIC	SODA ASH	SPERSENE	CMC HV	XC POLY	DOWCIDE	MAGCO 101			DAILY MUD COST	REMARKS
22.04	3512	25	5	4	1	15	12					 	 	
23.04	3512	15	3											
24.04	3512													
25.04	3512	10												
26.04	3512							3	3	8				
27.04	3512	15										 		
28.04	0													
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