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EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION DIVISION

GCB/19/83

FEBRUARY 1983

GEOCHEMISTRY BRANCH

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF SEDIMENTS FROM THE
WELL 6507/10-1, HALTENBANKEN AREA, OFFSHORE NORWAY

By

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Memorandum



To Dr A. M. Spencer
BP Petroleum Development, Norway

From Dr H.A. Bockmeulen
Geochemistry Branch, Sunbury

Ourref GCB/19/83

Date 15th February 1983

Your ref

Subject GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF SEDIMENTS FROM THE WELL 6507/10-1

Please find attached Helen Ward's and Rosemary Woodhouse's interpretation of the geochemical data.

We are still not satisfied with the quality and results of the core extraction work and have therefore decided not to include them in the report in order to get the sediment data to you. The problem is being sure whether or not the hydrocarbons extracted from the core represent migrated oil or not. We will forward our interpretation as soon as we can.

I hope this solution is acceptable to you.

Regards.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'H. Bockmeulen', with a horizontal line underneath.

H.A. BOCKMEULEN
Ext 8249

JDD

DATA BANK SUMMARY SHEET

Coordinates of area and/or wells described.

65°13'10.78"N 7°14'01.01"E

Country/Area:

OFFSHORE NORWAY (NORTH OF 62°)

Basin(s):

HALTENBANKEN

Stratigraphic range covered:

JURASSIC - TERTIARY

Report does ~~not~~ contain significant well data.

Keywords:

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ENCLOSURE 1

1. INTRODUCTION

The well 6507/10-1 is situated offshore Norway (Haltenbanken area) at 65° 13' 10.78"N 7° 14' 01.01"E. The sediments penetrated range in age from Triassic to Tertiary (TD 3698m). They comprise mudstones and siltstones, which are interbedded with sandstones and coals within the Lower Jurassic interval.

Geochemical analyses were undertaken to determine the maturity and source potential of these sediments. Sidewall cores and 30m cuttings composites were analysed, with the depths quoted in the text representing the top of the interval.

2. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

a) Maturity

Measurement of vitrinite reflectance shows an increase in maturity with depth in the well. Those values considered reliable were used for statistical correlation. The Oil Generation Threshold ($R_o = 0.55\%$) is predicted in the depth range $3674 \pm 341\text{m}$ which places it around T.D. in this well (fig.1). Spore colours observed under transmitted and ultraviolet light also suggest the succession penetrated is essentially immature.

Eleven samples of Jurassic age were selected for soluble extract studies. The generation indices in all instances strongly suggest no significant hydrocarbon generation has yet commenced. Although the variation in the CPI apparently indicates the Kimmeridge and Heather Fm sediments are more mature than the underlying Coal Unit, this is due to the greater contribution of terrestrial organic matter in the latter sediments which most strongly influences the CPI.

Similarly conflicting data were obtained from GC-MS studies. Data from Coal Unit sediments suggest these are mature for hydrocarbon generation but the sterane and triterpane interpretations were hampered by the co-elution of a component beneath the C_{30} sterane peak and the ratios calculated may not be reliable. It is possible that bitumen has been analysed within some of the shallower samples, which may account for the anomalously high maturity levels indicated (Table 8).

On the basis of the data obtained, it is concluded that the Oil Generation Threshold lies at the base of this well. The lower Coal Unit sediments may have just commenced generation but the rest of the section penetrated is still immature.

b) Source Potential

Rock-Eval pyrolysis data indicate insignificant source potential in the Cretaceous and Tertiary sediments (1620-2780m). Hydrocarbon yields range from 0-0.7kg/tonne (average = 0.3kg/tonne). Within the Kimmeridgian and ~~top Heather Formations~~ (2785-2825m) the potential yields are very high, five of the seven samples pyrolysed yielding 21.0 to 67.9kg/tonne of hydrocarbons. These sediments are extremely rich in organic material (TOC = 6.2 - 12.1%wt) which is shown to be essentially oil prone by visual kerogen descriptions and Pyrolysis Gas Chromatography (PGC).

Siltstones and shales picked from the Mid to Lower Jurassic intervals give variable pyrolysis yields, ranging from 0-35.8 kg/tonne. There are several apparently rich source intervals within this section which have moderate to good organic richness (TOC = 1.9 - 7.9 %wt) and are oil to oil/subordinate gas prone. These potential source horizons are of unknown thickness and lateral extent and may even represent cavings from the Kimmeridge Clay Formation.

As would be expected, the Jurassic Coal Unit has extremely good source potential ($P_2 = 240 - 246$ kg/tonne) and is highly rich in organic matter (TOC = 10.9 - 61.2 %wt). The kerogen is predominantly gas prone (GOGI = 0.34 - 0.55) although source potential to generate liquid hydrocarbons may be expected.

Examination of the organic material shows the environmental changes within the sediments of 6507/10-1; from the marine Cretaceous interval to the terrestrially derived Jurassic Coal Unit. The Lower to Middle Jurassic interbedded sandstone, siltstone and mudstone sequence reflects the alternating terrigenous and marine influxes which accompanied the regression. Carbon isotope values range from $\delta^{13}C = -29.8^{\circ}/\text{oo}$ to $-24.4^{\circ}/\text{oo}$, the variations again showing changes from terrestrial to marine environments of deposition.

The n-alkane distributions of the coal unit samples (fig.3) clearly show the terrestrial nature of the organic material and this is also evident from GCMS data (figs. 6-11).

The presence of triterpane X in sediments at 2810m and 3290m (figs 6 + 8) could be a good oil-source correlation factor in the future.

3. CONCLUSIONS

1. Maturity data for this well indicate the Oil Generation Threshold lies at the base of the drilled section.
2. The Kimmeridge and top Heather Formations have good to excellent oil source potential.
3. Several intervals within the lower to middle Jurassic sandstone-siltstone section show moderate to very good source potential for oil and oil/subordinate gas. The thickness and lateral extent of these intervals is unknown.
4. The Jurassic coal unit shows excellent source potential, predominantly for gas. Minor oil generation may have commenced at the base of the well.
5. The organic material in the sediments reflects the change in environment of deposition from marine (Cretaceous) to terrestrial (Jurassic Coal Unit)

TABLE 1

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1
LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH (m)	REFLECTANCE VALUES(%R _o)	COMMENTS
1500	.37(22)	VL/MOD BS/VST+PAR SUB I - Y/O(SPORES)
1590	.43(12)	TR PHY/F BW+OCC VW+I PAR - Y/O(SPORES)
1650	.31(17)	LIGHT BS/VL PHY/PAR V - Y-LTO(SPORES)
1740	.32(20)	BS/TR V+I PAR+W - Y+YO(SPORES)
1830	.34(20)	L-MOD BS/VL PHY/V PAR+W PAR+TR I - Y+YO(SPORES)
2010	.22(3), .41(8)	PL SML BW+LIGHT BS/TR I PAR+V PAR+W - Y/O(SPORES)
2040	.3(1)	BW+LIGHT BS/BAR TWO I PAR+ONE V - Y/O(SPORES)
2130	0(0)	NDP/GN BW+BS/TR PHY/SML GN PAR/I+RM - Y/O(SPORES)
2220	.42(20)	BW+BS/MOD PHY/I+R PAR/TR V PAR - Y-LTO(SPORES)
2310	.36(9)	BW+BS/MOD PHY/ALMOST WH PAR TR V PAR - Y+YO(SPORES)
2400	.42(11)	LIGHT BS+W/MOD PHY/MAIN I+R PAR/TR V PAR -Y+YO(SPO)
2550	.36(7), .5(6)	BW+MOD BS/MOD PHY/I+R PAR/TR V PAR - Y+YO(SPORES)
2550	.64(1)	BW+MOD BS/MOD PHY/I+R PAR/TR V PAR - Y+YO(SPORES)
2610	.66(2), .48(7)	L-MOD PHY/SML GN PAR I+RM/TR V PAR - Y+YO(SPORES)
2700	.6(13), .47(6)	BW/MOD PHY/I+R PAR+SUB V PAR - Y+Y/O(SPORES)
2700	.7(1)	BW/MOD PHY/I+R PAR+SUB V PAR - Y+Y/O(SPORES)
2871	.44(20) <i>Healizer</i>	MOD BS+BW/MOD PHY/R+I PAR/TR V PAR - Y/O+LTO(SPORE
2992	.44(7) <i>Dross</i>	TR PHY/F R+TRUE V PAR - Y/O(SPORES)
3037	.41(13), .59(7)	OCC BW+BS/L-MOD PHY/R PAR+TR V PAR - Y-LTO(SPORES)
3149	.43(19), .63(1)	BW+BS/L-MOD PHY/I+R PAR+TR V - Y/O+LTO(SPORES)
3250	.53(20) <i>Cook</i>	OCC BW/LOW PHY/I+R PAR+SUB VW+PAR - Y/O(SPORES)
3322	.55(20)	PL BW/BS/MOD PHY/LOT R PAR/I/TR V PAR-Y/YO+LTO(SPO
3450	.55(20)	BW/MOD PHY/VW+VST+LGN FR - LTO(SPORES)
3506	.53(20)	V+LIPTINITE S I - LTO(SPORES+CUTICLES)
3603	.57(3)	MOD PHY/I+R PAR/F V PAR - LTO(SPORES+HC SP)
3667	.55(20)	F BW/MOD CONT OF INCL COAL FR - LTO(SPORES+HC SP)

FIGURES IN PARENTHESES INDICATE NUMBER OF READINGS
SEE LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS OVERLEAF

TABLE 1A

VITRINITE TABLE ABBREVIATIONS

ANS - ANISOTROPIC	B - BITUMEN
BS - BITUMEN STAINING	BW - BITUMEN WISPS
BAR - VIRTUALLY BARREN	CAV - CAVED
CARB - CARBARGILITE	COR - CORRODED
→ CTGS - CUTTINGS	DD - DIFFERENTIATION DIFFICULT
DMA - DRILLING MUD ADDITIVE	DOM - DOMINANT
F - FEW	FL - FLUORESCENCE
FR - FRAGMENTS	G - GOOD
GN - GNARLED	GRAN - GRANULARITY
I - INERTINITE	INST - INTERSTITIAL
IGN - IGNEOUS TRACES	IRON - IRON OXIDES
L - LOW ORGANIC CONTENT	LGN - LIGNITE
LOW - LOWEST REFLECTANCES MEASURED	M - MOSTLY
MOD - MODERATE ORGANIC CONTENT	NDP - NO DETERMINATION POSSIBLE
NTV - NO TRUE VITRINITE	OBS - OVERALL BITUMEN STAINING
OCC - OCCASIONAL	OX - INDICATIONS OF OXIDATION
P - POOR	PAR - PARTICLES
PL - PLENTIFUL-PLENTY	POS - POSSIBLY
R - REWORKED	RM - REWORKED MATERIAL
RO - REFLECTANCE MEASUREMENT	RES - RESIN
RICH - RICH-HIGH ORGANIC CONTENT	S - SOME
SC - SCRUFFY	SH - SHALE
SLT - SILTSTONE	SML - SMALL
SP - SPECKS	SUB - SUBORDINATE
STC - STRUCTURE	STR - STRONGLY
TB - TURBO-DRILLED	TR - TRACE
TEL - TELINITIC	V - VITRINITE
VL - V. LOW ORGANIC CONTENT	VW - VITRINITE WISPS
VAR - VARIABLE (HIGH) RO	VST - VITRINITE STRINGERS
W - WISPS-WISPY	WH - WHOLLY
* - ALLOCTHONOUS	= - EQUAL PROPORTIONS
? - QUESTIONABLE	
BL - BLEBS	PHY - PHYTOCLASTS (CONTENT)

(SPORE FLUORESCENCE COLOURS UNDER U.V. LIGHT)

G - GREEN	Y - YELLOW
O - ORANGE	R - RED
LT - LIGHT	M - MID
D - DEEP	P - PALE

TABLE 2

VISUAL KEROGEN DESCRIPTIONS

WELL: 6507/10-1
 LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH(M) SPORE COLOUR ESTIMATED SOURCE POTENTIAL

162	2	MOD OIL
1770	2	MOD-GOOD OIL
2010	2-2/3	NONE
2220	2-2/3	NONE
2310	2/3	NONE
2550	2-2/3	POOR OIL/GAS
2700	3	NONE-POOR OIL/GAS
2730	3	NONE-POOR OIL/GAS
2900	n.d.	NONE
3016	3	MOD GAS
3149	3	GOOD OIL/SUB GAS
3250	3	NONE
3278	3	GOOD GAS
3279	3	GOOD GAS
3280	3-3/4	GOOD GAS

Test

Coal

Grout

Drake

Coal

TABLE 3

ROCK-EVAL AND PYROLYSIS DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1
 LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH (m)	P1 KG/TONNE	P2 KG/TONNE	GOGI	TOC (%wt)	HYDROGEN INDEX	
1620	0	.1				
1680	0	.3				
1770	0	1				
1830	0	.7	9			
1890	0	.4				
1980	0	.1				
2010	0	.5				
2040	0	.5				
2130	0	0				
2220	0	.2				
2310	0	.2				
2400	0	.3				
2610	0	.5				
2700	0	.2	8			
2760	0	.3				
2775	0	.2				
2780	.1	.3				
2785 x	2.1	67.7	.14	10.9	621	
2790 x	.2	59.3	.22	8.6	689	
2797 x	1.1	42.2	.28	8.5	496	
2803 x	1	21.9	.19			Kimberly Clay
2808 x	0	.1				
Kim 2810 x	1.3	50.4	.25	9.6	525	
2831 x	.1 5.8	1.4		1.9	73	
2837 x	.2	1.3		2.5	52	
2840 x	.1	.2		8.4	2	
Heather 2843 x	.1	.3		.84	35	
2848 x	.1	.4		1.2	33	Heather
2862 x	.1	0				
2871 x	0	0				
2877 x	.1	.5		.96	52	
Brent 2990 x	.5	23.8	.26	5.6	425	self at base Brent
2992 x	0	0				
3016 c	.1	.4		.8	50	
Drake 3020 c	.7	32.9	.2	7.9	416	Drake
3037 c	.1	1.8		1.9	94	
3120 x	.2	5.7	.24			
3149 x	.3	5.4	.21	2.1	257	
Cook 3200 x	.1	0				
3225 o	.3	2.7	.38	2.4	112	Cook
3250 x	.2	.3		1	30	
3290 o	1.2	35.8	.2	5	716	
3342 o	0	0				
3374 x	.2	1		1.4	71	
3400 x	.3	3.1		3	103	Coal Unit
3462 x	5.6	245	.55	65.8	372	
3472 x	8.6	240	.38			
3499 x	.8	30.2	.39	10.9	277	

TABLE 3 CTD

ROCK-EVAL AND PYROLYSIS DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1
 LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH (M)		P1 KG/TONNE	P2 KG/TONNE	GOGI	TOC (%wt)	HYDROGEN INDEX
3506	- s coal	9.4	246	<u>.34</u>	61.2	403
3550	- s mud	0	0			
3598	- s ssl	0	0			
3603.9	- s mud	0	0			

NOTE:- GOGI VALUE IS A NUMERICAL REPRESENTATION OF THE SOURCE POTENTIAL OF A SAMPLE AT ITS PRESENT MATURITY. INTERPRETATION WITHOUT REFERENCE TO PYROLYSATE DISTRIBUTION & MATURITY MAY BE MISLEADING !

TABLE 3A

KEROGEN PYROLYSATE DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1

Sample Depth	Zwt in P2						GOGI
	C1	C2-C5	C6-C9	C10-C13	C14-C22	C23-C36	C1-C5 C6-C36
2785	7.8	4.5	21.2	17.2	30.9	18.4	.14
2790	15.1	2.7	15.6	17.8	30.1	18.1	.22
2797	20.3	1.3	12	15.6	31.4	19.4	.28
2803	9.8	6.4	16.2	18.3	31.4	17.9	.19
2810	17.7	2.4	12.6	14.9	30.6	21.8	.25
2990	18.4	2.5	17.3	18.5	28.6	14.7	.26
3020	11.4	5.3	16.2	16.8	30.4	19.9	.2
3120	13.1	6.3	15.1	18	31.1	16.4	.24
3149	13.2	4.1	17.4	18.6	30.7	10	.21
3225	20.9	6.6	17.1	18.1	25.8	11.5	.38
3290	10.2	6.7	16.5	17.2	29.8	19.6	.2

Clay
 Kimm.
 Drake
 Cook

TABLE 3A

KEROGEN PYROLYSATE DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1

Sample Depth	%wt in P2						GOGI
	C1	C2-C5	C6-C9	C10-C13	C14-C22	C23-C36	
3462	32.8	2.6	8.5	12.7	24.5	18.9	.55
3472	23	4.7	13	14.1	27	18.2	.38
3499	18.7	9.4	14.6	13.9	25.7	17.7	.39
3506	21.3	4	16.7	14.6	26.6	16.8	.34

Coat Chart

TABLE 4
LITHOLOGY AND TOC DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1 ADDITIONAL DATA
LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH(M)	AGE/FM	PICKED LITHOLOGY	%TOC	%CARBONATE
1620	TERT/HORDALAND	SHALE-C	0.82	.36
1680	TERT/HORDALAND	SHALE-C	0.48	3.6
1770	TERT/HORDALAND	SHALE-C	1.4	7.6
1830	TERT/HORDALAND	SHALE-C	0.89	.41
1860	TERT/HORDALAND	SHALE-C	0.71	5.8
1980	CRET/BALDER	SHALE-C	0.32	1.1
2010	CRET/BALDER	SHALE-C	0.75	.19
2040	CRET/BALDER	SHALE-C	0.88	1.9
2130	CRET/SHETLAND	SHALE-C	0.45	.5
2220	CRET/SHETLAND	SHALE-C	0.94	.08
2310	CRET/SHETLAND	SHALE-C	1	.29
2400	CRET/SHETLAND	SHALE-C	0.98	.09
2610	CRET/SHETLAND	SHALE-C	0.9	.19
2700	CRET/SHETLAND	SHALE-C	1	.06
2760	CRET/SHETLAND	SHALE-C	3.4	43.5
2775	CRET/SHETLAND	MDST-S	0.54	16.6
2780	CRET/SHETLAND	LST-S	0.73	57.8

SAMPLE TYPES :-
N-CORE SAMPLE
S-SIDEWALL CORE

O-OUTCROP
C-CUTTINGS

TABLE 4 CTD
LITHOLOGY AND TOC DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1
LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH(M)	AGE/FM	PICKED LITHOLOGY	%TOC	%CARBONATE	
2785	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	10.9	10.4	
2790	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	8.6	.09	
2797	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	8.5	.47	
2801	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	6.2	.35	
2808	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	0.21	7.6	<i>Kimm</i>
2810	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	9.6	.13	
2825	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	12.1	2.8	
2828	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	1.7	7.2	
2831	U. JUR/KIMM	MDST-S	1.9	1.3	
2837	U JUR/HEATHER	MDST-S	2.5	.17	
2840	U JUR/HEATHER	MDST-C	8.4	.24	
2843	U. JUR/HEATHER	SILTST-S	0.84	.86	
2848	U. JUR/HEATHER	CARB SILTST-S	1.2	1.2	<i>Heather</i>
2862	U. JUR/HEATHER	SILTST-S	0.5	16	
2871	U. JUR/HEATHER	SILTST-S	0.74	.25	
2877	M JUR SILTST FM	MDST-S	0.96	.43	
2990	M JUR SST FM	MDST-C	5.6	.18	
2992	M JUR SST FM	SILTST-S	0.17	.3	
3016	L JUR SILTST FM	SILTST-S	0.8	.53	<i>Draker</i>
3020	L JUR SILTST FM	MDST-C	7.9	5.9	
3037	L JUR SILTST FM	SILTST-S	1.9	.2	
3149	L JUR SST FM	SILTST-S	2.1	.17	
3200	L JUR SST FM	SILTST-S	0.1	.34	
3225	L JUR SST FM	SILTST/SST-S	2.4	2.1	<i>Cook</i>
3250	L JUR SST FM	SILTST/SST-S	1	.27	
3290	L JUR SST FM	SILTST-C	5	3.4	
3342	L JUR COAL UNIT	SST-S	0.13	.5	
3374	L JUR COAL UNIT	SST/COAL-S	1.4	.4	
3400	L JUR COAL UNIT	SST/CARB MDST-S	3	.46	
3462	L JUR COAL UNIT	COAL-S	65.8	16.3	<i>Coal Unit</i>
3499	L JUR COAL UNIT	MDST-S	10.9	.28	
3506	L JUR COAL UNIT	COAL-S	61.2	.96	
3550	L JUR COAL UNIT	MDST-S	0.62	1.9	
3598	L JUR COAL UNIT	SST-S	0.13	3.1	
3603	L JUR COAL UNIT	CARB MDST-S	1.1	6.6	

SAMPLE TYPES :-
N-CORE SAMPLE
S-SIDEWALL CORE

O-OUTCROP
C-CUTTINGS

TABLE 5
 SEDIMENTS SOLUBLE EXTRACT DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1
 LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH (m)	TOC %wt	TSE/TOC o/oo	SAC/TOC o/oo	CPI	ASPHALTENES %wt
2785	10.9	46	4	1.11	28.9
2797	8.5	40	3	1	35.2
2810	9.6	26	2	1.01	36.1
3020	7.9	36	3	1.12	35.5
3037	.89	33	12	1.25	n.d.
3120	1.9	26	7	1.42	n.d.
3149	2.1	2	5	1.43	n.d.
3290	5	36	6	1.18	n.d.
3472	54.7	16	2	1.27	42.2
3499	10.9	11	1	1.23	52.3
3506	61.2	2	1	1.28	48.4

Keim

Drake

Cook

Coal Unit

TABLE 6
 SEDIMENTS SOLUBLE EXTRACT DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1
 LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH(M)	%SAC	%TSE	PRIST/PHYT	PRIST/C-17	PHYT/C-18	
2785	10.44	.51	1.66	2.59	1.7	
2797	9.54	.34	1.53	2.64	1.8	<i>Kimm</i>
2810	10.26	.25	2.52	4.31	1.62	
2880.5	30.9	.001	N.D.P.	N.D.P.	N.D.P.	<i>Brent</i>
3020	9.94	.29	1.74	3.34	2.05	
3037	37.29	.03	4.02	2.06	.56	<i>Drake</i>
3073	22.7	.002	1.22	.62	.57	
3120	29.92	.05	4.04	3.83	.92	
3149	24.31	.05	5.01	2.73	.67	<i>Cook</i>
3290	17.4	.18	1.84	2.78	1.74	
3472	15.05	.88	7.19	3.22	.38	
3499	13.8	.13	5.73	2.28	.32	<i>Coal</i>
3506	11.05	.18	6.95	5.93	.84	

TABLE 7
 CARBON ISOTOPES DATA

WELL: 6507/10-1
 LOCATION: OFFSHORE NORWAY

DEPTH (m)	ISOTOPE RATIO PERMIL	SAMPLE TYPE	
SWC 2785	-29.8	KEROGEN	
SWC 2797	-28	KEROGEN	<i>Kimin</i>
SWC 2810	-25.4	KEROGEN	
C 2880.5	-27.8	CORE EXTRACT(TSE)	<i>Brent</i>
SWC 3020	-27.4	KEROGEN	
SWC 3037	-27	KEROGEN	<i>Drake</i>
C 3073	-26.8	CORE EXTRACT(TSE)	
SWC 3120	-26.5	KEROGEN	<i>Cook</i>
SWC 3149	-26.5	KEROGEN	
SWC 3210	-26.8	KEROGEN	
SWC 3472	-25.6	KEROGEN	
SWC 3499	-25.7	KEROGEN	<i>Coal U</i>
SWC 3506	-28.3	KEROGEN	

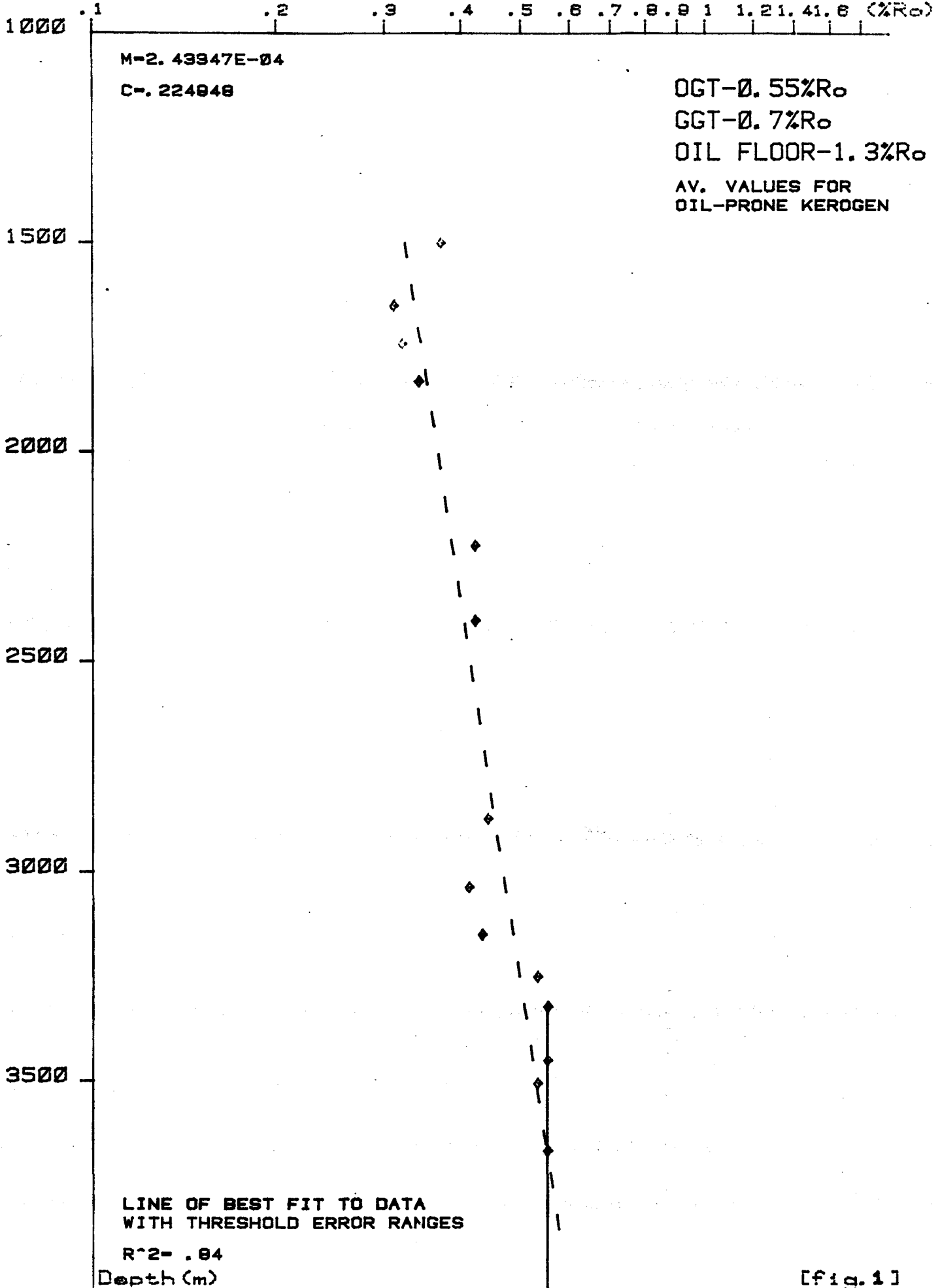
C-13/C-12 ISOTOPE RATIOS RELATIVE TO PDB STANDARD
 SECONDARY STANDARD: NBS-22 AT -29.4 PERMIL

TABLE 8

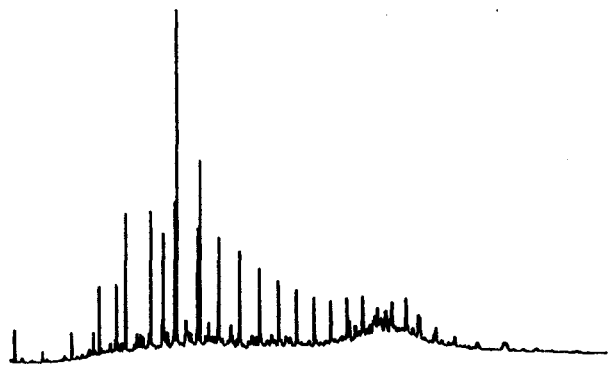
MOLECULAR PARAMETERS GC/MS ANALYSIS

PARAMETER CODE	2810m	3120m	3290m	3472m	3499m	3506m
H1	0.56	0.50	0.53	0.58	0.58	0.57
H2	0.53	0.54	0.55	0.57	0.57	0.68
H3	0.83	0.75	0.76	0.76	0.75	0.75
S1	0.46	0.24	0.27	0.48	0.48	0.54
S2	0.57	0.28	0.45	0.39	0.36	0.42
S3	-	23.4:12.9:63.7	30.6:28.4:40.9	6.6:14.3:79.1	8.1:19.7:72.2	12.9:17.1:69.9

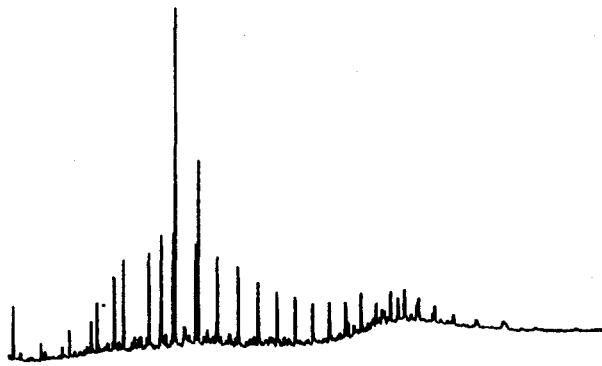
Vitrinite Reflectance Analysis for well: 6507/10-1



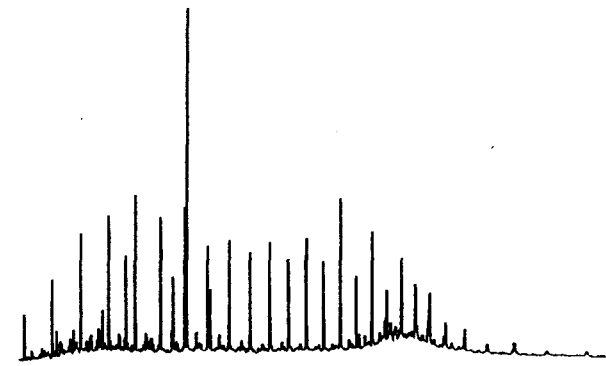
[fig. 1]



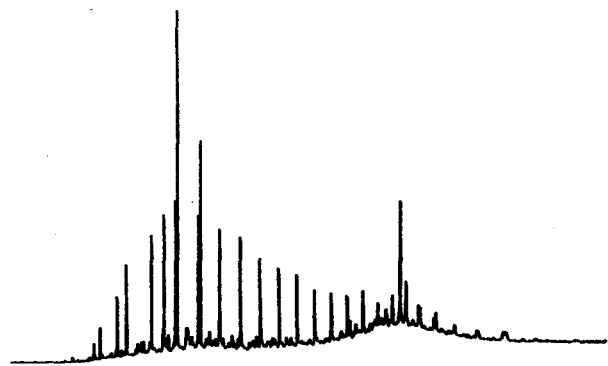
SAMPLE: 2785m



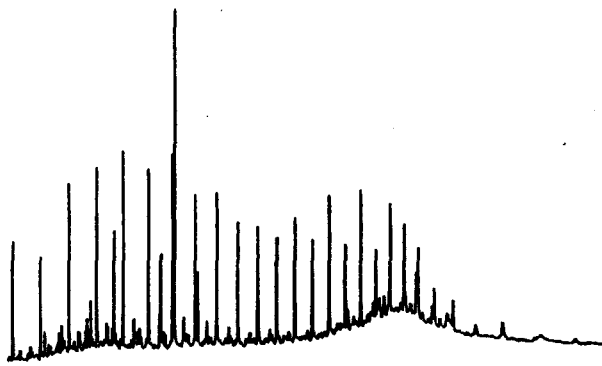
SAMPLE: 3028m



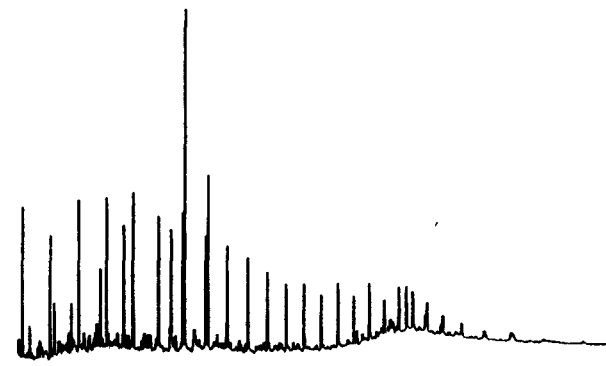
SAMPLE: 3149m



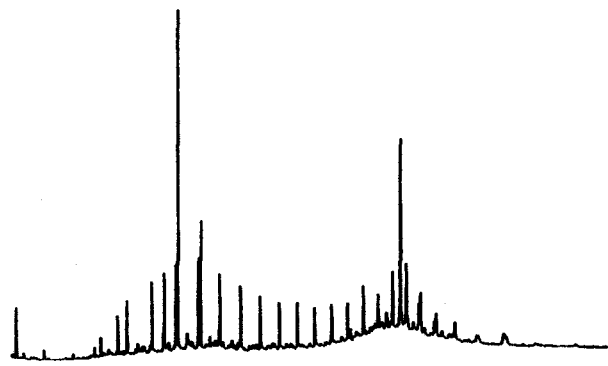
SAMPLE: 2797m



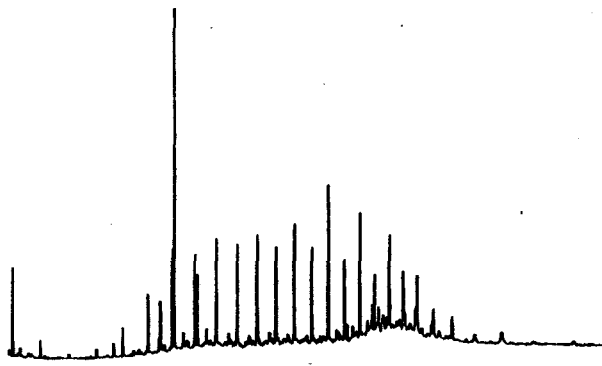
SAMPLE: 3097m



SAMPLE: 3298m



SAMPLE: 2910m

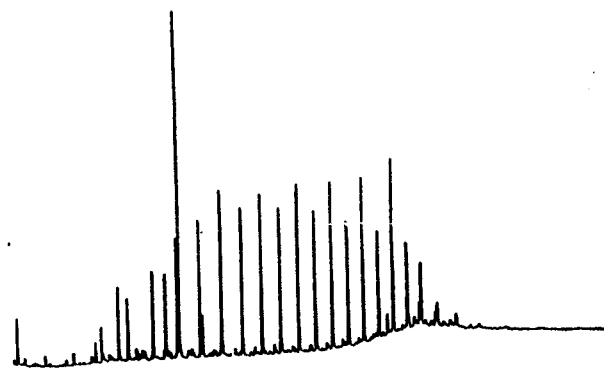


SAMPLE: 3120m

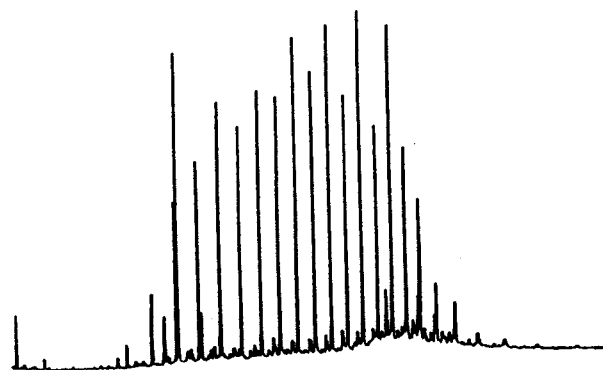
GEOCHEMISTRY BRANCH, BP SUNBURY

SAC FRACTION GAS CHROMATOGRAMS

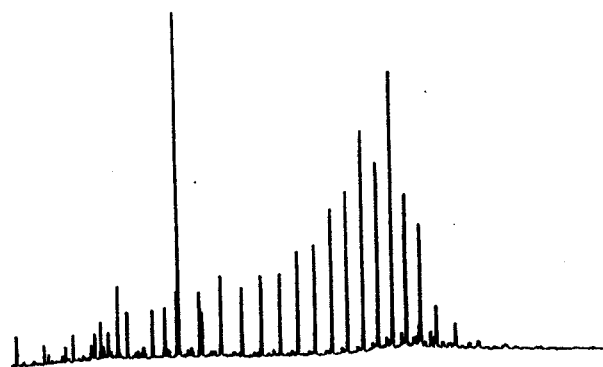
Fig. 2



SAMPLE: 9472M



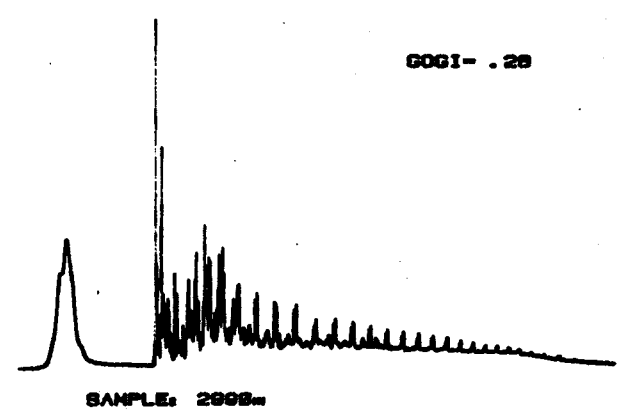
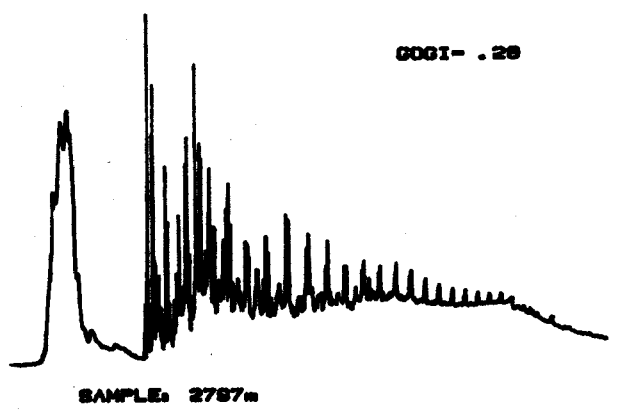
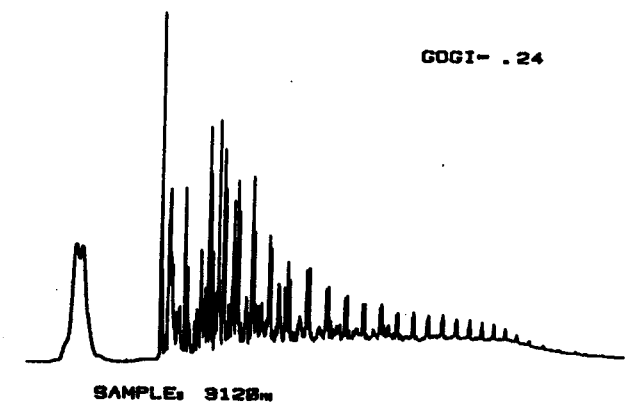
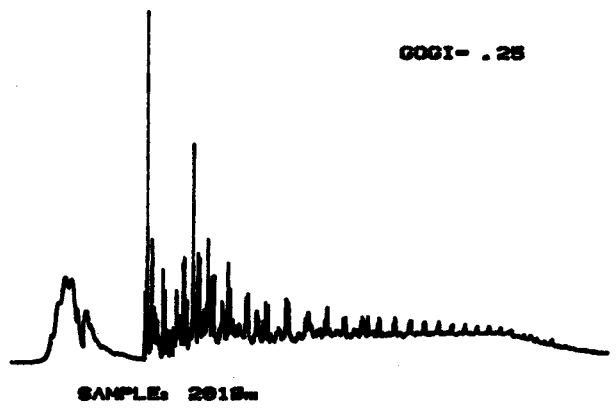
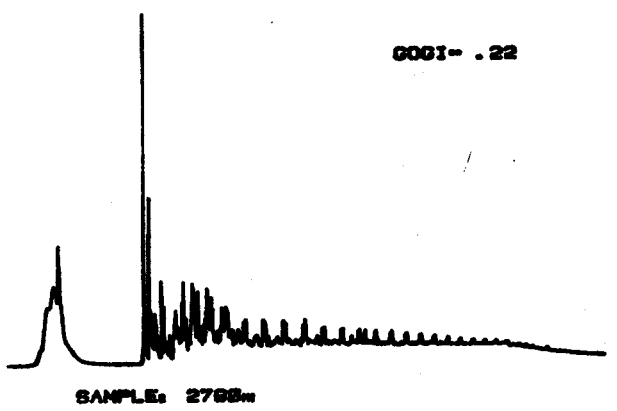
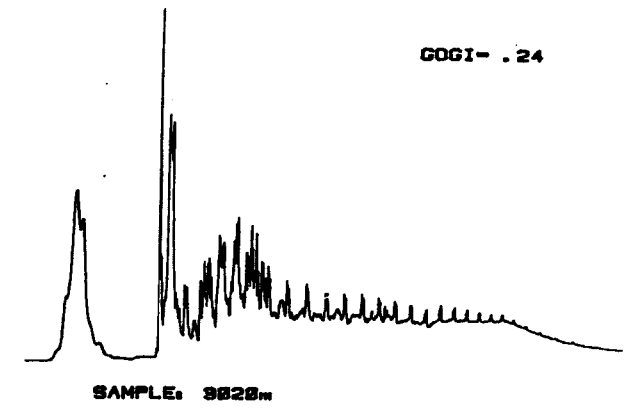
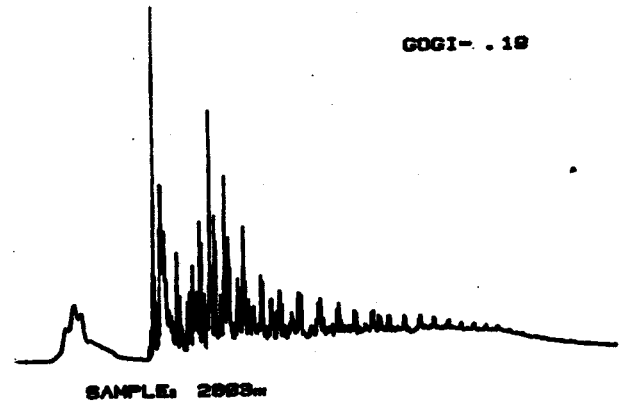
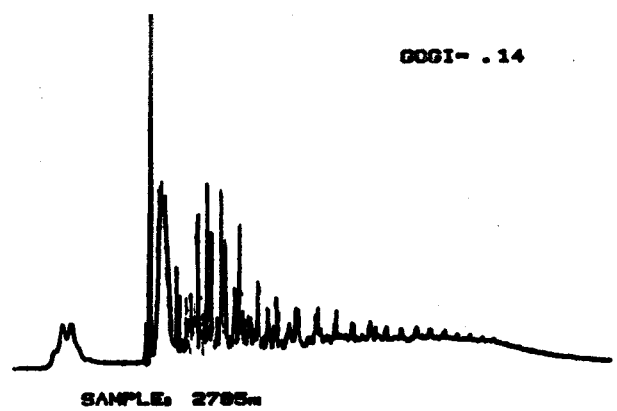
SAMPLE: 9499m



SAMPLE: 9580m

Fig. 3

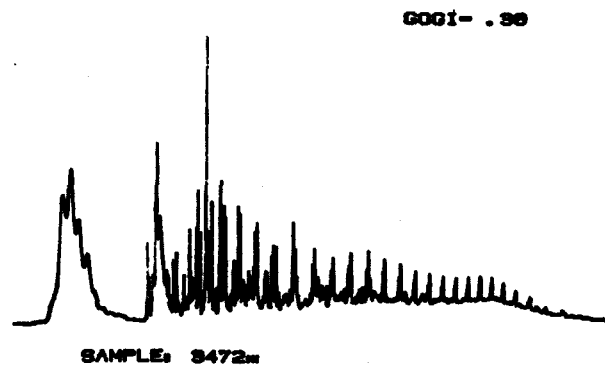
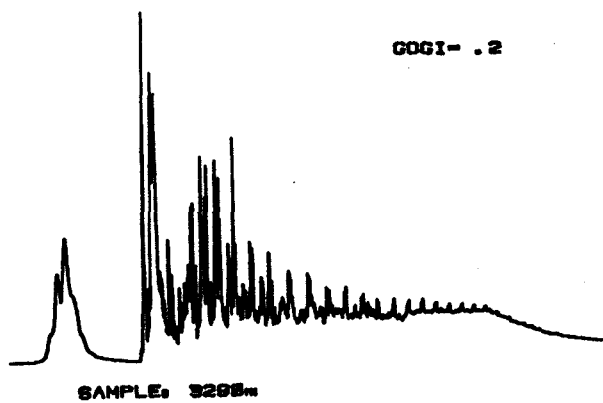
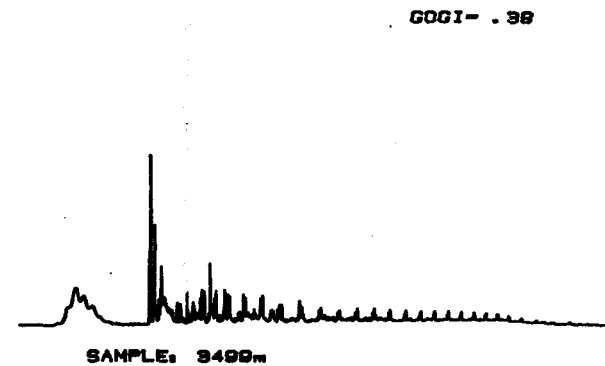
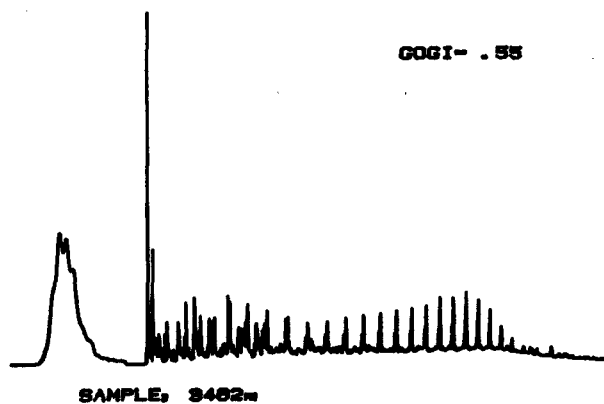
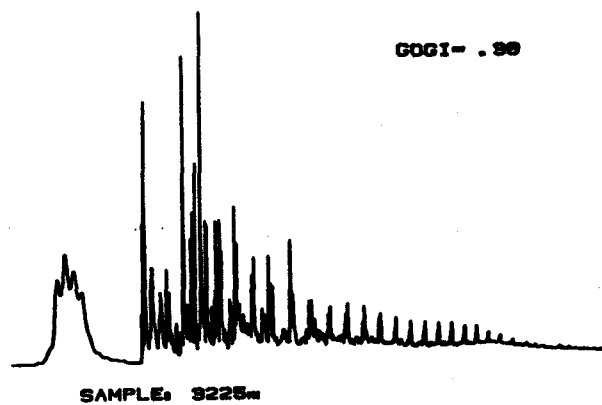
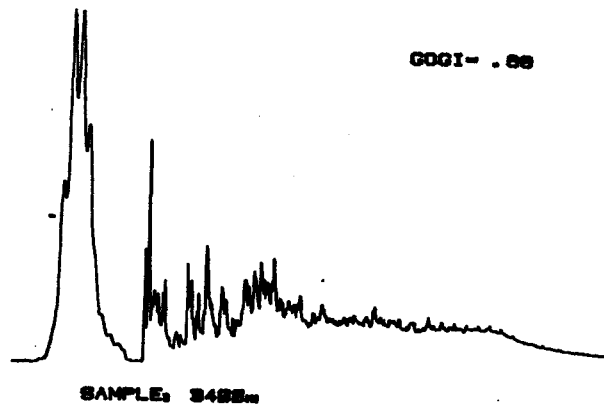
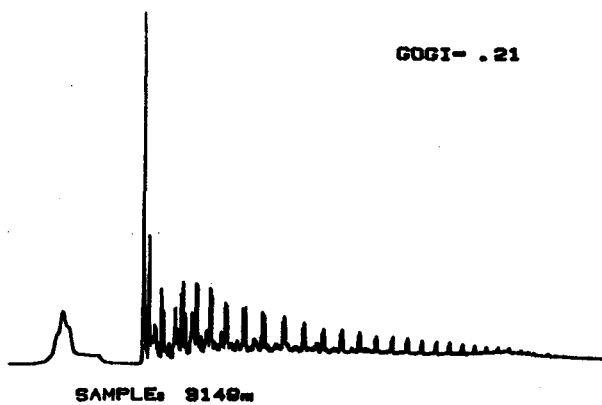
GEOCHEMISTRY BRANCH, BP SUNBURY
SAC FRACTION GAS CHROMATOGRAMS



GEOCHEMISTRY BRANCH, BP SUNBURY

KEROGEN PYROLYSATES (P2)

Fig. 4



GEOCHEMISTRY BRANCH, BP SUNBURY

KEROGEN PYROLYSATES (P2)

Fig. 5

ANALYSIS NAME: DM00.[300,301]M714.MIS,1

V04.0 WINDOW: 1

TITLE: 2810 SATS DNZ NORWAY

OPERATOR: C MAILE

DATE: 10-JAN-83 11:25:37

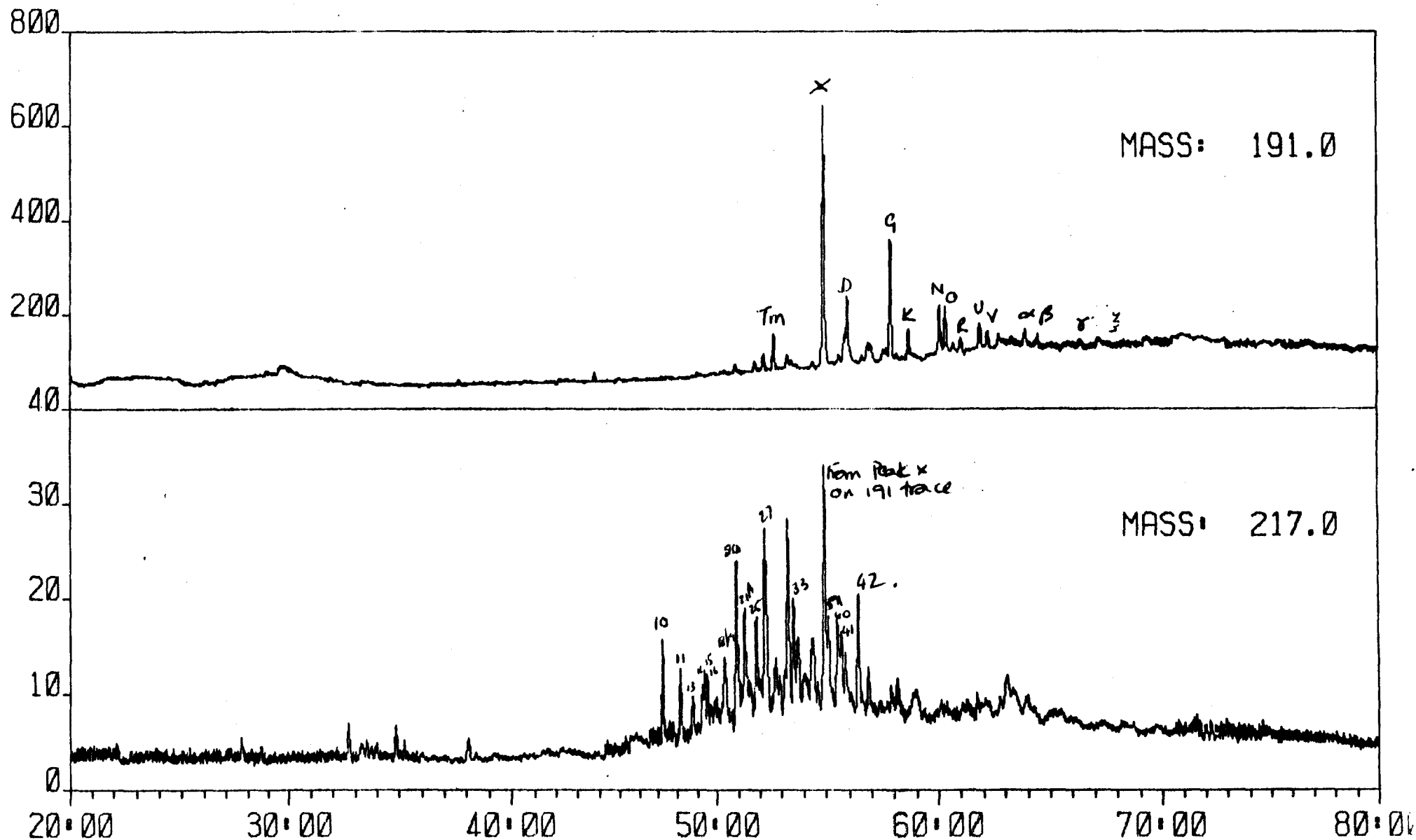


Fig. 6

ANALYSIS NAME: DM00-[300,301]M715.MIS,1

V04.0 WINDOW: 1

TITLE: 3120 SATS DNZ NORWAY

OPERATOR: C MAILE

DATE: 11-JAN-83 09:56:05

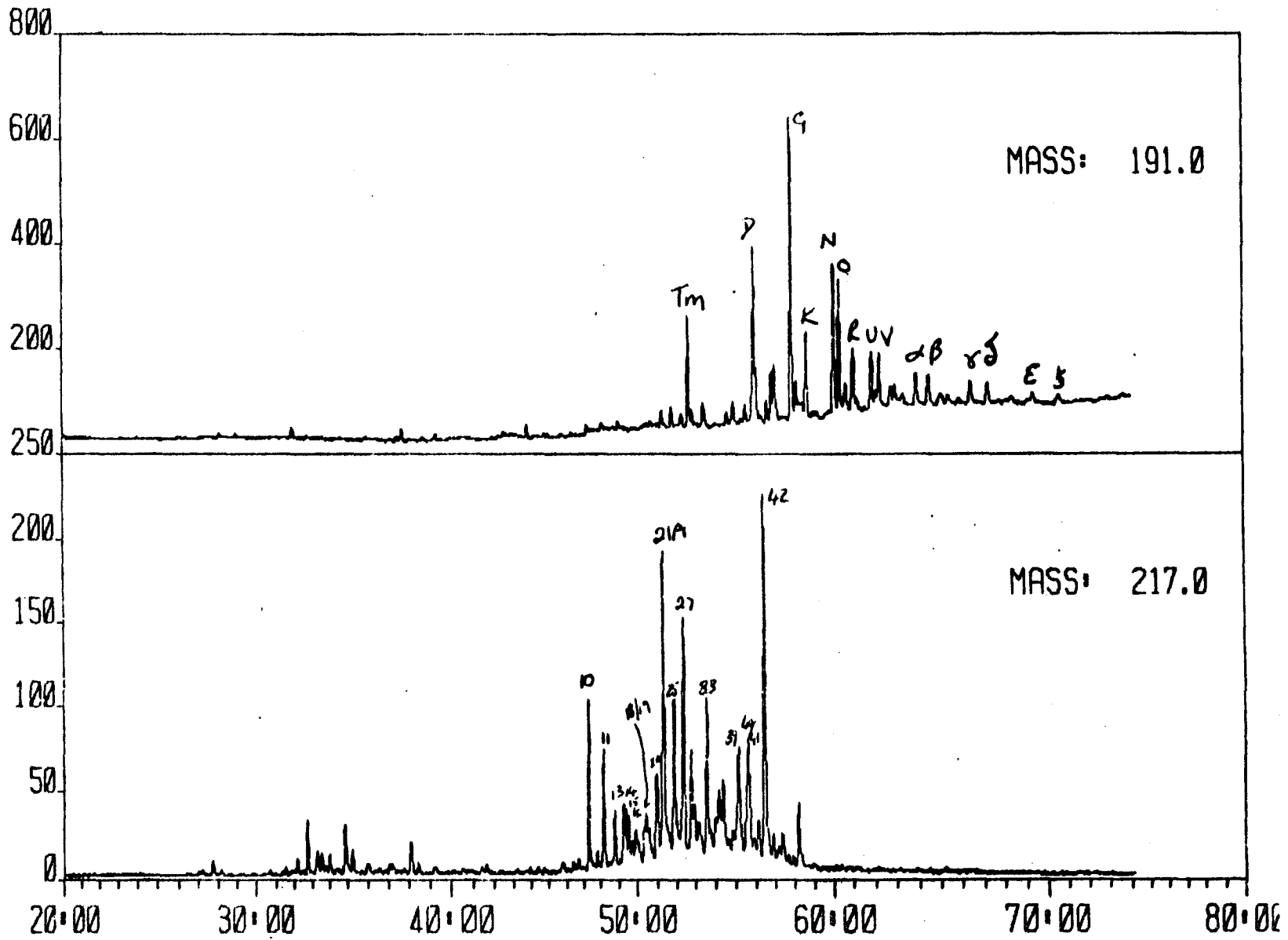


Fig. 7

ANALYSIS NAME: DM00.[300,301]M716.MIS,1

V04.0 WINDOW: 1

TITLE: 3290 SATS DNZ NORWAY

OPERATOR: C MAILE

DATE: 11-JAN-83 11:15:51

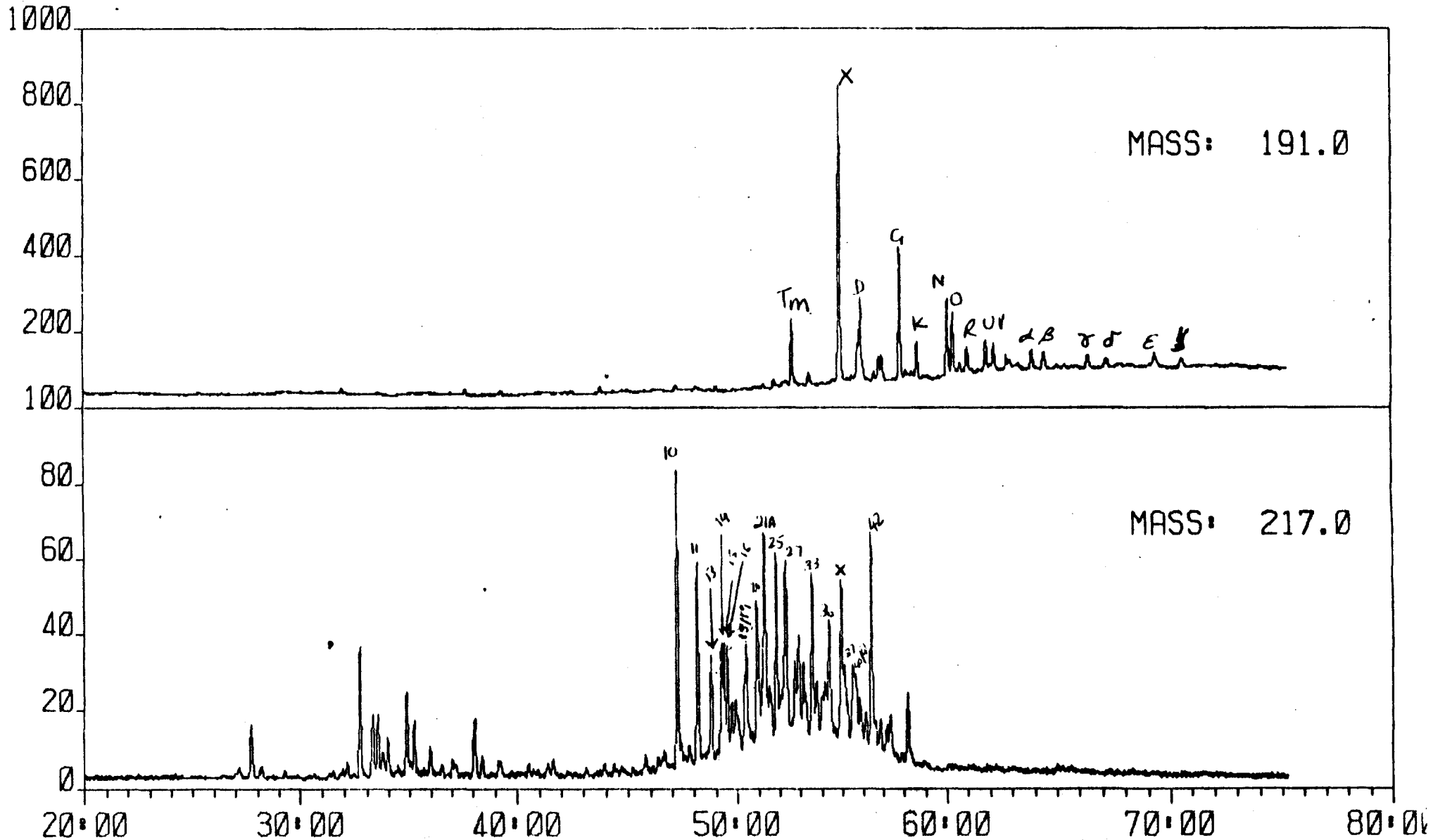


Fig. 8

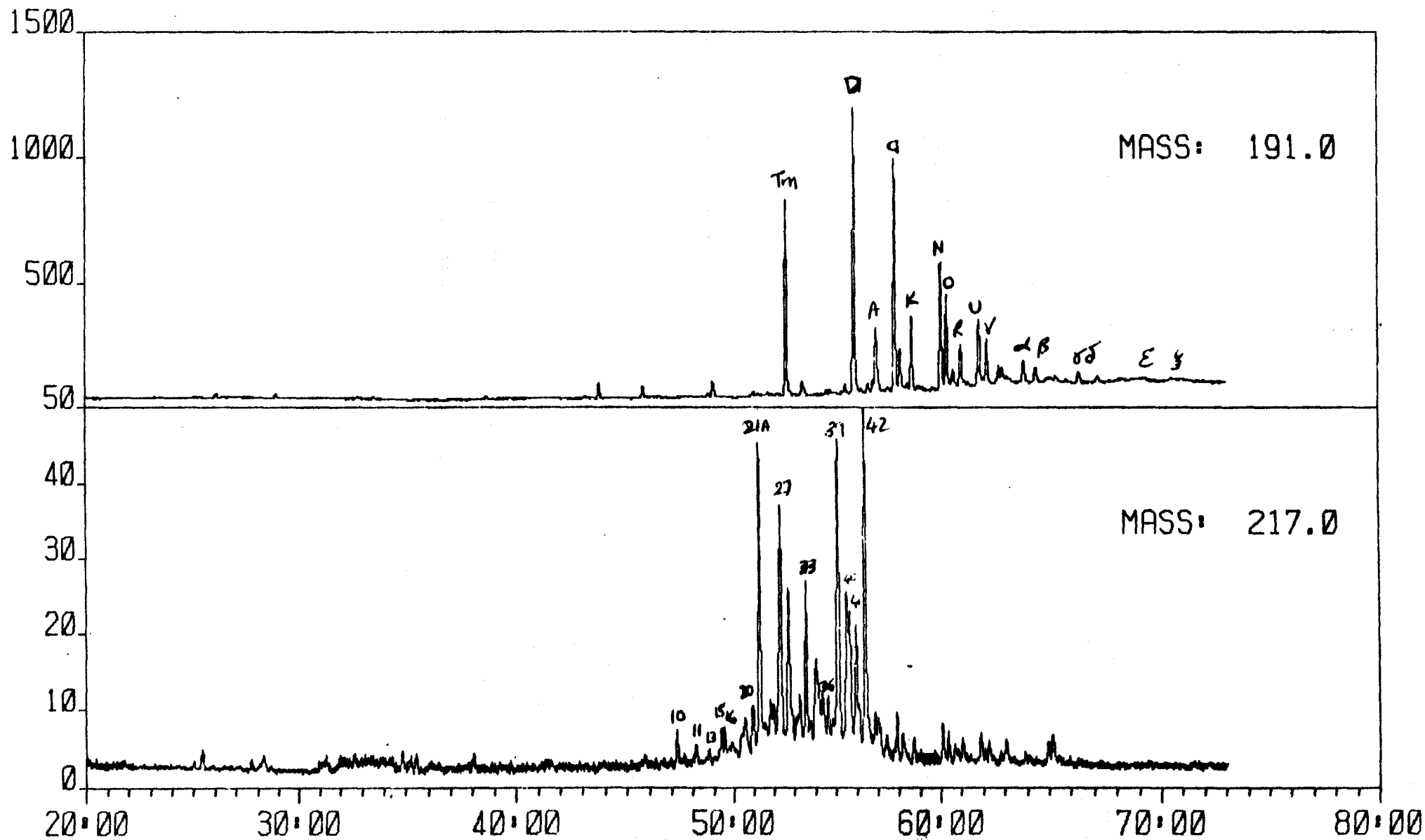
ANALYSIS NAME: DM00-[300,301]M717.MIS,1

V04.0 WINDOW: 1

TITLE: 3472 SATS DNZ NORWAY

OPERATOR: C MAILE

DATE: 11-JAN-83 12:35:07



ANALYSIS NAME: DM00-[300,301]M719.MIS,1

V04.0 WINDOW: 1

TITLE: 3499 SATS DNZ NORWAY

OPERATOR: C MAILE

DATE: 11-JAN-83 15:13:46

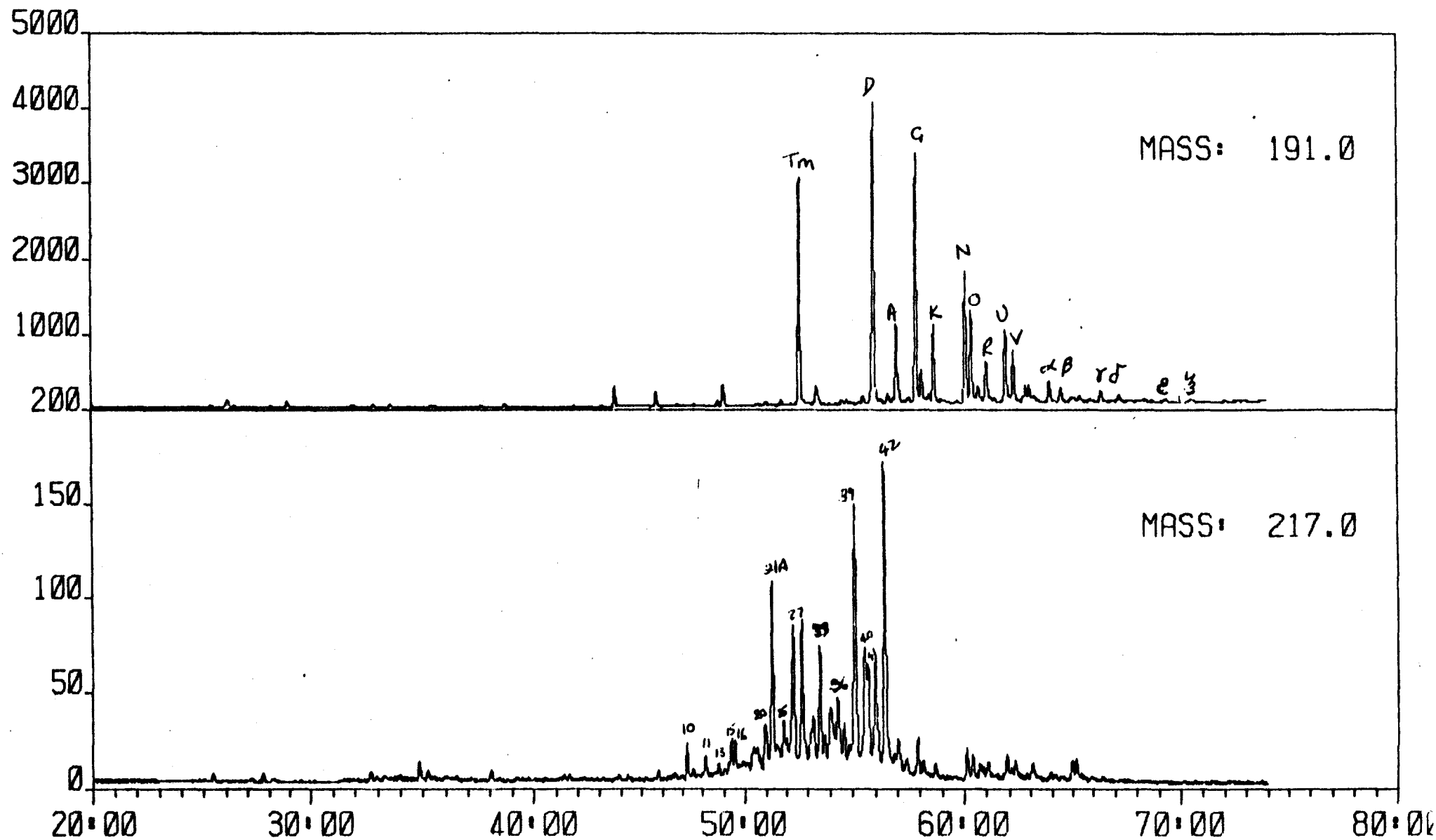


Fig. 10

ANALYSIS NAME: DM00.[300,301]M718.MIS.1

V04.0 WINDOW: 1

TITLE: 3506 SATS DNZ NORWAY

OPERATOR: C MAILE

DATE: 11-JAN-83 13:55:09

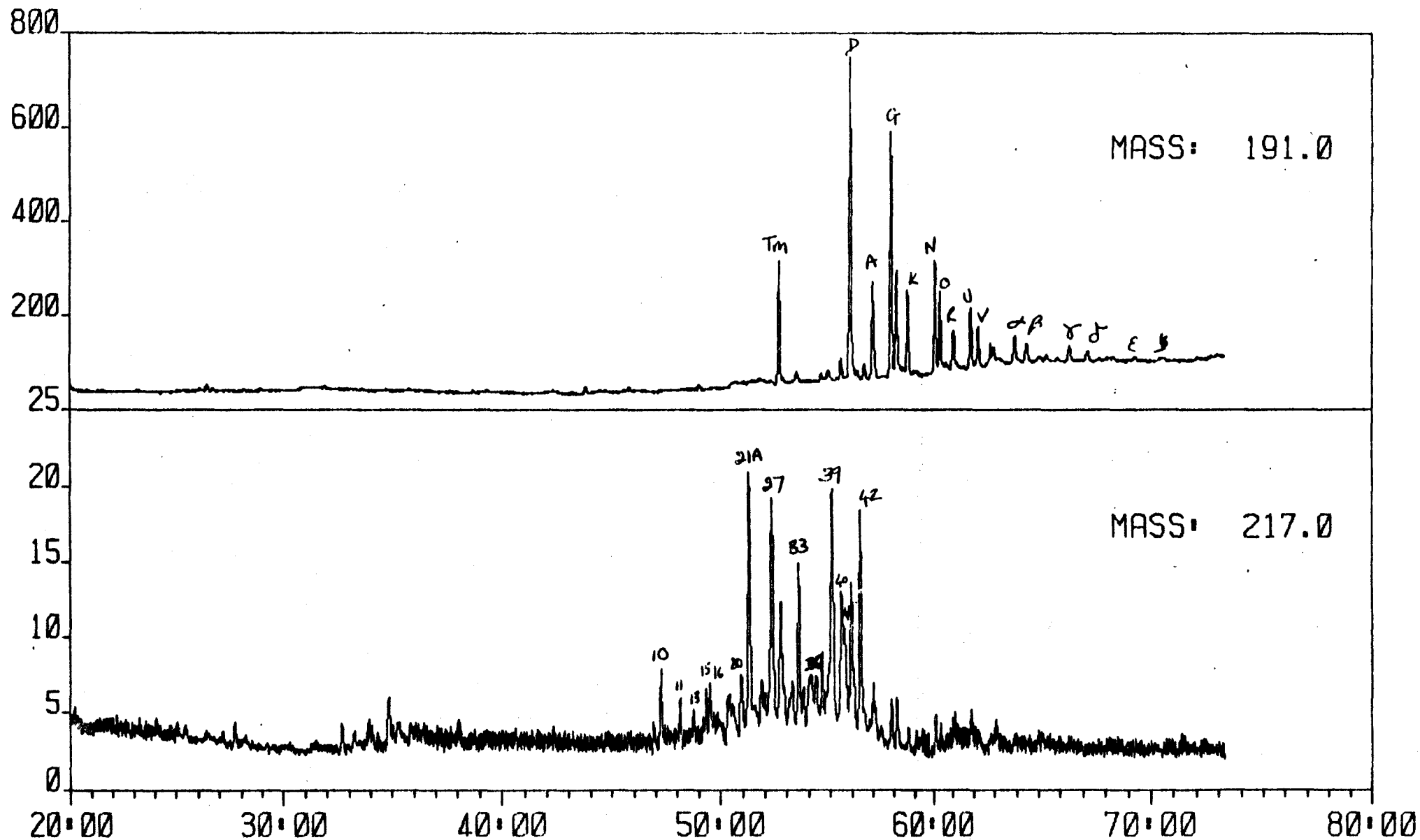


Fig. 11

