

2.4.4 RFT Measurement

The Repeat Formation Tester was run twice to measure formation pressures and take samples in the event of presence of hydrocarbons. Run 3A which is in the lower Cretaceous comprises 15 tests of which six were not representative. A plot of pressure versus depth (figure) gave a gradient of 1.5 psi/m which is clearly indicating water. A sample taken at 3243 mRK contained a mixture of water and filtrate.

In run 5B which is in the Lower Cretaceous a total of 6 pressure tests were measured. A plot of pressure versus depth gives a gradient of (1.57 psi/m).

Repeat Formation Tester

Depth	Hydrostatic Pressure	Formation Pressure
3235.5	5896	4766
3243.0	5911	4744
3252.0	5933	4772
3267.0	5959	-
3267.5	5954	4801
3286.5	5992	-
3287.5	5987	-
3287.5	5988	-
3303.0	6018	-
3317.0	6041	4851
3330.0	6169	-
3324.0	6167	4888
3347.0	6100	4909
3347.0	6144	4937
3397.0	6201	4954

Repeat Formation Tester

Depth	Hydrostatic Pressure	Formation Pressure
3482.5	6401	5069
3442.5	6414	5086
3529.5	6494	5144
3561.0	6552	5187
3592.0	6608	5253
3598.0	6617	5253

Table 3.3.

Casing Interval		Total	30"	20"	13 3/8"	9 5/8"	8½" hole
Material	Unit weight	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity
Barite	mt	773,5	56	195	197	252	73,5
Wyoming Bentonite	mt	85	31	47	2	5	
Wyoming Bentonite	50 kg	705		80		434	191
Mil'gel	50 kg	386	69	317			
Caustic Soda Bicarbonated	25 kg	531	13	57	78	310	76
Soda	50 kg	26		5		14	7
Gypsum	40 kg	219		142	73	4	
Milpolymer 302	25 kg	261		66	142	53	
Drispac Superlo	50 lb	128			85	43	
Drispac Regular	50 lb	54				54	
CMC hi vis	25 kg	119			32	56	
CMC lo vis	25 kg	222			24	168	30
Unical	25 kg	282				231	51
Liqcon	50 lb	273				198	75
Drillaid	25 kg	21	4			17	
LD-8	5 gal	26				11	15
Anconol deformer	20 ltr	13					13
DM detergent	55 gal	6			4	2	
Milplug	25 kg	23		23			
Milmica	25 kg	64		64			
Kwickseal	40 lb	78		78			
Lubrisal	55 gal	4			4		

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REPORT TITLE/TITTEL			
GC-MS analyses of 3 samples from well 35/3-5			
CLIENT/OPDRAGSGIVER			
Saga Petroleum A/S			
RESPONSIBLE SCIENTIST/PROSJEKTANSVARET			
M. Bjørøy			
AUTHORS/FORFATTERE			
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SUMMARY/ SAMMENDRAG

Two claystone and one sandstone sample were analysed by GC-MS. Migrated hydrocarbons were found in the sandstone sample. Due to contamination by refined hydrocarbons of the claystone samples, no correlation between the three samples was performed.

KEY WORDS/ STIKKORD

Well 35/3-5

Norwegian Continental Shelf

GC-MS

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EXPERIMENTAL

Extraction and GC.

This was performed as described in Bjorøy et al., 1982.

Gas chromatographic-mass spectrometric analysis.

The analyses were performed on a VG 70-70H GC-MS/DS applying multiple ion detection (MID) with a scan cycle time of approximately 1 sec and an ion source temperature of 200°C. Three samples were analysed for triterpanes (m/e 191) and steranes (m/e 217) in the saturated fractions, and for aromatic steranes (m/e 231, 239 and 253) in the aromatic fractions. The Varian Model 3700 GC was fitted with a 20m OV-1 fused silica column and the injections were performed in split mode. The temperature of the GC oven was programmed from 150°C to 270°C at 4°C/min. The ratios from the mass chromatograms were all calculated from the peak heights in the appropriate chromatograms.

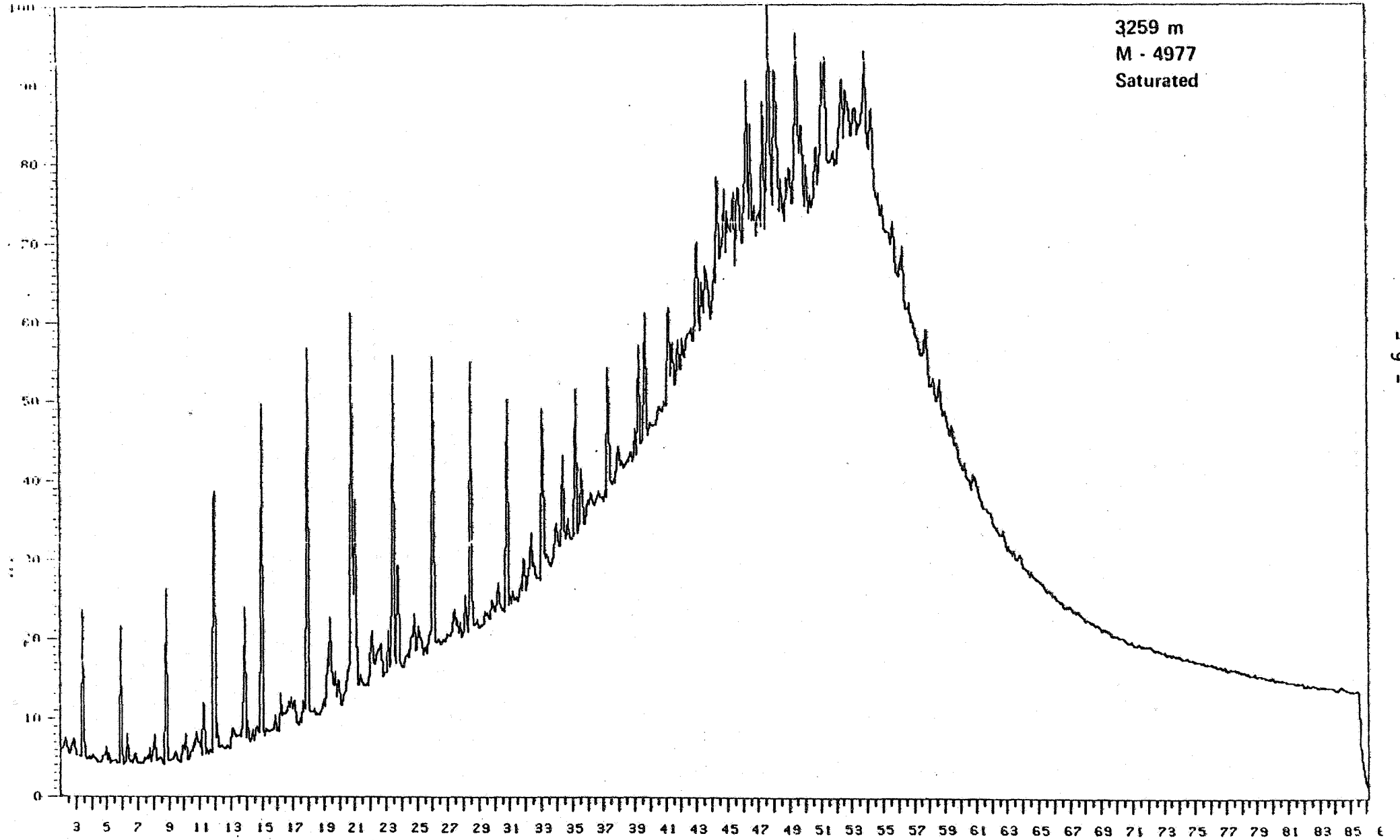
CONCLUSION

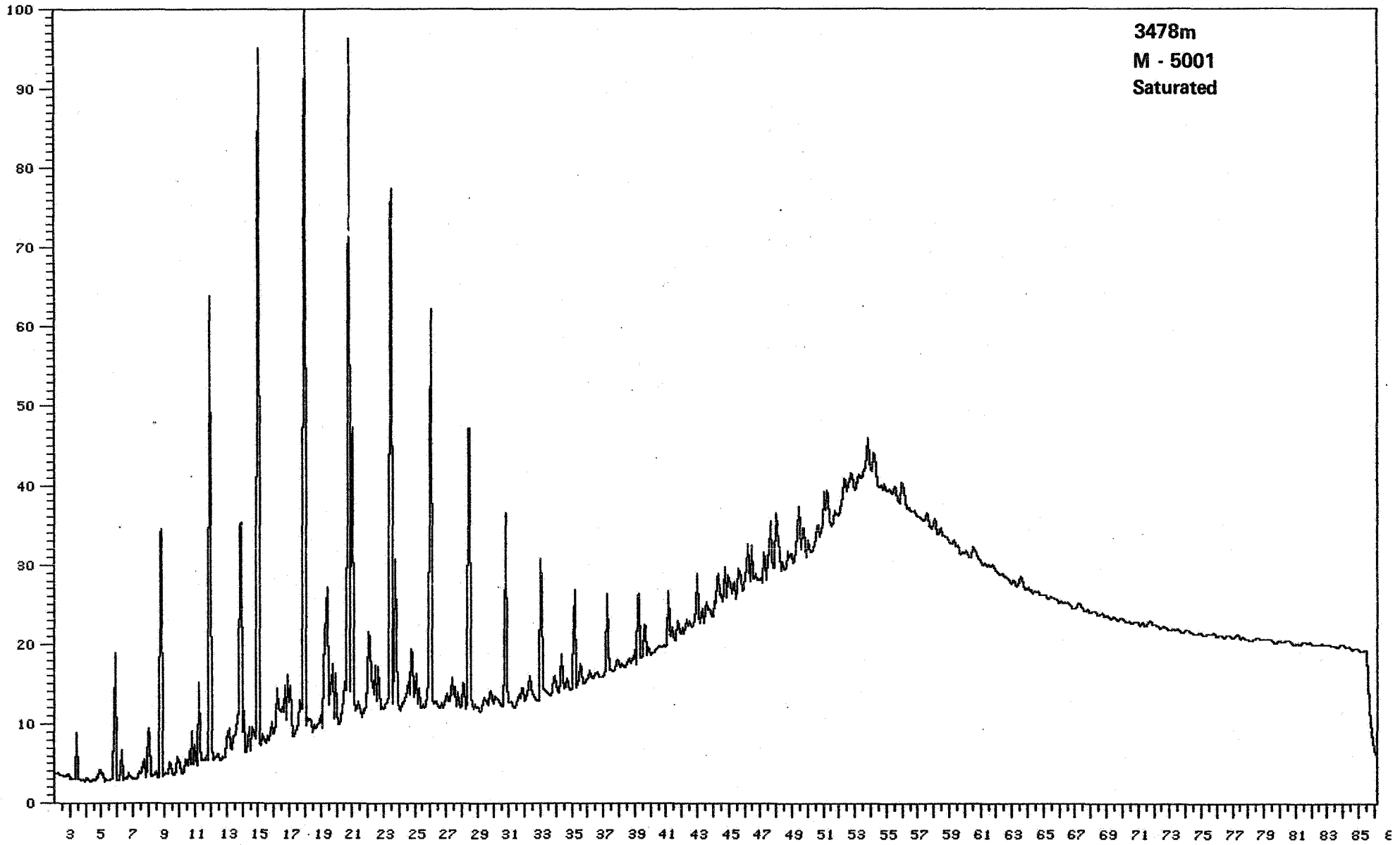
Both the GC and GC-MS data indicate that there are migrated hydrocarbons in the analysed sandstone sample (M-4973, 3223m). Based on the GC-MS analysis the hydrocarbons in the 3 samples can be said to be of nearly the same maturity, the sandstone sample possibly slightly less mature than the claystones. Due to the claystone samples being contaminated by refined hydrocarbons, it is, however, difficult to tell if the assigned maturity is the true maturity for these samples. Thus the data should not be applied to correlate the hydrocarbons found in the sandstone sample, with the claystones.

REFERENCE

M. Bjarøy, et al., 1982: "Source Rock Analysis of Well 35/3-5".
Report O-469/1/82.

Figure 1. Saturated hydrocarbon GC.





GC-MS CHROMATOGRAMS

Figure 2. Triterpanes m/e 191

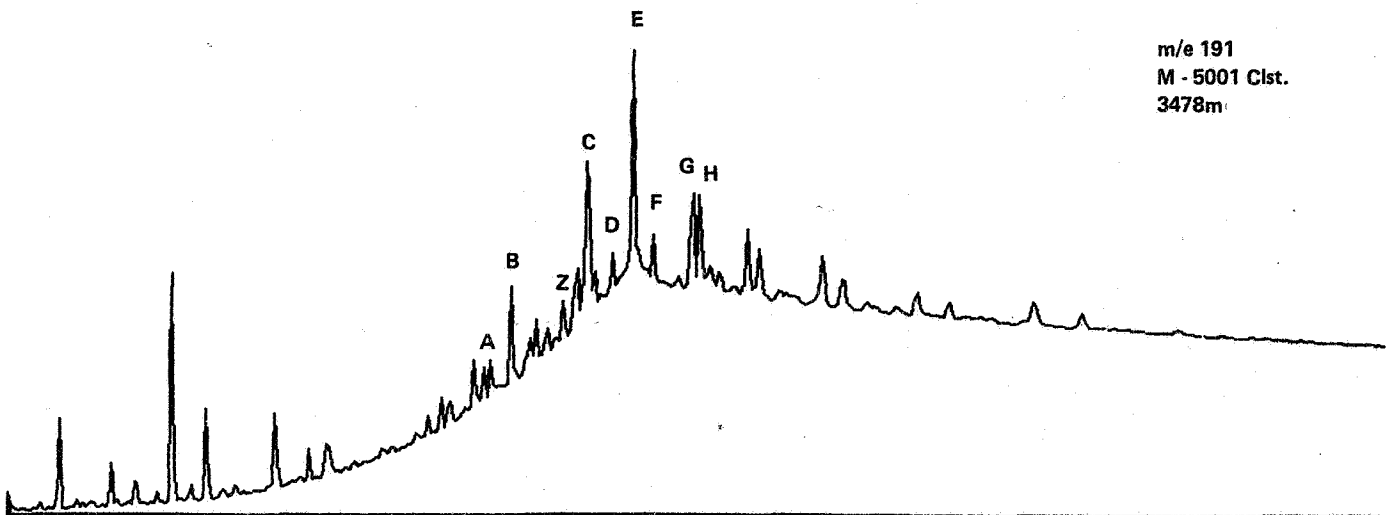
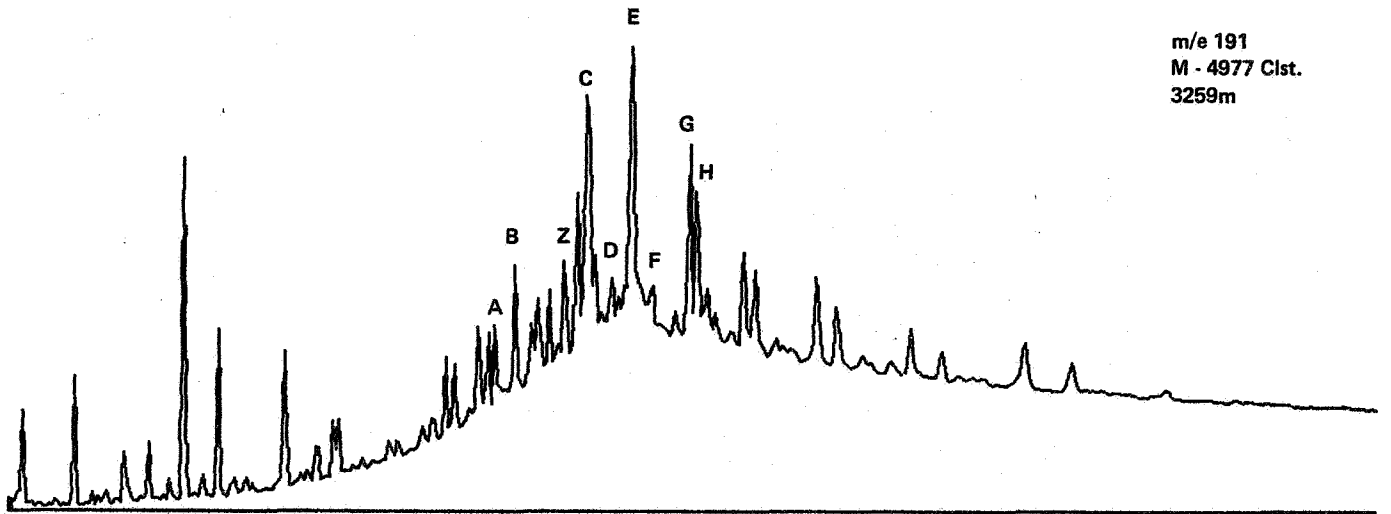
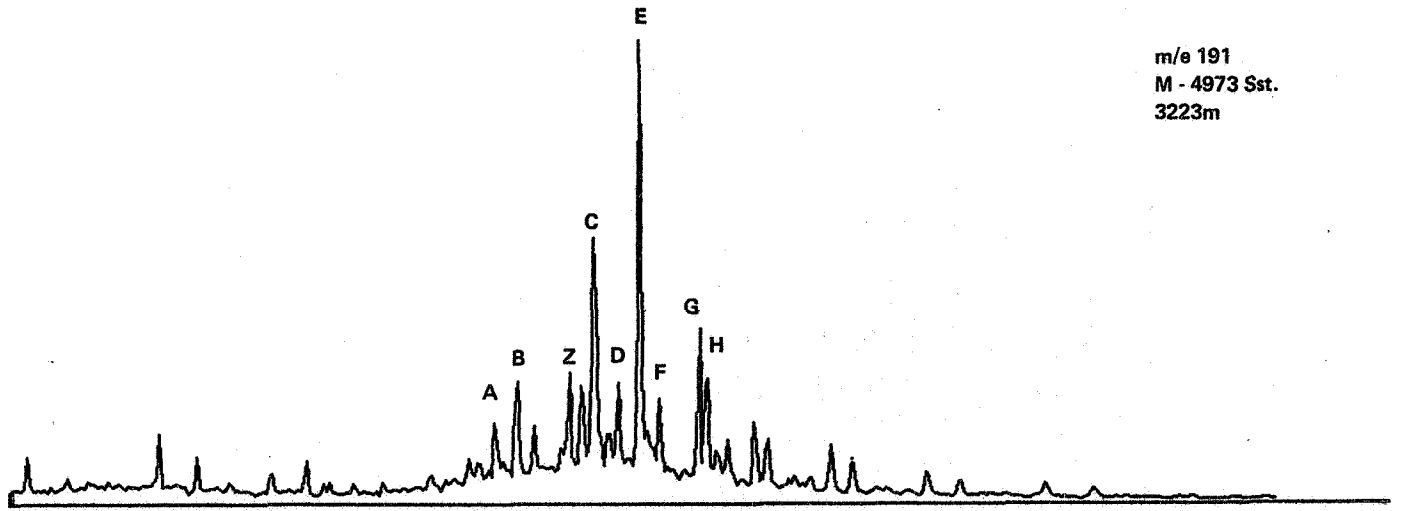
- A = $18\alpha(H)$ - trisnorneohopane
- B = $17\alpha(H)$ - trisnorhopane
- C = $17\alpha(H)$, $21\beta(H)$ - norhopane ($\alpha\beta-C_{29}$)
- D = $17\beta(H)$, $21\alpha(H)$ - norhopane ($\beta\alpha-C_{29}$)
- E = $17\alpha(H)$, $21\beta(H)$ - hopane ($\alpha\beta-C_{30}$)
- F = $17\beta(H)$, $21\alpha(H)$ - hopane ($\beta\alpha-C_{30}$)
- G = $17\alpha(H)$, $21\beta(H)$ - homohopane, 22S ($\alpha\beta-C_{31}$)
- H = $17\alpha(H)$, $21\beta(H)$ - homohopane, 22R ($\alpha\beta-C_{31}$)
- Z = C_{28} - triterpane

Figure 3. Steranes m/e 217

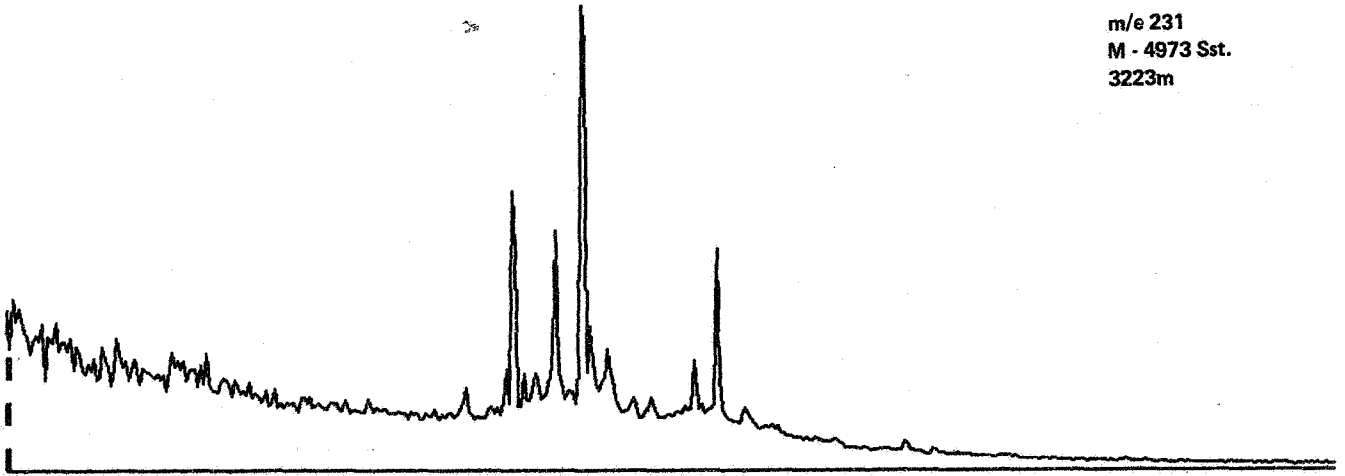
- q = $14\alpha(H)$, $17\alpha(H)$ - C_{29} - sterane, 20S
- r,s = $14\beta(H)$, $17\beta(H)$ - C_{29} - steranes, 20S + 20R
- t = $14\alpha(H)$, $17\alpha(H)$ - C_{29} - sterane, 20R

Figure 4. Monoaromatic steranes m/e 253

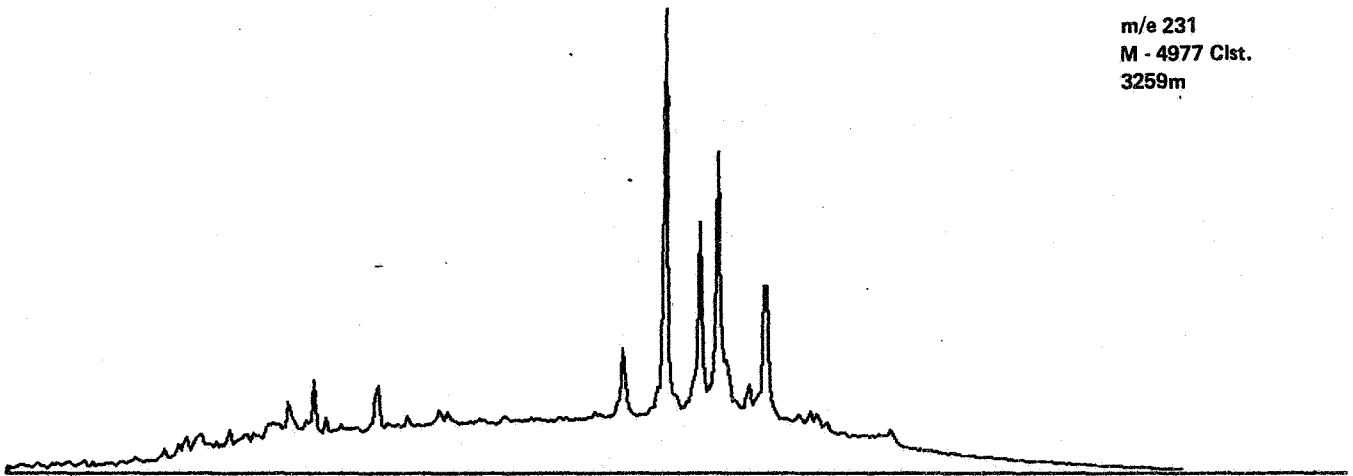
Figure 5. Triaromatic steranes m/e 231



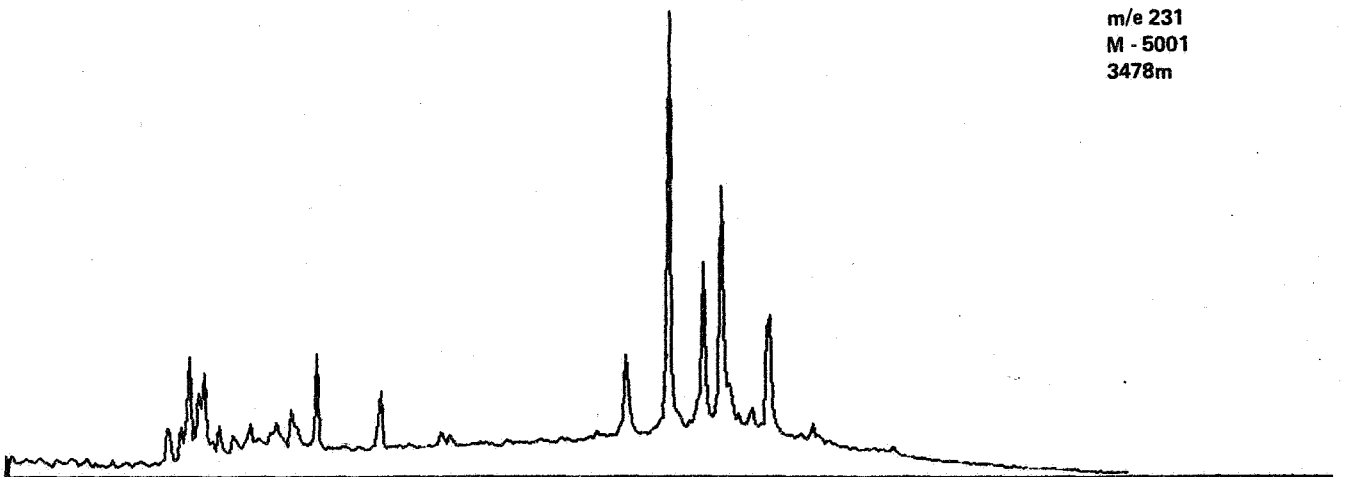
m/e 231
M - 4973 Sst.
3223m



m/e 231
M - 4977 Clst.
3259m



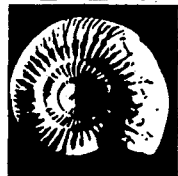
m/e 231
M - 5001
3478m



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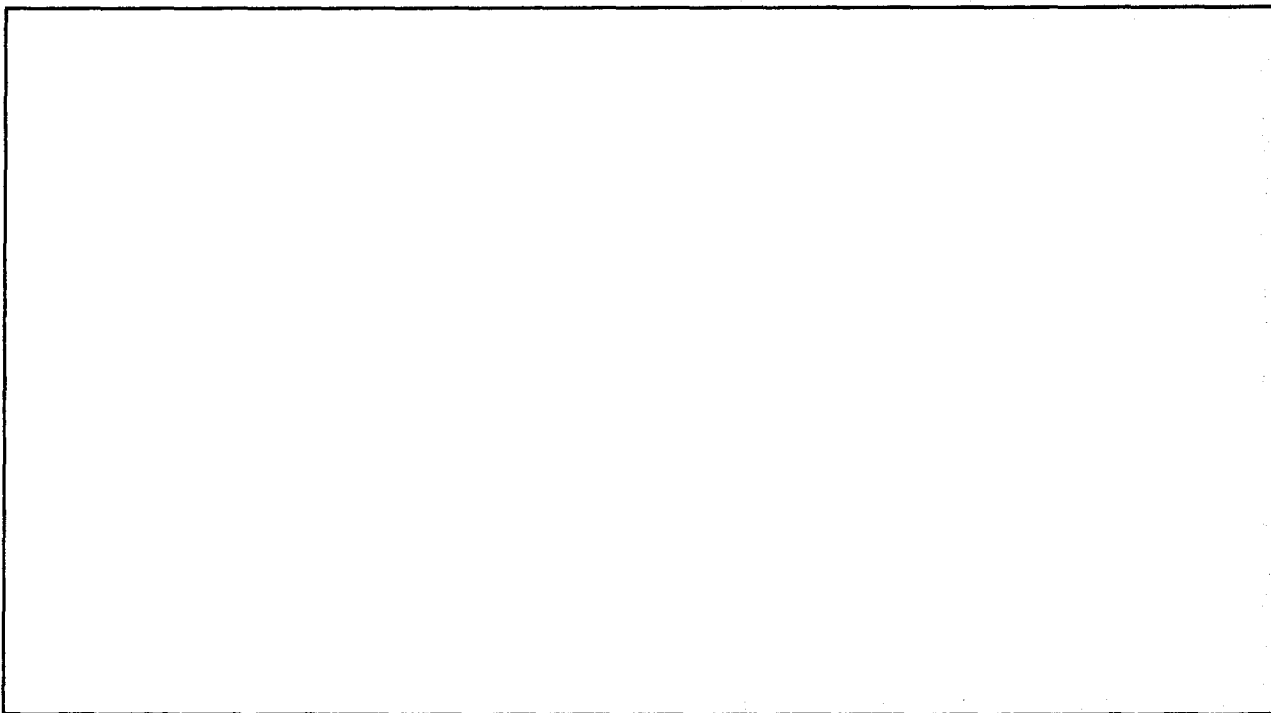
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KEY WORDS/ STIKKORD

Well 35/3-5

Norwegian Continental Shelf

Source rock

Evaluation

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EXPERIMENTAL AND DESCRIPTION OF INTERPRETATION LEVELS**Headspace Gas Analysis**

One ml. of the headspace gas from each of the cans was analysed gas chromatographically for light hydrocarbons. The results are shown in Table 1a. The canned samples were washed with tempered water on 4, 2, 1 and 0.125 mm sieves to remove drilling mud and thereafter dried at 35°C.

Occluded Gas

An aliquot of the 1-2 mm fraction of each sample before drying was crushed in water using an airtight ball mill, and one ml. of the headspace analysed chromatographically. The results are shown in Table 1b.

Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

Picked cuttings of the various lithologies in each sample was crushed in a centrifugal mill. Aliquots of the samples were then weighed into Leco crucibles and treated with hot 2N HCl to remove carbonate and washed twice with distilled water to remove traces of HCl. The crucibles were then placed in a vacuum oven at 50°C and evacuated to 20 mm Hg for 12 hrs. The samples were then analysed on a Leco E C 12 carbon analyser, to determine the total organic carbon (TOC).

Extractable Organic Matter (EOM)

From the TOC results samples were selected for extraction. Of the selected samples, approximately 100 gm of each was extracted in a flow through system (Radke et al., 1978, Anal. Chem. 49, 663-665) for 10 min. using dichloromethane (DCM) as solvent. The DCM used as solvent was distilled in an all glass apparatus to remove contaminants.

Activated copper filings were used to remove any free sulphur from the samples.

After extraction, the solvent was removed on a Buchi Rotavapor and transferred to a 50 ml flask. The rest of the solvent was then removed and the amount of extractable organic matter (EOM) determined.

Chromatographic Separation

The extractable organic matter (EOM) was separated into saturated fraction, aromatic fraction and non hydrocarbon fraction using a MPLC system with hexane as eluant (Radke et al., Anal. Chem., 1980). The various fractions were evaporated on a Buchi Rotavapor and transferred to glassvials and dried in a stream of nitrogen. The various results are given in Table III-VI.

Gas Chromatographic Analyses

The saturated and aromatic hydrocarbon fractions were each diluted with n-hexane and analysed on a HP 5730 A gas chromatograph, fitted with a 25 m OV101 glass capillary column and an automatic injection system. Hydrogen (0.7 ml/min.) was used as carrier gas and the injection was performed in the split mode (1:20).

Vitrinite Reflectance

Vitrinite reflectance measurements of the samples, taken at various intervals, were done at IKU. The samples were mounted in Bakelite resin blocks; care being taken during the setting of the plastic to avoid temperatures in excess of 100°C. The samples were then ground, initially on a diamond lap followed by two grades of corundum paper. All grinding and subsequent polishing stages in the preparation were carried out using isopropyl alcohol as lubricant, since water leads to the swelling and disintegration of the clay fraction of the samples.

Polishing of the samples was performed on Selvyt cloths using three grades of alumina, 5/20, 3/50 and Gamma, followed by careful cleaning of the surface.

Reflectance determinations were carried out on a Leitz M.P.V. microphotometer under oil immersion, R.I. 1.518 at a wavelength of 546 nm.

The surface of the polished block was searched by the operator for suitable areas of vitrinitic material in the sediment. The reflectance of the organic particle was determined relative to optical glass standards of known reflectance. Where possible, a minimum of twenty individual particles of vitrinite was measured, although in many cases this number could not be achieved.

The samples were also analysed in UV light, and the colour of the fluorescing material determined. Below, a scale comparing the vitrinite reflectance measurements and the fluorescence measurements is given.

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE R.AVER. 546 NM	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10
	1516									
% CARBON CONTENT DAF.	57	62	70	73	76	79	80.5	82.5	84	85.5
LIPTINITE FLUOR NM	725	750	790	820	840		860	890		940
EXC. 400 nm BAR. 530 nm										
colour	G	G/Y	Y	Y/O	L.O	M.O.		D.O.	O/R	R
zone	1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9

NOTE: Liptinite NM = Numerical measurements of overall spore colour and not peak fluorescence wavelength.

Relationship between liptinite fluorescence colour, vitrinite reflectance and carbon content is variable with depositional environment and catagenic history. The above is only a guide. Liptinite will often appear to process to deep orange colour and then fade rather than develop or O/R red shade. Termination of fluorescence is also variable.

Processing of Samples and Evaluation of Visual Kerogen

Crushed rock samples were treated with hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids to remove the minerals. A series of microscopic slides contain strew mounts of the residue:

T-slide represents the total acid insoluble residue.

N-slide represents a screened residue (15 μ mesh).

O-slide contains palynodebris remaining after flotation (ZnBr₂) to remove heavy minerals.

X-slides contain oxidized residues, (oxidizing may be required to remove sapropel which embeds palynomorphs, or where high coalification prevents the identification of the various groups).

T and/or O slides are necessary to evaluate kerogen composition/-palynofacies which is closely related to sample lithology.

Screened or oxidized residues are normally required to concentrate the larger fragments, and to study palynomorphs (pollen, spores and dinoflagellates) and cuticles for paleodating and colour evaluation.

So far visual evaluation of kerogen has been undertaken from residues mounted in glycerine jelly, and studied by Leitz Dialux in normal light (halogene) using x10 and x63 objectives. By x63 magnification it is possible to distinguish single particles of diameters about 2 μ , and, if required, to make a more refined classification of the screened residues (particles >15 μ).

The colour evaluation is based on colour tones of spores and pollen (preferably) with supporting evidence from colour tones of other types of kerogen (woody material, cuticles and sapropel). These colours are dependant upon the maturity, but are also influenced by the paleo-environment (lithology of the rock, oxidation and decay processes). The colours and the estimated colour index of an individual sample may therefore differ from those of the neighbouring samples. The techniques in visual kerogen studies are adopted from Staplin (1969) and Burgess (1974).

In interpretation of the maturity from the estimated colour indices we follow a general scheme that is calibrated against vitrinite reflectance values (R_o).

R_o	0.45	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.3
colour index	2-	2	2+	3-	3

Rock-Eval Pyrolysis

100 mg crushed sample was put into a platinum crucible whose bottom and cover are made of sintered steel and analysed on a Rock-Eval pyrolyser.

Pyrolysis-Gas Chromatography (Py-GC)

Kerogen concentrates were prepared by treating whole crushed rock with HCl and HF. Solvent (MeOH and DCM) extracted kerogen concentrates were suspended in MeOH and microgram quantities were added to the platinum ribbon pyrolyser. The kerogens were flash pyrolysed in tandem with gas chromatography (Py-GC).

Instrumentation:

CDS Pyroprobe 120 interfaced to a Varian 3700 gas chromatograph via a glass lined stainless steel tubing (GLT). The capillary column was connected to the GLT via a splitter.

Pyrolysis conditions: 600°C in nitrogen for 5 sec.

GC conditions:

Column: 25m OV-101 fused silica capillary. I.D. 0.20 mm.

Carrier gas: Nitrogen with inlet pressure 12 psi; 0.6 ml/min.

Oven program: 40°C hold for 1 min; to 260°C at 4°C/min.

Split: 1:40.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Analysis of Light Hydrocarbons

Based on the analysis of headspace and cuttings gas, together with the lithological description, the analysed sequence of the well 2000 - 4110m is divided into ten (10) zones.

Zone A:	2000 - 2340m.
Zone B:	2340 - 2370m.
Zone C:	2370 - 2650m.
Zone D:	2650 - 2710m.
Zone E:	2710 - 2863m.
Zone F:	2863 - 3296m.
Zone G:	3296 - 3386m.
Zone H:	3386 - 3847m.
Zone I:	3847 - 4063m.
Zone J:	4063 - 4110m.

Zone A; 2000 - 2340m.

This zone consists mainly of grey claystones grading to silty claystone and siltstone with an occasional limestone band. The percentage of the non-claystone lithology increases with increasing depth. The lowest two samples in this zone also contain some sandstone. The results from the gas analyses are very variable throughout the zone although except for the sample from 2240 - 2250m, no sharp changes are seen. The sample from 2240 - 2250m shows a sharp increase both in the amount of C₁ - C₄ hydrocarbons and in the wetness of the gas compared with samples above and below. There is no significant change in the lithological composition to explain these changes. The concentration of both the C₁ - C₄ and the C₅₊ hydrocarbons are relatively low throughout the zone, especially for the lowest 100m section. The data from the gas analysis indicates that the zone is relatively immature with a poor/fair generation potential for hydrocarbons.

Zone B; 2340 - 2370m.

This zone consists of grey claystones with 15 - 20% of sandstone. The abundance of light hydrocarbons, especially C₁ - C₄, increases sharply

compared with zone A, although the wetness is almost constant. The increase in light hydrocarbons could indicate small amounts of reservoir hydrocarbons in the sandstone.

Zone C; 2370 - 2650m.

The main lithology of this zone is grey claystone as for the two zones above, with small amounts of siderite, limestone, marly siltstone and sandstone. The percentage of sandstones is high (40%) for the sample from 2520 - 2530m. The abundance of light hydrocarbons, both $C_1 - C_4$ and C_{5+} , is low throughout the zone. The wetness of the gas stays relatively constant, approximately 20% throughout the zone. The iso-butane/n-butane ratio (iC_4/nC_4) is variable, but on the whole is very high, indicating either low maturity or biodegradation. The reason for the variability in the iC_4/nC_4 ratio could be the low concentration of these compounds making the ratio values doubtful.

Zone D; 2650 - 2710m.

The samples from this zone consist entirely of grey, non-calcareous to calcareous claystones. The uppermost sample in the zone shows a sharp increase in the abundance of both $C_1 - C_4$ and C_{5+} hydrocarbons compared with zone C, increasing slightly to 2690m, then decreasing to 2700m. The wetness of the gas is similar to the zone above, but the iC_4/nC_4 ratio is erratic. The various results indicate that the zone is immature, possibly with a different kerogen in the claystone than in the zone above.

Zone E; 2710 - 2863m.

Again a zone with 100% grey, non-calcareous to calcareous claystones. The abundance of light hydrocarbons is significantly lower than that found for the samples in zone D. The wetness of the gas shows a significant drop compared with zone D and the iC_4/nC_4 ratio shows a gentle decrease with increasing depth.

Zone F; 2863 - 3386m.

This zone consists of 100% grey, grading to dark grey, calcareous grading to non-calcareous claystone, silty in part. The abundance of $C_1 - C_4$ hydrocarbons is low for most of the zone with a general decrease with increasing depth. The abundance of the C_{5+} hydrocarbons is also relatively low, but higher throughout the zone than for zone

E. The wetness of the gas is, however, significantly higher than in any of the zones above, either indicating an increase in maturity or a change in kerogen type. The iC_4/nC_4 shows a gentle decrease with increasing depth.

Zone G; 3296 - 3386m.

From 3296m, the lithology changes from 100% claystone to a mixture of claystone and sandstone with 100% sandstone from 3322m. The light hydrocarbon data are very similar to those for the lowest part of zone F, suggesting that the sandstone does not contain any migrated hydrocarbons.

Zone H; 3386 - 3847m.

The lithology of this zone is variable from almost 100% sand/sandstone to almost 100% clay-siltstone. The percentage of the different lithologies varies from sample to sample which indicates an interbedded sequence of sandstone/siltstone/claystone. The results from the gas analysis show only minor variation from sample to sample, except the samples from 3630 - 3650m which have slightly higher abundances of $C_1 - C_4$ hydrocarbons, although the abundance of C_{5+} hydrocarbons is poor.

Zone I; 3847 - 4063m.

The lithology of the upper few samples from this zone is similar to zone H, changing to mostly claystone/siltstone below 3890m to 4018m (80% or higher of this lithology down to 4018m). Below 4018m there is a larger percentage of sandstones. The main reason to separate zone I from zone H is the increase in the abundance of C_{5+} hydrocarbons recorded from 3847m. This factor, associated with the general increase in the abundance of $C_1 - C_4$ hydrocarbons clearly separates this from the zones above. The wetness of the gas shows a slight increase and the iC_4/nC_4 shows a slight decrease.

Zone J; 4063 - 4110m.

The main lithology in this zone is sand/sandstone. The abundance of both the $C_1 - C_4$ and the C_{5+} hydrocarbons and the wetness of the gas show a sharp drop compared with zone I. This suggests that sandstones in this zone does not contain any migrated hydrocarbons.

TABLE I a.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS IN HEADSPACE.

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
I	IKU	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM	SUM	WET-	iC4	I
I	No.	(m)							C1-C4	C2-C4	NESS	---	I
I											(%)	nC4	I
I	M4847	2010	394	19	22	43	17	36	495	101	20.35	2.57	I
I	M4849	2030	219	20	22	10	17	55	288	69	24.00	.62	I
I	M4851	2050	834	30	75	31	30	211	1001	167	16.67	1.05	I
I	M4853	2070	1753	88	91	79	20	68	2031	278	13.70	3.92	I
I	M4855	2090	2817	137	140	96	58	114	3248	431	13.27	1.65	I
I	M4857	2110	3079	180	167	89	68	112	3584	505	14.09	1.30	I
I	M4859	2130	2647	81	160	105	79	153	3072	425	13.84	1.33	I
I	M4861	2150	2229	59	126	68	58	102	2541	312	12.27	1.17	I
I	M4863	2170	1448	34	61	31	26	40	1599	151	9.47	1.21	I
I	M4865	2190	1671	41	85	56	45	97	1898	227	11.98	1.24	I
I	M4867	2210	1177	75	186	61	89	174	1588	412	25.92	.69	I
I	M4869	2230	64		18	57	24	177	164	100	61.01	2.35	I
I	M4871	2250	1017	49	59	54	34	162	1213	196	16.13	1.61	I
I	M4873	2270	O P E N L I D .										I
I	M4875	2290	205	11	17	14	9	104	255	50	19.56	1.54	I
I	M4877	2310	153	12	20	11	6	36	201	49	24.27	2.00	I
I	M4880	2340	2236	113	126	88	42	155	2604	369	14.16	2.09	I
I	M4881	2350	1566	178	110	100	52	210	2006	440	21.93	1.91	I
I	M4883	2370	836	48	48	39	20	329	990	154	15.59	1.97	I
I	M4885	2390	240	13	13	11	5	16	281	41	14.60	2.36	I
I	M4887	2410	84	5	6	7	2	13	104	20	19.32	2.65	I
I	M4889	2430	386	26	31	35	16	8	494	108	21.87	2.19	I
I	M4891	2450	360	22	19	14	6	32	421	61	14.51	2.26	I
I	M4893	2470	299	23	24	18	9	27	373	75	19.99	1.92	I
I	M4895	2490	589	45	61	46	25	1	766	177	23.12	1.79	I

TABLE I a.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS IN HEADSPACE.

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
I	IKU	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM	SUM	WET-	iC4	I
I	No.	(m)							C1-C4	C2-C4	NESS	---	I
I											(%)	nC4	I
I	M4897	2510	505	52	67	40	28	37	692	187	27.06	1.44	I
I	M4899	2530	431	30	34	19	12	15	527	96	18.17	1.53	I
I	M4901	2550	334	48	33	15	9	17	440	105	23.96	1.68	I
I	M4903	2570	129	18	10	6	3	17	165	36	21.87	1.86	I
I	M4905	2590	512	78	42	22	11	117	666	153	23.03	1.94	I
I	M4907	2610	307	48	19	10	4	10	387	80	20.77	2.62	I
I	M4909	2630	198	30	22	12	6	9	269	71	26.49	1.95	I
I	M4911	2650	1873	283	186	131	63	710	2537	664	26.16	2.07	I
I	M4913	2670	2519	409	292	161	85	403	3467	947	27.33	1.88	I
I	M4915	2690	6922	162	136	87	41	275	7347	426	5.79	2.12	I
I	M4917	2710	4029	136	93	49	23	65	4331	302	6.97	2.09	I
I	M4919	2730	910	32	25	14	7	16	987	78	7.85	1.99	I
I	M4921	2750	1509	113	66	19	17	4	1723	215	12.46	1.10	I
I	M4923	2770	698	79	52	28	15		872	174	19.94	1.78	I
I	M4925	2790	313	53	27	11	6	11	410	97	23.62	1.74	I
I	M4927	2809	1080	112	56	24	9	23	1282	201	15.71	2.63	I
I	M4929	2827	1300	98	60	14	15	38	1486	186	12.54	.93	I
I	M4931	2845	613	44	22	8	5	11	692	79	11.38	1.47	I
I	M4933	2863	1882	159	110	43	31	53	2225	343	15.43	1.39	I
I	M4935	2881	1205	227	219	49	38	53	1738	533	30.68	1.31	I
I	M4937	2899	988	175	157	34	24	26	1378	390	28.32	1.41	I
I	M4939	2917	2694	431	302	47	49	44	3523	829	23.52	.96	I
I	M4941	2935	507	137	153	29	21	15	846	340	40.15	1.40	I
I	M4943	2953	110	39	53	10	10	115	222	112	50.34	1.06	I
I	M4945	2971	1312	314	377	54	48	43	2105	793	37.67	1.13	I

TABLE I a.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS IN HEADSPACE.

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
I	IKU	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM	SUM	WET-	iC4	I
I	No.	(m)							C1-C4	C2-C4	NESS	---	I
I											(%)	nC4	I
I	M4947	2989	1160	251	282	36	26	18	1755	595	33.90	1.40	I
I	M4949	3007	633	96	80	11	8	13	827	194	23.49	1.46	I
I	M4951	3025	2148	471	453	56	54	22	3182	1034	32.50	1.04	I
I	M4953	3043	1002	151	234	41	40	13	1468	466	31.74	1.03	I
I	M4955	3061	1115	210	222	39	31	18	1618	503	31.06	1.27	I
I	M4957	3079	1286	470	823	157	149	247	2885	1599	55.42	1.06	I
I	M4959	3097	579	134	229	54	45	66	1041	462	44.36	1.18	I
I	M4961	3115	29	9	21	6	7	12	72	43	59.44	.89	I
I	M4963	3133	553	157	188	40	32	51	971	418	43.06	1.24	I
I	M4965	3151	323	108	122	26	17	25	596	273	45.75	1.47	I
I	M4967	3169	62	21	29	8	6	8	126	64	50.73	1.25	I
I	M4969	3187	48	23	30	9	10	63	119	71	59.60	.93	I
I	M4971	3205	411	148	125	29	30	58	742	332	44.67	.98	I
I	M4973	3223	45	22	35	8	13	29	123	78	63.32	.61	I
I	M4975	3241	121	33	30	5	6	7	195	74	38.10	.89	I
I	M4977	3259	36	6	5	1	1	1	49	13	27.12	.98	I
I	M4980	3286	89	27	25	4	5	6	151	62	40.81	.83	I
I	M4981	3295	87	38	26	4	4	2	158	72	45.32	.86	I
I	M4983	3313	171	64	28	4	3	3	270	99	36.68	1.12	I
I	M4985	3331	422	139	63	8	10	11	642	220	34.31	.84	I
I	M4987	3349	465	107	59	7	10	62	647	181	28.05	.67	I
I	M4989	3367	199	109	71	8	21	33	408	209	51.23	.37	I
I	M4991	3386	1382	273	122	17	18	18	1811	428	23.66	.94	I
I	M4993	3403	3124	648	273	40	38	77	4123	998	24.22	1.07	I
I	M4995	3424	550	210	68	6	6	9	840	290	34.52	.93	I

TABLE I a.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS IN HEADSPACE.

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
I	IKU	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM	SUM	WET-	iC4	I
I	No.	(m)							C1-C4	C2-C4	NESS	---	I
I											(%)	nC4	I
I													I
I	M5048	3901	8938	2133	1990	135	269	74	13465	4527	33.62	.50	I
I	M5050	3919	6903	1472	1177	76	154	55	9781	2878	29.43	.49	I
I	M5053	3946	5893	1476	1408	142	300	218	9218	3325	36.07	.47	I
I	M5054	3955	3494	1057	1221	188	344	251	6305	2810	44.57	.55	I
I	M5056	3973	3083	1247	1589	180	475	331	6575	3491	53.10	.38	I
I	M5058	3991	3457	995	978	107	260	178	5797	2340	40.36	.41	I
I	M5060	4009	1549	683	794	99	261	277	3386	1837	54.26	.38	I
I	M5062	4027	5121	1391	1158	109	233	184	8012	2891	36.08	.47	I
I	M5064	4045	5801	1496	1153	131	237	193	8817	3016	34.21	.55	I
I	M5066	4063	6093	1477	1280	127	289	336	9265	3173	34.24	.44	I
I	M5068	4081	688	213	191	20	45	50	1157	469	40.51	.45	I
I	M5070	4099	1019	292	248	26	51	38	1636	617	37.70	.51	I
I	M5072	4110	1063	299	250	26	50	20	1687	624	37.01	.51	I

TABLE I b.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS IN CUTTINGS.

IKU No.	DEPTH (m)	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM C1-C4	SUM C2-C4	WET-NESS (%)	iC4 --- nC4	
M4847	2010	44	15	15	3	13	72	90	46	51.33	.20	
M4849	2030	34		6		4	292	43	9	21.25	.00	
M4851	2050	31	3	3			650	37	6	17.37	1.00	
M4853	2070	79	33	52	17	10	253	191	112	58.74	1.63	
M4855	2090	126	18	13	6	9	397	171	45	26.44	.63	
M4857	2110	88	10	7	7	6	199	118	30	25.47	1.16	
M4859	2130	117	96	84	16	34		347	230	66.27	.48	
M4861	2150	115	26	9		5		155	40	25.81	.01	
M4863	2170	76	33	39	17	28	34	194	118	60.67	.61	
M4865	2190	338	230	244	108	107	40	1027	689	67.08	1.01	
M4867	2210	97	26	19	7	12	14	160	63	39.29	.57	
M4869	2230	58	12	8	3	7	13	89	30	34.00	.52	
M4871	2250	222	67	60	60	29	48	438	217	49.44	2.08	
M4873	2270	O P E N L I D .										
M4875	2290	55	13	13	5	7	2	93	38	40.80	.77	
M4877	2310	37	6	3				45	9	19.17	1.00	
M4880	2340	46	7	10	18	8	27	89	42	47.87	2.37	
M4881	2350	42	8		3			54	11	21.02	****	
M4883	2370	32	6	3	4	3	6	49	16	33.88	1.05	
M4885	2390	254	60	52	44	20	55	430	175	40.84	2.23	
M4887	2410	54	11	8	7	8	22	88	34	39.15	.99	
M4889	2430	58	11	7	6	7	19	89	30	34.18	.92	
M4891	2450	40	9	6	5	6	14	66	26	39.48	.90	
M4893	2470	36	6	6	6	4	9	58	21	37.11	1.36	
M4895	2490	17	3	2	2	3	5	27	10	36.46	.77	

TABLE I b.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS IN CUTTINGS.

IKU No.	DEPTH (m)	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM C1-C4	SUM C2-C4	WET-NESS (%)	iC4 / nC4
M4897	2510	47	8	8	10	13	26	85	38	44.94	.74
M4899	2530	50	7	7	7	10	21	81	31	38.06	.76
M4901	2550	40	8	9	6	8	17	72	32	43.95	.74
M4903	2570	82	13	6		7	37	108	26	24.30	.01
M4905	2590	82	13	7	5	6	18	112	31	27.27	.77
M4907	2610	173	26	34				233	60	25.80	1.00
M4909	2630	66	10	7	5	8	26	96	30	31.10	.63
M4911	2650	141	21	7			33	170	28	16.62	1.00
M4913	2670	590	44	17		20	147	672	81	12.09	.01
M4915	2690	1350	515	874	410	375	598	3524	2174	61.69	1.09
M4917	2710	866	86	28				980	114	11.64	1.00
M4919	2730	102	12	10	4	10	21	139	37	26.63	.45
M4921	2750	808	41	59	42	26	71	976	168	17.24	1.60
M4923	2770	1050	49	35	10	16	30	1160	110	9.50	.63
M4925	2790	568	28	14	6	13	39	630	62	9.79	.48
M4927	2809	1320	261	297	96	51	68	2025	706	34.84	1.88
M4929	2827	1337	70	25	5	17	24	1452	115	7.94	.27
M4931	2845	1266	61	53	22	26	47	1428	162	11.36	.82
M4933	2863	2920	94	30	9	17	33	3070	150	4.89	.53
M4935	2881	1172	64	185	86	124	214	1631	459	28.14	.69
M4937	2899	223	74	227	93	155	240	773	549	71.09	.60
M4939	2917	136	151	525	201	325	426	1337	1202	89.85	.62
M4941	2935	80	55	231	75	143	180	584	504	86.27	.53
M4943	2953	68	40	200	63	116	120	488	420	86.07	.55
M4945	2971	68	46	200	58	100	104	472	404	85.63	.58

TABLE I b.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS IN CUTTINGS.

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
I	IKU	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM	SUM	WET-	iC4
I	No.	(m)							C1-C4	C2-C4	NESS	---
I											(%)	nC4
I												
I	M4947	2989	75	45	193	43	80	63	436	361	82.78	.54
I	M4949	3007	94	126	420	97	191	201	928	833	89.82	.51
I	M4951	3025	89	122	398	91	178	178	878	789	89.84	.51
I	M4953	3043	89	53	263	66	155	160	625	536	85.82	.42
I	M4955	3061	96	73	243	58	130	152	599	504	84.05	.45
I	M4957	3079	473	336	562	229	327	756	1927	1454	75.44	.70
I	M4959	3097	84	30	114	41	87	136	356	272	76.44	.47
I	M4961	3115	83	29	124	52	109	173	396	313	79.15	.47
I	M4963	3133	75	34	128	45	101	153	383	308	80.39	.45
I	M4965	3151	64	28	85	29	59	86	265	201	75.91	.50
I	M4967	3169	116	33	104	41	85	118	379	263	69.42	.48
I	M4969	3187	115	43	102	43	91	172	394	279	70.85	.47
I	M4971	3205	102	46	106	37	85	287	377	275	72.94	.44
I	M4973	3223	138	41	97	35	97	442	409	271	66.16	.37
I	M4975	3241	75	21	39	14	33	119	182	107	58.89	.43
I	M4977	3259	82	20	27	8	22	42	158	77	48.42	.38
I	M4980	3286	191	28	47	13	32	61	310	119	38.38	.39
I	M4981	3295	187	80	79	16	36	44	398	211	52.95	.44
I	M4983	3313	235	226	167	33	62	75	722	487	67.50	.53
I	M4985	3331	93	67	89	15	45	61	310	217	70.07	.34
I	M4987	3349	179	61	87	16	48	65	390	212	54.25	.33
I	M4989	3367	196	52	73	13	39	44	374	177	47.50	.33
I	M4991	3386	144	139	168	27	81	82	559	415	74.23	.33
I	M4993	3403	123	132	140	21	64	67	480	356	74.27	.33
I	M4995	3424	97	150	136	19	48	44	450	353	78.36	.39

TABLE I c.

CONCENTRATION (ul Gas / kg Rock) OF C1 - C7 HYDROCARBONS (Ia + Ib).

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
I	IKU	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5+	SUM	SUM	WET-	iC4	I
I	No.	(m)							C1-C4	C2-C4	NESS	---	I
I											(%)	nC4	I
I													I
I	M5048	3901	9767	4017	6839	796	2777	2229	24196	14428	59.63	.29	I
I	M5050	3919	7868	3424	5801	673	2403	1997	20170	12302	60.99	.28	I
I	M5053	3946	6342	2258	3155	388	1228	1191	13371	7029	52.57	.32	I
I	M5054	3955	4587	2118	3332	534	1517	1464	12090	7502	62.06	.35	I
I	M5056	3973	3338	1886	3490	507	1864	1983	11084	7746	69.88	.27	I
I	M5058	3991	3891	1808	3026	478	1875	2200	11078	7187	64.88	.25	I
I	M5060	4009	1721	914	1493	232	869	1311	5228	3508	67.09	.27	I
I	M5062	4027	5527	2088	2522	309	1072	1207	11519	5991	52.01	.29	I
I	M5064	4045	6300	2356	2705	376	1185	1504	12922	6622	51.25	.32	I
I	M5066	4063	6390	2022	2333	281	858	893	11884	5494	46.23	.33	I
I	M5068	4081	1008	702	1121	162	540	631	3532	2524	71.47	.30	I
I	M5070	4099	1134	463	605	81	277	356	2560	1426	55.71	.29	I
I	M5072	4110	1128	383	422	51	158	159	2142	1015	47.36	.33	I



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.: II
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4847	2000-2010	0.82	97% Claystone, some grading to Siltstone, grey, slightly glauconitic and sandy occasionally 3% Siderite, yellowbrown
M-4849	2020-30	0.87	93% Claystone, some grading to very silty, grey 7% Siderite sm.am. Sandstone, very fine/fine; Pyrite
M-4851	2040-50	0.87	97% Claystone as above 3% Siderite, yellowbrown
M-4853	2060-70	0.82	97% Claystone as above 3% Siderite (slightly contaminated by additives)
M-4855	2080-90	0.76	92% Claystone, grey as above 4% Siderite 4% Limestone, white sm.am. Sandstone, glauconitic
M-4857	2100-10	0.77	92% Claystone, as above 8% Siderite, yellowbrown; Limestone, white; Marl, light grey; Calcite; (some mud cake)



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4859	2120-30	0.75	82% Claystone, some grading to very silty, occasionally silt/sand lenses, grey 10% Limestone, white 5% Marl, light grey 3% Siderite
M-4861	2140-50	0.67	85% Claystone as above 15% Calcite, fibrous, yellow-brown; Siderite; Marl; Limestone; rare glauconitic Sandstone; Pyrite
M-4863	2160-70	0.75	85% Claystone, as above 10% Siderite 5% Limestone to Marl sm.am. Pyrite
M-4865	2180-90	0.77	85% Claystone, as above 10% Siderite 5% Limestone to Marl
M-4867	2200-10	0.75	80% Claystone, as above, silt to very fine sand laminae 20% Siderite sm.am. Marl and Limestone
M-4869	2220-30	0.88	80% Claystone, as above 20% Siderite, yellowbrown sm.am. Marl to Limestone, light grey to white



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4871	2240-50	0.75	75% Claystone, grey 25% Siderite; some Calcite and Limestone (very small sample)
M-4873	2260-70	0.79	75% Claystone, occasionally very silty, grey
		0.22	25% Limestone, white
M-4875	2280-90	0.77	95% Claystone, as above 5% Limestone sm.am. Siderite
M-4877	2300-10	0.69	80% Claystone, grey, as above 5% Limestone, white to light grey 15% Sandstone, fine to medium, white, glauconitic, slightly calcareous sm.am. Marl; Siderite
M-4880	2330-40	0.60	75% Claystone, grey as above 20% Sandstone, as above 5% Limestone; Siderite; Calcite (fibrous)
M-4881	2340-50	0.64	80% Claystone, grey as above 20% Sandstone, as above, white sm.am. Limestone; Marl
M-4883	2360-70	0.60	85% Claystone, as above 15% Sandstone, as above sm.am. Marl; Siderite



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4885	2380-90	0.59	90% Claystone 5% Sandstone, as above 5% Limestone and Marl, as above
M-4887	2400-10	0.47	85% Claystone, grey, occasionally some calcareous 5% Sandstone, fine, white 5% Limestone to Marl, white to light grey 5% Calcareous Siltstone, light grey/grey
M-4889	2420-30	0.52	90% Claystone, silty, slightly to very calcareous, grey to light grey 10% Limestone to Marl; Sandstone
M-4891	2440-50	0.40	90% Claystone, as above 5% Limestone/Marl, white/light grey 5% Sandstone, white
M-4893	2460-70	0.56 0.16	80% Claystone, as above, glauconitic sand lenses 20% Marl/Limestone, silty, as above
M-4895	2480-90	0.61	86% Claystone, grey, non-to slightly calcareous 7% Sandstone, fine, slightly calcareous, glauconitic, white 7% Limestone/Marl, silty, white/light grey



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4897	2500-10	0.57	85% Claystone, grey, non-calcareous to some calcareous 10% Marl/Siltstone, light grey 5% Limestone, white sm.am. Sandstone
M-4899	2520-30	0.62 0	60% Claystone, grey, occasionally glauconitic/sandy 40% Sandstone, fine to medium glauconitic, grading to Limestone, light grey to white
M-4901	2540-50	0.53 0.08	85% Claystone, silty, grey, grading to dark grey 15% Sandstone to Limestone, as above, as laminae in Claystone (Deformation due to turbodrill observed)
M-4903	2560-70	0.70	100% Calcareous Claystone to Marl, grey, slightly brownish sm.am. Limestone (affected by turbodrill)
M-4905	2580-90	0.40	100% Claystone, non-to very calcareous, grey to light grey (strongly deformed by turbodrill)
M-4907	2600-10	0.44	100% Claystone, grey, some light grey, non-to very calcareous (strongly deformed by turbodrill)



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4909	2620-30	0.51	93% Claystone, grey, non-to some calcareous 5% Sandstone, white as above 2% Limestone, white/light grey, marly (some deformation by turbo-drill)
M-4911	2640-50	0.69	95% Claystone, as above 5% Marl to Limestone (Largely deformed by turbo-drill)
M-4913	2660-70	0.55	100% Claystone, grey to dark grey, non-to very calcereous, strongly deformed by turbodrill
M-4915	2680-90	0.54	100% Claystone, grey, non-calcareous to calcareous, strongly deformed by turbodrill
M-4917	2700-10	1.22	100% Claystone, grey as above sm. am. Marl
M-4919	2720-30	0.63	95% Claystone, grey, partly calcareous 5% Marl, light grey
M-4921	2740-50	0.70	100% Claystone, grey to dark grey, partly calcareous, strongly deformed by turbodrill
M-4923	2760-70	0.80	100% Claystone, as above



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC		Lithology
M-4925	2780-90	0.58	100%	Claystone, grey, non-calcareous to calcareous, partly deformed by turbodrill
M-4927	2800-09	0.70	100%	Claystone, as above, mostly deformed by turbodrill
M-4929	2818-27	1.05	100%	Claystone, as above, strongly deformed by turbodrill
M-4931	2836-45	0.74	100%	Claystone, as above
M-4933	2854-63	0.73	100%	Claystone, as above
M-4935	2872-2881	0.90	100%	Claystone, grey, non-calcareous to calcareous
M-4937	2890-99	1.02	100%	Claystone, grey, grading to dark grey, as above
M-4939	2908-17	1.02	100%	Claystone, grey calcareous to dark grey/grey non-calcareous
			sm.am.	Sandstone, fine-medium, slightly glauconitic, calcareous
M-4941	2926-35	0.90	100%	Claystone, as above
M-4943	2944-53	1.33	100%	Claystone, grey, grading to dark grey, as above
M-4945	2962-71	1.90	100%	Claystone, as above
M-4947	2980-89	1.90	100%	Claystone, as above



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology	
M-4949	2998-3007	1.28	100%	Claystone, silty, grey to dark grey, calcareous
			sm.am.	Sandstone, as above
M-4951	3016-25	1.00	98%	Claystone, grey grading to dark grey, calcareous grading to non-calcareous
			2%	Sandstone, fine-medium, some calcareous, some glauconitic
M-4953	3034-43	1.97	100%	Claystone, as above
			sm.am.	Sandstone
M-4955	3052-61	0.74	97%	Claystone, as above
			3%	Sandstone, as above, rare coarse glassy angular grains
			sm.am.	Limestone
M-4957	3070-79	0.86	100%	Claystone, as above, some oil-staining
			sm.am.	Sandstone
M-4959	3088-97	0.70	100%	Claystone, as above
			sm.am.	Marl, brownish light grey
M-4961	3106-15	0.59	100%	Claystone, as above
M-4963	3124-3133	0.53	98%	Claystone, slightly to very calcareous, grey
			2%	Sand/Sandstone
			sm.am.	Siderite



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4965	3142-51	1.02	100% Claystone, as above sm.am. Sandstone, dark grey/black Claystone
M-4967	3160-69	0.72	98% Claystone, grey, very silty and very calcareous, some grading to silty Marl (brownish) 2% Sandstone, some glauconitic sm.am. Limestone, brown (contaminated by additives)
M-4969	3178-87	1.24	100% Claystone, as above, occasionally sandy, slightly to very calcareous sm.am. Sandstone; Marl/Limestone, browngrey
M-4971	3196-3205	0.64	97% Claystone, variably silty, slightly to very calcareous, grey 3% Sandstone, fine, glauconitic and calcareous
M-4973	3214-23	0.79 0.28	85% Claystone, as above 15% Sand/Sandstone, fine to medium
M-4975	3232-41	0.68	70% Claystone, grey calcareous, some dark grey non-calcareous and very silty 30% Sand/Sandstone, fine-coarse



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4977	3250-59	0.82	75% Sand, as above, subangular - subrounded
			25% Claystone, as above, sm.am. dark Shale
M-4980	3277-86	0.85	70% Claystone, as above, sm.am. dark Shale
			30% Sand, as above (contaminated by additives)
M-4981	3286-95	0.80	90% Claystone, as above, grey to light grey
		2.49	7% Sand/Sandstone, as above 3% Shale, dark grey/black, silty
M-4983	3304-13	0.75	50% Claystone, as above
		1.63	45% Sand/Sandstone 5% Shale, as above
M-4985	3322-31	-	95% Sand, medium, white, slightly glauconitic, angular/subangular 5% Claystone
M-4987	3340-49	-	95% Sand, as above
			5% Claystone, as above
M-4989	3358-67	-	100% Sand, as above sm.am. Claystone
M-4991	3376-85	0.01	85% Sand/Sandstone medium to coarse, some glauconitic
		1.94	15% Shale/Claystone, very silty, micaceous, dark grey sm.am. Claystone, grey



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-4993	3394-3403	1.81	90% Sand, medium to coarse, white 10% Shale/Claystone; dark grey Sm.am. Claystone, grey
M-4995	3415-24	1.83	60% Silt/Clay-stone, dark grey, grey (partly calcareous) 40% Sandstone
M-4997	3433-42	1.67	75% Silt/Clay-stone, variably fissile (shaly), dark grey, micromicaceous 25% Sandstone, medium, light grey
M-4999	3451-60	1.75	65% Shale, dark grey to black, silty 35% Sand/Sandstone, medium to coarse
M-5001	3469-78	1.68	60% Shale, grey to dark grey 40% Sand/Sandstone, as above
M-5003	3487-96	1.67	85% Sand/Sandstone, medium to very coarse, white 15% Shale/Claystone, grey to dark grey, silty
M-5005	3505-14	1.83	60% Sand/Sandstone, as above 40% Shale to Claystone, grey to dark grey (occasionally black)



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-5007	3523-32	1.97	50% Shale/Claystone grading to Siltstone, grey to dark grey (occasionally black) 50% Sand/Sandstone, medium to very coarse
M-5009	3541-50	1.65	25% Shale/Claystone as above, micromicaceous 75% Sand/Sandstone as above
M-5011	3559-68	1.85	40% Shale to Claystone grading to Siltstone, dark grey to grey, occasionally black, micromicaceous 60% Sand/Sandstone, as above
M-5013	3577-86	2.05	60% Clay/Silt-stone, dark grey, micromicaceous, shaly 40% Sand/Sandstone
M-5015	3595-3604	2.23	20% Clay/Silt-stone, shaly, as above 80% Sand/Sandstone
M-5017	3613-22	2.15	75% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, dark grey, micromicaceous 25% Sand/Sandstone
M-5019	3631-40	1.88	65% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above 35% Sandstone, fine-coarse, occasionally very coarse, light grey
M-5021	3649-3658	2.05	50% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above 50% Sandstone, as above



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-5023	3667-76	2.07	30% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above 70% Sandstone, medium to coarse
M-5025	3685-94	1.86	20% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above 80% Sand/Sandstone, medium-very coarse sm.am. ?Chamosite ooliths, grey green; ?Siderite, brown
M-5027	3703-12	0.30 2.02	85% Sand/Sandstone, calcareous 15% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above sm.am. ?Siderite, yellowish brown, grading to Limestone/Siltstone
M-5029	3721-30	1.75	45% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above 45% Sand/Sandstone 10% Siderite grading to Siltstone/Limestone, yellowish brown to grey
M-5032	3757-66	1.59	92% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above, dark grey 8% Sandstone, some grading to Limestone (brownish)
M-5033	3766-75	1.81	83% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, as above 15% Sandstone, medium to coarse 2% ?Siderite, browngrey
M-5035	3784-93	1.41	80% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone dark grey as above 20% Sandstone, as above, white - light grey



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-5037	3802-11	1.58	82% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone 15% Sandstone 3% ?Siderite
M-5039	3820-29	1.52	72% Shale/Clay/Silt-stone, dark grey as above, some grey 25% Sandstone, calcareous 3% ?Siderite
M-5042	3838-47	1.77	75% Clay/Shale/Silt-stone, as above 10% Sandstone, medium to very coarse, light grey - white 15% Limestone, silty, to Siderite, light brown-grey - brown
M-5044	3856-65	2.43	30% Clay/Shale/Silt-stone, as above 65% Sandstone, as above 5% Siderite/Limestone
M-5046	3874-83	2.27	75% Clay/Silt-stone, dark grey (to black), grey, micromicaceous, partly some sandy 20% Sandstone, medium - very coarse, some fine 5% ?Siderite
M-5048	3892-3901	3.16	95% Clay/Silt-stone, dark grey, micromicaceous 5% Sandstone
M-5050	3910-19	1.81	92% Clay/Silt-stone, as above 5% Sandstone 3% ?Siderite sm.am. Pyrite



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-5053	3937-46	1.88	90% Clay/Silt-stone, dark grey, (some grading to black), occasionally coaly, grey 5% Sandstone 5% Siderite sm.am. Coal
M-5054	3946-55	1.83	90% Clay/Silt-stone, as above 5% Sandstone 5% Siderite sm.am. Coal (mud cake contamination)
M-5056	3964-73	1.60	90% Clay/Siltstone, some sandy, dark grey to grey 10% Sandstone, very fine to medium sm.am. Siderite
M-5058	3982-91	1.98	95% Siltstone to Clay/Siltstone, occasionally sandy, dark grey grading to grey 5% Sandstone
M-5060	4000-09	0.31	90% Sandstone, calcareous cemented, white-light grey, very fine - medium
		2.75	10% Siltstone to Clay/Silt-stone, as above
M-5062	4018-27	2.16	50% Sandstone, very fine to coarse 50% Clay/Siltstone as above



Lithology and Total Organic Carbon measurements

TABLE NO.:
WELL NO.: 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	TOC	Lithology
M-5064	4036-45	2.31	65% Clay/Silt-stone, dark grey, micaceous 35% Sandstone, white to grey, very fine to coarse, some muscovitic, obs chloritic sm.am. Siderite
M-5066	4054-63	2.83	50% Clay/Siltstone, as above 50% Sandstone, as above sm.am. Siderite, Pyrite
M-5068	4072-81	2.67	84% Sand/Sandstone, angular - very angular, white, medium to very coarse, slightly micaceous 15% Clay/Silt-stone, as above 1% Siderite, brown to dark brown
M-5070	4090-99	2.28	83% Sand, very angular, but with abundant crystalline rock fragments containing chlorite to chloritedominated grains, some fragments (loose chloritic) may suggest drilling into basement, great fragments of quartz-dom, gneiss 15% Clay/Siltstone, as above 2% Siderite
M-5072	4108-10	-	The sample consists of chlorite gneiss and quartz, assumed representing basement rocks

T A B L E : 4.

WEIGHT OF EOM AND CHROMATOGRAPHIC FRACTIONS
(Weight ppm OF rock)

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
	IKU-No	DEPTH	EOM	Sat.	Aro.	HC	Non	HC	
		(m)							
I	M 4857	2110	147	35	21	56	91		I
I	M 4917	2710	280	43	87	130	151		I
I	M 4945	2971	275	63	43	106	169		I
I	M 4969	3187	196	36	53	89	107		I
I	M 4973	3223	217	61	48	109	109		I
I	M 4977	3259	1094	428	362	790	304		I
I	M 4995	3424	251	78	63	141	111		I
I	M 5001	3478	886	380	277	658	228		I
I	M 5005	3514	715	236	154	390	325		I
I	M 5007	3532	294	93	74	167	127		I
I	M 5025	3694	444	100	106	206	239		I
I	M 5035	3793	657	140	157	297	360		I
I	M 5048	3901	1044	190	234	423	621		I
I	M 5066	4063	620	124	132	256	364		I

DATE : 27 - 9 - 82.

T A B L E : 5.

CONCENTRATION OF EOM AND CHROMATOGRAPHIC FRACTIONS
(mg/g TOC)

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
	IKU-No	DEPTH	EOM	Sat.	Aro.	HC	Non	HC		
		(m)								
I	M 4857	2110	14.7	3.5	2.1	5.6	9.1			
I	M 4917	2710	4.5	0.7	1.4	2.1	2.4			
I	M 4945	2971	13.1	3.0	2.0	5.0	8.0			
I	M 4969	3187	15.1	2.8	4.0	6.9	8.3			
I	M 4973	3223	24.2	6.8	5.3	12.1	12.1			
I	M 4977	3259	91.2	35.7	30.2	65.8	25.4			
I	M 4995	3424	14.0	4.3	3.5	7.8	6.1			
I	M 5001	3478	42.2	18.1	13.2	31.3	10.9			
I	M 5005	3514	32.5	10.7	7.0	17.7	14.8			
I	M 5007	3532	16.3	5.2	4.1	9.3	7.1			
I	M 5025	3694	21.2	4.8	5.0	9.8	11.4			
I	M 5035	3793	36.5	7.8	8.7	16.5	20.0			
I	M 5048	3901	37.3	6.8	8.3	15.1	22.2			
I	M 5066	4063	17.2	3.4	3.7	7.1	10.1			

DATE : 27 - 9 - 82.

T A B L E : 6.

COMPOSITION IN % OF MATERIAL EXTRACTED FROM THE ROCK

I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
	IKU-No	DEPTH	Sat	Are	HC	SAT	Non HC	HC	
		(m)	EOM	EOM	EOM	Are	EOM	Non HC	
I	M 4857	2110	24.0	14.0	38.0	171.4	62.0	61.3	
I	M 4917	2710	15.4	30.9	46.3	50.0	53.7	86.3	
I	M 4945	2971	23.0	15.6	38.5	147.6	61.5	62.7	
I	M 4969	3187	18.6	26.8	45.4	69.2	54.6	83.0	
I	M 4973	3223	28.0	22.0	50.0	127.3	50.0	100.0	
I	M 4977	3259	39.1	33.1	72.2	118.1	27.8	259.5	
I	M 4995	3424	31.0	25.0	56.0	124.0	44.0	127.3	
I	M 5001	3478	42.9	31.3	74.2	137.3	25.8	288.1	
I	M 5005	3514	33.0	21.6	54.5	152.6	45.5	120.0	
I	M 5007	3532	31.6	25.3	56.8	125.0	43.2	131.7	
I	M 5025	3694	22.5	23.8	46.3	94.7	53.8	86.0	
I	M 5035	3793	21.3	23.9	45.2	89.1	54.8	82.5	
I	M 5048	3901	18.2	22.4	40.5	81.1	59.5	68.2	
I	M 5066	4063	20.0	21.3	41.3	93.8	58.7	70.5	

DATE : 27 - 9 - 82.

T A B L E 7.

TABULATION OF DATA FROM THE GASCHROMATOGRAMS

I	I	I	I	I	I	I
I	IKU No.	DEPTH	PRISTANE	PRISTANE	CPI	I
I	:	(m)	n-C17	PHYTANE	:	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 4857	2110	1.0	3.4	1.4	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 4917	2710	1.1	2.2	1.8	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 4945	2971	1.2	3.4	1.3	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 4969	3187	1.8	2.9	1.4	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 4973	3223	1.3	3.6	1.2	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 4977	3259	0.7	1.9	1.4	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 4995	3424	0.8	2.5	1.2	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 5001	3478	0.6	1.9	1.0	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 5005	3514	1.2	3.4	1.1	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 5007	3532	1.1	2.3	1.2	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 5025	3694	2.1	4.5	1.2	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 5035	3793	1.3	5.4	1.3	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 5048	3901	2.1	5.5	1.3	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I
I	M 5066	4063	1.5	4.8	1.2	I
I	:	:	:	:	:	I

DATE : 29 - 9 - 82.

**KU**

Visual Kerogen Analysis

TABLE NO.: VIII
SECTION.: 35/3-5

Sample	Height	Composition of residue	Particle size	Preservation palynomorphs	Thermal maturation index	Remarks
M-4857	2110	WR!, W, P, S/Am Cy	F-M	fair to good	1+, 1+/-	Mostly well dispersed material. Some pyrite. Abundant inertinite or reworked woody material. Very small indigenous vitrinite particles.
M-4917	2700-2710	Am/W	F-M	poor	1+/-	Small rounded aggregates of granulate structure. Some vitrinite and resin fragments. Strongly degraded material.
M-4945	2962-2971	WR!, W, P, S/Am, Cy	F-M	good to fair	1/1+, 2	Pyrite is fairly abundant in a well dispersed residue. Abundant inertinite and reworked semifusinite/fusinite. Too dark to be indigenous. Cysts seem somewhat stained. Some walnut shells.

ABBREVIATIONS

m Amorphous
e Herbaceous
ut Cuticles

Cy Cysts, algae
P Pollen grains
S Spores

W Woody material
C Coal
R! Reworked

F Fine
M Medium
L Large

- 64 -

**IKU**

Visual Kerogen Analysis

TABLE NO.:
SECTION.: 35/3-5

Sample	Height	Composition of residue	Particle size	Preservation palynomorphs	Thermal maturation index	Remarks
M-4965	3142-3151	WR!, W/Am, Cy (R? Cy)	F-M	good	1/1+, 2-/2	Abundant pyrite. Amorphous material as loose aggregates. Two cyst assemblages, either mixed lithologies or reworking. Inertinite and rew. semifusinite/fusinite.
M-4969(A)	3178-3187	WR!, W/Am, Cy (R! Cy)	F-M	good	1+- 1+/2-	Indigenous vitrinite is probably subordinate. WR! includes inertinite, vitrinite and semifusinite/fusinite.
M-4969	3178-3187	W, WR!, P/Am, Cy	F-M	good to fair	1/1+, 1+/2-	Sparse residue. Some mudadd (nut shells). Etched indigenous vitrinite is subordinate. Abundant pyrite. Indigenous semifusinite.
M-4973(A)	3214-3223	W, WR!/Am, Cy (Cysts)	F-M	good	2-, 2-/2	Loose aggregates. Abundant pyrite. Foramlings, hyphae. Well preserved Cretaceous cysts. Resembles the residue above.

- 65 -

ABBREVIATIONS

Am Amorphous
He Herbaceous
Cut Cuticles

Cy Cysts, algae
P Pollen grains
S Spores

W Woody material
C Coal
R! Reworked

F Fine
M Medium
L Large



Visual Kerogen Analysis

TABLE NO.:
SECTION.: 35/3-5

Sample	Height	Composition of residue	Particle size	Preservation palynomorphs	Thermal maturation index	Remarks
M-4973(B) cl.st.	3223	W, WR!, Cut, P/Am, Cy	F-M	good	1/1+, 1+/2-	<u>Botryococcus</u> . Fossils as in M-4973A. Very abundant pyrite! Terrestrial material more varied. Etched vitrinite.
M-4977	3250-3259	W, WR!, Cut, P/Am, Cy	F-M	good to fair	1/1+, 1+ - 1+/2-	Aggregates of organic/-unorganic material. Material related to M-4972 A and B. Aggregates.
M-4995	3424	W, WR!, Cut, P/Am, Cy	F-M	good to fair	1+, 1+/2-	Woody material includes fairly large fragments of semifusinite/fusinite. Fungi hyphae and pyrite.
M-5001	3469-3478	W, WR!, Cut, P/Am, Cy	F-M-L	good	1/1+, 2-/2, 2	Woody material is very varied and well preserved and probably reflects a very specialized, partly oxidative environment. Some etched vitrinite.

ABBREVIATIONS

Am Amorphous
le Herbaceous
Cut Cuticles

Cy Cysts, algae
P Pollen grains
S Spores

W Woody material
C Coal
R! Reworked

F Fine
M Medium
L Large

**IKU**

Visual Kerogen Analysis

TABLE NO.:
SECTION.: 35/3-5

Sample	Height	Composition of residue	Particle size	Preservation palynomorphs	Thermal maturation index	Remarks
M-5005	3514-	W, WR!, Cut, P/Am, Cy	F-M-L	good	2-/2	Abundant pyrite, cysts less abundant than above. Resemblance with woody material of M-5001, but less variation.
M-5007	3523-3532	WR!, W, Cut, P/Am, Cy	F-M-L	good	2-/2	
M-5025	3685-3694	W, Cut, WR!, P, S/Am, Cy	F-M-L	good	2-/2 - 2	Abundant pyrite. Varied and well preserved woody remains. Tough cuticular fragments. Mainly indigenous material.
M-5035	3793	W, Cut, WR!, P, S/Am, Cy	F-M-L	good to fair	1/1+, 2-/2 - 2	As in M-5025 cysts are in relatively low numbers. An oxidative environment.
M-5048	3901	Cut, W, P,S, WR!/Am	F-M-L	fair to poor	2-/2 - 2	Strong sapropelisation. Abundant but poorly preserved cuticles dominate.
M-5060	4063	Cut, W, S, P, WR!/Am	F-M-L	fair	2-/2 - 2	Abundant spores, pollen, cuticles. Abundant <u>Botryococcus</u> colonies. Mainly indigenous sapropelized material.

ABBREVIATIONS

Am Amorphous
le Herbaceous
Cut CuticlesCy Cysts, algae
P Pollen grains
S SporesW Woody material
C Coal
R! ReworkedF Fine
M Medium
L Large

IKU



VITRINITE REFLECTANCE MEASUREMENTS

TABLE NO.: IX
WELL NO. 35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	Vitrinite reflectance	Fluorescence in UV light	Exinite content
M-4847	2000-2010	0.50 (1)	Nil	Nil
M-4869	2220-2230	0.61 (3)	Dull mineral fluorescence	Nil
M-4885	2380-2390	0.53 (7)	Nil	Nil
M-4899	2520-2530	0.68 (3)	Dull green minerals and one mid-orange spore	Trace (?)
M-4917	2700-2710	N.D.P.	Nil	Nil
M-4945	2962-2971	0.62 (7)	Nil	Nil
M-4959	3088-3097	0.50 (15)	Nil	Nil
M-4969	3178-3187	0.57 (7)	Nil	Nil
M-4981	3286-3295	0.58 (13)	Nil	Nil
M-4995	3412-3421	0.56 (9)	Nil	Nil
M-5013	3577-3586	0.60 (1)	Nil	Nil



VITRINITE REFLECTANCE MEASUREMENTS

TABLE NO.:

WELL NO.

35/3-5

Sample	Depth (m)	Vitrinite reflectance	Fluorescence in UV light	Exinite content
M-5032	3757- 3766	0.59 (25)	Strong green mineral fluorescence, orange bitumen and yellow spores	Low
M-5048	3892- 3901	0.57 (20)	Low-orange spores	Trace
M-5058	3982- 3991	0.67 (19)	Yellow algae and low-orange and mid-orange spores	Moderate to abundant
M-5066	4054- 4063	0.53 (22)	Green/yellow algae and dull bitumen fluorescence	Trace-low

TABLE X

ROCK EVAL PYROLYSES

35/3-5

I	IKU	DEPTH	S1	S2	S3	TOC	HYDR. INDEX	OXYGEN INDEX	OIL OF GAS CONTENT	PROD. INDEX	TEMP. MAX
I	No.									S1	(C)
I		m/ft	(%)						S1+S2	S1+S2	
I	M 5009	3550	0.15	0.25	0.42	1.65	15	25	0.40	0.37	435
I	M 5013	3586	0.10	0.41	0.41	2.05	20	20	0.51	0.20	438
I	M 5017	3622	0.14	0.68	0.54	2.15	32	25	0.82	0.17	437
I	M 5021	3658	0.06	0.56	0.26	2.05	27	13	0.62	0.10	437
I	M 5025	3694	0.19	0.46	0.26	1.86	25	14	0.65	0.29	439
I	M 5029	3730	0.42	0.37	0.62	1.75	21	35	0.79	0.53	439
I	M 5033	3775	0.18	0.66	0.42	1.81	36	23	0.84	0.21	440
I	M 5035	3793	0.27	0.95	0.48	1.41	67	34	1.22	0.22	439
I	M 5039	3829	0.07	0.99	0.24	1.52	65	16	1.06	0.07	440
I	M 5042	3847	0.25	1.79	0.63	1.77	101	36	2.04	0.12	435
I	M 5046	3883	0.63	2.94	0.62	2.27	130	27	3.57	0.18	436
I	M 5048	3901	0.45	4.40	0.59	3.16	139	19	4.85	0.09	437
I	M 5043	3946	0.27	2.15	0.57	1.88	114	30	2.42	0.11	439
I	M 5056	3973	0.31	2.46	0.48	1.60	154	30	2.77	0.11	444
I	M 5058	3991	0.18	2.78	0.79	1.98	140	40	2.96	0.06	445
I	M 5062	4027	0.32	2.84	0.25	2.16	131	12	3.16	0.10	436
I	M 5064	4045	0.39	3.25	0.37	2.31	141	16	3.64	0.11	444
I	M 5066	4063	0.44	4.94	0.40	2.63	188	15	5.38	0.08	439

DATE : 31 - 8 - 82.