Baroid Mad Log Will follow in 15/6-2

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GEOLOGICAL SUMMARY

COMPLETION REPORT

WILDCAT TEST

ESSO 15/6-1

September 1971

B

#### I <u>Introduction</u>

- A. Well Designation: Esso 15/6-1
- B. Well Classification: New Field Wildcat.
- C. Well Location:
  - 1) Country: Norway
  - 2) License: 028
  - 3) Coordinates:

Latitude: 58° 32' 48.3" N Longitude: 01° 41' 32.8" E

4) Seismic Location:

line SC 23, shotpoint 7493

5) Water Depth: 379 feet.

### II Purpose of Well

15/6-1 was drilled in order to:

- A) To evaluate a deep seated structural closure in the Scottish Norwegian graben.
- B) To fulfill the drilling obligation to the Norwegian government.

# III Results of the Well

15/6-1 reached a total depth of 5508 feet in Eocene and was plugged and abandoned due to problems with the casing seal assembly. The rig was moved approximately 1100 feet east and a second hole (15/6-2) was drilled.

The lithology of the <u>Eocene</u> penetrated (5235 to 5508) consisted of a medium light gray and pale brownish gray, very soft, silty, glauconitic clay. Pyrite occurred between 5440 feet and 5470 feet.

The Oligocene (4370 - 5235 feet) section is predominantly light gray and pale brownish gray, very soft, glauconitic clay. Micro-fossils are common.

The Miocene (2520-4370 feet) is composed of sandstone and clay. From 2520 to 3268 the section is a fine to medium grained, clear, medium sorted, unconsolidated sand. The grains are subrounded and abundant fossil fragments are present. From 3268 to 4370 feet the section is a medium brownish gray, soft, plastic clay with brown red and slightly calcareous firmer clays in places.

The Pliocene-Pleistocene (1210 - 2520 feet) section consisted of medium light gray to light gray, soft, sticky, very plastic clay.

No hydrocarbon shows were encountered.

#### IV Well History

#### A. General

- Spud Date: 2) Completion Date:
- Statua: Total Depth:

August 7, 1971 September 7, 1971 Plugged and abandoned.

5508 feet.

В. Contractor and Rig:

Global Marine "Grand Isle".

#### C. Casing:

30" 498 feet 20" 1210 feet 13 3/8" 4018 feet 9 5/8" 5459 feet

#### D. Mud Program

Initial drilling from the sea floor to 1260 feet was with sea water and gel. Below 1260 feet to a depth of 4090 feet the mud system consisted of sea water and Spersene XP-20 Salinex with drilling detergent. From 4090 to 5508 feet (T.D.) a fresh water Spersense XP-20 system was used.

#### E. Drilling Problems

No hole problems were encountered, however due to problems due to the casing seal assembly the well was abandoned at 5508 feet.

#### F. Coring

- Conventional: None taken.
- **Sidewall** None taken.

#### Logging

#### 1) Baroid

a	Drilling rate	1210	-	5508
b	) Lithology	$(-1)^{n-1} = (-1)^{n-1} + (-1)^{n-1} + (-1)^{n-1}$	11	
c)	Cuttings Gas		11	
d)	Mud Gas	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}}{\partial x} = \partial $	11	
e)	) Chromatograph		11	
f)	H2S Detector	and the second section of the section of t	n	
g	Shale Density		17	

#### Schlumberger

Type Log	Interval (feet)	Run Nos.
a) Induction b) BHC-Sonic c) Caliper	1210' - 5504' 1210' - 5505' 1210' - 4096'	2 2 1

### Velocity Survey

None taken.

15/6-1 725.3 TILH: FINAL WELL REP. ELLER.

# IV Well History

# A. General

1)	Spud Date:	August 7, 1971	
2)	Completion Date:	Soptember 8. 1971	,
3)	Status:	Plugged and abandoned.	V
4)	Total Depth:	5508 feet.	V

B. Contractor and Rig:

Global Marine "Grand Isle". V

C. Casing:

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30" - 498 feet / 20" - 1210 feet / 13 3/8" - 4018 feet / 9 5/8" - 5459 feet /
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### D. Mud Program

Initial drilling from the sea floor to 1260 feet was with sea water and gel. Below 1260 feet to a depth of 4090 feet the mud system consisted of sea water and Spersene XP-20 Salinex with drilling detergent. From 4090 to 5508 feet (T.D.) a fresh water Spersense XP-20 system was used.

# E. Drilling Problems

No hole problems were encountered, however due to problems due to the casing seal assembly the well was abandoned at 5508 feet.

# F. Coring

- 1) Conventional:
  None taken.
- 2) <u>Sidewall</u>
  None taken.

## G. Logging

1) Baroid

ACCOUNT OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		1260	<i>t</i> .
a)	Drilling rate	1210	- 5508
b)	Lithology		11
(c)	Cuttings Gas	1	**
d)	Mud Gas	•	11
e)	Chromatograph		19
ſĵ)	H2S Detector		N
g)	Shale Density		17

2) Schlumberger

Type log		, i	Interv	al	(feet)	Ru	n Nos.	
a) Induction b) BHC-Sonic c) Caliper	Camma Ray		12101 12101 12101		5504' <del>5505</del> ' <i>5491</i> 4096'	n National en	2 2 1	V

3) Velocity Survey

None taken.

### H. Testing:

None taken.

### I. Abandonment:

Cement plugs were set as follows:

Plug no. 1 perforated 9 5/8" csg. at 3990-3994 feet & 4018-4020 feet and cemented with 250 sacks of neat cement, leaving 300 feet of cement in 9 5/8" casing from 3698 to 3998 and 500' cement outside 9 5/8" by 13 3/8" annulus from 3498 to 3998 feet.

Plug no. 2 140 sacks neat cement from 1000 to 600 feet.

The well head and base structure were left in place and marked with a Northern Lighthouse Board Buoy. The well head will be destroyed at a later date.

A. Table of Stratigraphy 15/6-1 (RT. 31 feet)

Stratigraphic Unit	Drill Depth feet	Subsea Top	Thickness
Pliocene/Pleistocene	1210' ?	<b>– 1175'</b>	1310'
Miocene	<b>2</b> 520'	- 2499'	18501
Oligocene	43701	- 4339'	8651
Eocene	52351	- 5204'	273 +

Note: Subject to Paleontological Revision

# B. <u>Lithologic Descriptions</u>

1) Sample Descriptions
410 to 5508 feet.

# Wellsite Sample Descriptions.

<u>Depth</u>		Description
0 - 31'		R.T. to sea level.
	Note:	R.T. elevation: + 31' Water depth: - 379'
31 - 410'		Sea level to sea floor
410 - 1260'		Probably silt, sand and clay section. Section was drilled without mud riser, with returns to the sea floor.
	Note:	Section based on drilling characteristics and on G.R. log
1260 - 1570	100 %	Clay, med. light gray to light bluish-gray, soft, sticky plastic (gumbo type), very slightly to non calcareous.
	Tr occas	Limestone, buff to tan, chalky-micritic, mod. hard
1570 - 1750	100 %	Clay, med. light gray to med. gray; soft, sticky plastic, slightly silty in places, non calcareous.
en de la companya de La companya de la co	Tr	Megafossil debris
	occas Tr	Siltstone, white to very light gray, very muddy, friable.
1750 - 1900	95%	Clay, med, gray, very finely sandy, soft, sticky non calcareous.
	5 to Tr	Loose Quartz grains, fine to coarse, subangular; glauconite pellets and also small lithic fragments of various origin (igneous, metamorphic)
and the same of th	Tr	Megafossil debris
1900 - 2050	100 %	Clay, as above, less sandy.
2050 - 2260	90 %	Clay, as above, slightly to fairly sandy.
	10 to 5 %	Loose quartz grains, fine to very coarse, subangular and various lithic fragments as above.
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	M	
	occas Tr	Sandstone, light gray, very muddy, fine grained subrounded, friable.
	occas Tr	Megafossil debris, abundant Pyrite.
2260 - 2440	100 %	Clay, as above.
	Tr	Loose Quartz grains as above.
	Tr	Megafossil debris and Pyrite.
	Note:	Poor Samples; shaker constantly washed off to avoid flow-line plugging.
2440 - 2470	90 %	Clay, med. gray, slightly silty, soft, plastic, non calcareous
	10 %	Shale, brownish gray and med. gray-green, soft to firm slightly fissile, non calcareous.
	Tr	Loose quartz grains as above.
2470 - 2530	80 %	Clay, as above.
	10 %	Loose Sand, fine to med. subrounded, mod. sorted, clear.
and the second of the second o	10 %	Megafossil debris.
	<b>Tr</b>	Sandstone, light gray, fine grained, subrounded, very muddy, friable.
2530 - 2740	95 %	Clay, as above.
	Tr	Loose Sand, as above.
	5 to Tr	Megafossil debris
2740 - 3160	65 %	Clay, as above, in places very sandy.
	30 %	Loose Sand, clear, fine to med. occasionally coarse, subrounded, moderately to poorly sorted, occurs in places with abundant, light bluish gray clay matrix, very friable.
	5 %	Megafossil debris ( mostly Pelecypods)
	Tr	<u>Lignite</u> - <u>Pyrite</u> .

3160 <b>–</b> 3250	80 %	Clay, med. gray to med. light gray, finely sandy, soft to slightly firmer, non-calcarous.
	10 % 10 %	Lignite, black, mod. hard occasionally dark brown and fibrous.
3250 <b>–</b> 3490	100 % Tr	Clay, med, gray to med, greenish, gray, slightly sandy to silty, with abundant disseminated, glauconite in places.  Loose Sand, as above.
<u> </u>	100 %	Clay, med. gray to med. brownish gray, slightly firmer, silty, ranging to a Mudstone in places.
3670 <b>-</b> 4090	100 %	Clay, dominantly med. brownish gray, soft and plastic; occasionally med. brownish-red, firmer, slightly calcareous, with granular aspect.
4090 <b>-</b> 4480	80 %	Clay, brownish gray, soft, silty, partly calcareous, glauconitic.
	20 %	Siltstone, brownish gray to brown, clayey, moderately firm, partly calcareous, glauconitic, common microfossils (forams)
	Tr	Sandstone, white, very fine, hard, with very small fragments of fossils.
	Tr	Megafossils and Lignite.
4480 - 4810	100 %	Clay, medium light gray and pale brownish gray, very soft, silty, goluconitic, non calcareous, common microfossils (forams)
	Tr	Siltstone, as above.
	Tr	Sand, fine to coarse quartz grains, subangular to rounded, poorly sorted, No Show.
e de la companya de La companya de la co	Tr	Limestone, micritic, tan, dense.

4810 - 4990	100 %	Clay, as above, with about 10 % of clay firming
		up to a mudstone.
	Tr	Sand, as above.
	Tr	Limestone, as above, and brown, micritic, dense
4990 - 5080	90 %	Clay, as above, with about 10 % firm, as above.
	10 %	Limestone, micritic, tan, dense.
5080 <b>-</b> 5230	70 %	Clay, as above, with some white clay, very soft, calcareous.
	20 %	Shale, soft, but with shale fissility, predominantly brownish gray, very finely micaceous, slightly silty, with some medium gray and green gray.
	10 %	Limestone, as above, and buff-white, clayey, soft
5230 - 5508	70 %	Clay, as above, with decrease in glauconite.
	30 %	Shale, as above.
	Tr	Limestone, micritic, buff, soft to firm.
	Tr	Pyrite, (common from 5440 to 5470)
	Tr	Lignite and glauconite.
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- 2) Core Description (conventional)
  None Taken
- 3) Sidewall Core Descriptions
  None taken.

#### VI Reservoirs:

The only reservoir penetrated was a thick Miocene sand section between 2520 and 3268 feet. The principal objective reservoirs were not reached.

# VII Hydrocarbon shows:

No hydrocarbon shows were recorded.

### VIII Conclusions

The 15/6-1 was drilled on a deep seated structual closure in the Scottish-Norwegian graben with the primary objective being the Eocene sands. Due to casing seal assembly problems the well was plugged and abandoned at 5508 (upper-most Eocene) and skidded approximately 1100 feet east for redrilling. The second hole was designated as 15/6-2.

Note: See 15/6-2 for Baroid Log.