

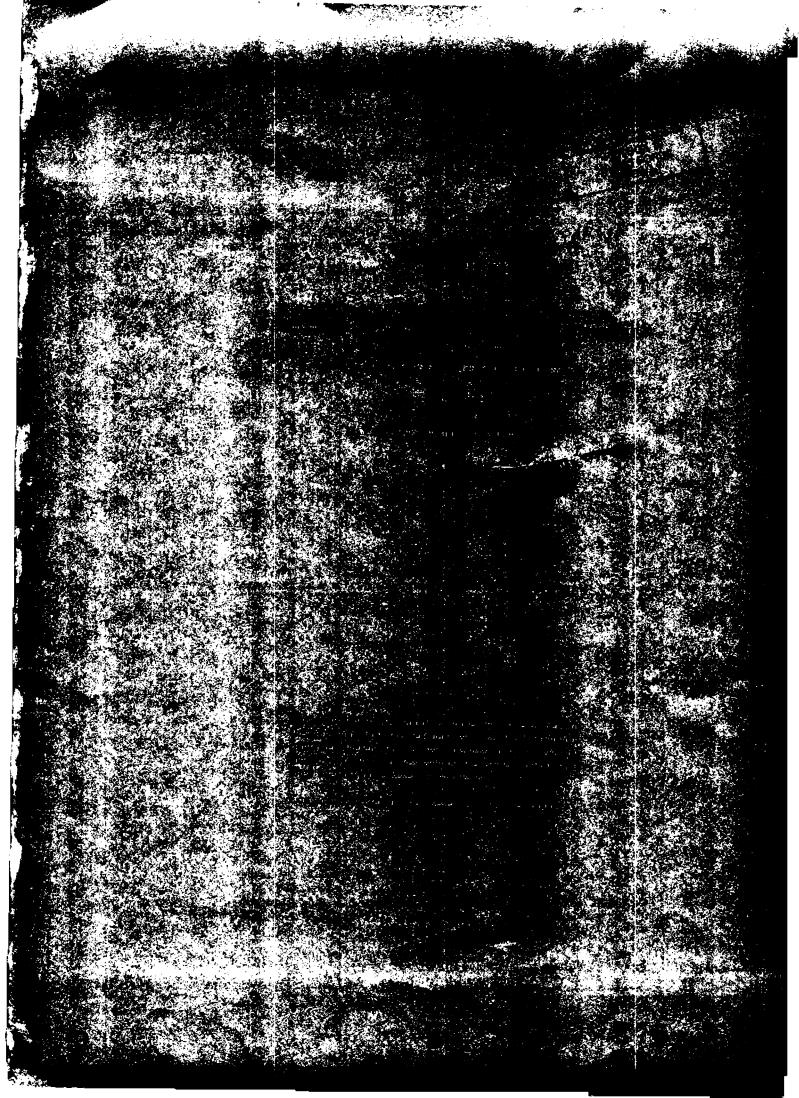
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EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION TEST ON GAS FROM WELL 31/2-6 IN OFFSHORE FLATHEAD FIELD, NORTH SEA, NORWAY

> Sampling and analysis of gas and condensate

> > by

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SUMMARY

During a production test in offshore Flathead Field, North Sea, Norway, sampling and analysis of gas and condensate have been carried out.

The present report describes the sampling and the analytical procedures applied, and presents the results obtained.

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EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION TEST ON GAS FROM WELL 31/2-6 IN OFFSHORE FLATHEAD FIELD, NORTH SEA, NORWAY

Sampling and analysis of gas and condensate

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1. INTRODUCTION

A production test was carried out on gas from the 31/2-6 well, in the offshore Flathead Field, North Sea. Detailed information about the composition and phase behaviour of the gas was collected by KSLA and TRC.

TRC carried out phase separation tests to be able to predict phase behaviour and to determine the hydrocarbon composition. TRC will present their data in a separate report.

KSLA determined hydrogen sulphide, other sulphur compounds, mercury, radon-222 and carbon dioxide in the gas; and mercury, total sulphur and polonium in the condensate.

The present report describes the sampling procedures followed and, briefly, the analytical methods applied, and presents the results obtained.

2. EXPERIMENTAL

The gas/condensate mixture coming from the well was separated in a high-pressure test separator. The gas samples were taken from the gas outlet of the separator. The hydrogen sulphide, radon, carbon dioxide and mercury contents were determined on the platform. Separate samples were sent to KSLA for the determination of other sulphur compounds.

Condensate samples, originating from the first stage of the TRC separator were collected in glass bottles and were sent to KSLA for the determination of polonium and total sulphur. The mercury content of the condensate was determined on the rig.

In Table I the analytical methods applied are summarized.

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3. RESULTS

The results obtained during the production test are presented below. A survey is given in Table II.

Throughout this section volumes of gas are considered at standard conditions (0 $^{\circ}$ C, 1.013 bar).

Well 31/2-6

Perforated interval: 1150 - 1168 m (subsea level). Date and time: 7/10/81, 05.00 h - 17.00 h. The well was cleaned up before the actual production test was started.

3.1. First flow period

Date and time: 7/10/81, 05.00 - 07.00 h. Output separator: 12 MMSCF/d (340 x 10^3 m³/d).

Gas phase	Content	Sampling time, h
1. H ₂ S	$0.08 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	05.45
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	06.15
	$0.05 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	06.27
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	06.50
2. Other sulphur compounds	< 0.1 $m1/m^3$	07.00
3. CO ₂	1.0 % (v/v)	07.00
	1.0 % (v/v)	06.00
	1.0 % (v/v)	07.00
4. Hg	0.34 μ g/m ³	06.22 - 06.40
	0.68 µg/m ³	06.45 - 06.55
5. H ₂ 0	Not determined Due to bad weather no weighing was possible	

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3.2. Second flow period

Date and time: 17/10/81, 07.30 - 17.00 h Output separator: 22 MMSCF/d (623 x 10^3 m³/d)

Gas phase	Content	Sampling time, h
1. H ₂ S	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	09.26
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	09.37
	$0.05 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	09.43
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	10.59
	0.06 m1/m ³	11.15
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	11.30
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	11.45
	$0.05 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	12.10
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	14.45
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	15.00
	$0.07 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	15.30
	0.06v ml/m ³	16.00
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	16.15
	$0.06 \text{ m}1/\text{m}^3$	16.40
2. Other sulphur compounds	< 0.1 $m1/m^3$	09.00
3. co ₂	1.0 % (v/v)	09.04
	1.0 % (v/v)	09.40
	1.0 % (v/v)	10.00
	1.0 % (v/v)	11.22
	1.0 % (v/v)	12.00
	1.0 % (v/v)	14.55
	1.0 % (v/v)	15.20
	1.0 % (v/v)	16.10
	1.0 % (v/v)	16.30

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Sampling time, h Gas phase Content 4. Hg $0.25 \ \mu g/m^3$ 08.47 - 09.120.17 $\mu g/m^3$ 11.03 - 11.24 $0.15 \ \mu g/m^3$ 11.28 - 11.40 0.21 $\mu g/m^3$ 11.44 - 12.16 0.13 µg/m³ 14.43 - 14.55 0.11 $\mu g/m^3$ 14.58 - 15.15 $0.09 \ \mu g/m^3$ 15.27 - 16.04 0.10 $\mu g/m^3$ 16.12 - 16.41 5. H₂O Not determined (see 1st flow period) 1.0 pCi/1* 6. Rn 08.45 Condensate Content Sampling time, h < 0.01 mg/l1. Hg 16.00 2. Total sulphur 96 mg/l 16.00 0.03 pCi/ml* 3. Po 16.00 * 1 Curie, $Ci = 37 \times 10^9 s^{-1}$

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TABLE I

SURVEY OF THE ANALYTICAL METHODS APPLIED

	Method
1. <u>Gas phase</u>	
Hydrogen sulphide (H ₂ S)	Dräger tube No. CH 298
Other sulphur compounds	GLC with microcoulometric detection
Carbondioxide (CO ₂)	Dräger tube No. CH 25101
Mercury (Hg)	Flameless atomic absorption spectro- photometry
Water (H_20)	Gravimetric analysis
Radon-222 (Rn)	Radiochemical analysis
2. <u>Condensate</u>	
Mercury (Hg)	Flameless atomic absorption spectro- photometry.
Total sulphur	Microcoulometric analysis
Polonium-210 (Po)	Radiochemical analysis

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TABLE II

FINAL RESULTS

			Gas well 3 1/2-6	
			First flow	Second flow
	Gas phase			
1.	н ₂ s	m1/m ³	0.06	0.06
2.	Other sulphur compounds,	m1/m ³	< 0.1	、 < 0.1
3.	^{co} 2,	% (v /v)	1.0	1.0
4.	Нg	µg/m ³	0.50	0.11
5.	н ₂ 0		Not determined	
6.	Rn,	pCi/l*	-	1.0
	Condensate			
1.	Hg,	mg/l		< 0.1
2.	Total sulphur,	mg/l	·	96
3.	Po,	pCi/ml*		0.03
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* 1 Curie, Ci = $37 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$