

SPECIAL CORE ANALYSIS STUDY FOR

NORSK SHELL EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION

WELL: 31/2-13

SPECIAL CORE ANALYSIS STUDY

FOR

NORSK SHELL EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION

WELL: 31/2-13

Directors:

J.S. Green

W.B.P. O'Driscoll

J.D. Wisenbaker

W.A. Robbins

M. Blackburn

(Mana
(Finar
(USA)
(USA)

(Managing) (Financial) (USA) (USA)

CORE LABORATORIES UK LTD.
Special Core Analysis



Norsk Shell Exploration and Production Damlse Ferusuei 43, P.O. Box 10, N-4033, Forus, Norway.

5th December 1984

Attention: G.J. Van Dijk

Subject: Special Core Analysis Study

Well: 31/2-13

File: UKSCAL 311-84140

Gentlemen,

In a purchase order dated 25th June 1984 from Norsk Shell Exploration and Production, Core Laboratories UK Limited was requested to perform formation factors as a function of overburden pressure and cation exchange capacity measurements on eleven, unconsolidated samples from the subject well.

The results of these measurements are presented herein, as a final report, and serve to confirm all previous preliminary data.

Eleven uncleaned samples were received for use in this study. The samples were all mounted in thin metal sleeves to prevent them disintegrating during cleaning and testing. They were cleaned in cool refluxing solvents and dried in a controlled humidity oven. Permeability to air, helium injection porosity and grain density were then measured.

The clean, dry samples were evacuated and pressure saturated with a simulated brine consisting of approximately 52,500 mg/L sodium chloride which was synthesised according to information furnished for use in this study. A copy of the analysis is presented on page 3.

The samples were then frozen and the protective sleeves removed. The unmounted frozen samples were each mounted in a hydraulic core holder and allowed to thaw, under 200 psi confining pressure. The samples were then flushed slowly with the simulated brine to ensure the removal of all trapped gas.

Electrical resistivities of the brine saturated samples and saturant brine were then measured on consecutive days until results stabilised indicating ionic equilibrium within the core samples. Formation resistivity factors were calculated and results are presented in tabular form on page 4 and in graphical form on page 5. The cementation exponent 'm' value is 1.85, with an intercept 'a' value of unity.

Cont'	d.			•	٠	•	•	•	•	
-------	----	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

Norsk Shell Exploration and Production. UKSCAL 311-84140 November 1984 Page 2

The measurements were then repeated at effective overburden pressures of 200 psi, 1500 psi and 3000 psi. A constant internal pore pressure of 200 psi was maintained throughout the resistivity measurements. Reductions in pore volumes with each increase in sleeve pressure were monitored by measurement of brine displaced from the samples.

Results are presented in tabular form on page 4 and in graphical form on pages 6 through 8. The cementation exponent value varied from 1.88 at 200 psi effective overburden pressure to 1.94 at 3000 psi effective overburden pressure.

The samples were then scheduled to undergo cation exchange capacity measurements. An ammonium acetate titration technique was used in determining the cation exchange capacity of each sample. Results are presented in tabular form on page 9.

It has been a pleasure working for Norsk Shell Exploration and Production on this study. Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours faithfully, CORE LABORATORIES UK LIMITED.

Mr. M. Boulby

Laboratory Manager

MB/CPE/HW/DEC10



Petroleum Reservoir Engineering LONDON-ABERDEEN

Page	1	of	9
<i>-</i>			

File: UKSCAL 311- 84140

Identification And Description Of Samples

Company: NOR	SK SHELL EXPLOR	ATION AND PROD. Well: 31/2-13
Formation:		Field:
Country:		
Sample Number	Depth, Metres	Lithological Description
1	1774.2	Sst, dk gry, f-mgr, vpcmt, msrt, mic, fe mins.
2	1809.6	As Above
3	1820.5	Sst, dk gry, f-mgr, pcmt, msrt, mic, fe mins.
4	1821.5	As Above
5	1822.1	As Above
6	1822.2	As Above
7	1823.1	As Above
8	1825.8	As Above
9	1833.8	<pre>Sst, dk gry, f-mgr, pcmt, m-psrt, mic, foss frags.</pre>
10	1836.6	As Above
11	1857.5	Sst, dk gry, f-mgr, vpcmt, msrt, tr mic, tr blk mins.

These analyses, opinions or interpretations are based on observations and material supplied by the client to whom, and for whose exclusive and confidential use, this report is made. The interpretations or opinions expressed represent the best judgment of Core Laboratories, UK Ltd., (all errors and omissions excepted); but Core Laboratories, UK Ltd., and its officers and employees, assume no responsibility and make no warranty or representations as to the productivity, proper operation, or profitableness of any oil, gas or other mineral well or sand in connection with which such report is used or relied upon.

Petroleum Reservoir Engineering LONDON-ABERDEEN

Page:	2	of_	9	
Filer	IIKCUAI	31	1_84140	

Permeability, Porosity And Grain Density

Company: NORSK SHELL EXPLORATION AND PROD.	Well:	31/2-13
Formation:	Field:	
Country:		

Sample Number	Depth, Metres	Permeability to Air, Millidarcys	Porosity, percent	Grain Density, gm/cm ³
1	1774.2	370	32.9	2.71
2	1809.6	172	29.2	2.67
3	1820.5	41	20.1	2.66
4	1821.5	65	28.4	2.68
5	1822.1	106	31.1	2.68
6	1822.2	58	30.2	2.69
7	1823.1	48	31.1	2.73
8	1825.8	39	28.5	2.62
9	1833.8	16	34.3	2.57
10	1836.6	26	31.2	2.58
11	1857.5	62	27.7	2.64

Petroleum Reservoir Engineering
LONDON—ABERDEEN

Page: 3 of 9

File: UKSCAL 311-84140

Water Analysis

Total Dissolved Solids, mg/L:

52,500

CONSTITUENTS

mg/L

Sodium Chloride

42,000

Calcium Chloride

10,500

Petroleum Reservoir Engineering
LONDON-ABERDEEN

Page	: 4	of	9
•			

File: UKSCAL 311-84140

Formation Resistivity Factor As A Function Of Overburden Pressure

Company: NORSK SHELL EXPLORATION AND	PROD.	Well:	31/2-13		
Formation:	_	Field:			
Country:	- ·				
Saturant: SIMULATED BRINE					
Resistivity of Saturant:	0.17	ohm-mete	rs at_	60	°F

Effective Overburden Pressure Psi:

ROOM CONDITIONS		200		1,500		3,000		
Sample Number	Porosity percent	Formation factor	Porosity percent	Formation factor	Porosity percent	Formation factor	Porosity percent	Formation factor
1	32.9	7.26	32.6	7.35	30.9	8.14	29.9	8.66
2	29.2	7.80	28.6	7.97	25.9	9.60	23.9	11.0
3	30.1	8.75	29.5	8. 9 8	25.8	11.7	23.8	13.4
4	28.4	9.86	27.7	10.5	24.9	14.3	23.5	16.1
5	31.1	8.56	30.8	9.14	29.1	10.6	27.7	11.0
6	30.2	7.71	29.7	8.16	26.2	10.5	23.9	12.6
7	31.1	9.16	30.6	10.2	27.9	12.2	26.3	13.6
8	28.5	11.8	28.0	13.3	25.6	18.3	24.3	21.8
9	34.3	9.97	33.7	10.9	30.0	15.9	27.0	21.7
10	31.2	8.74	30.5	9.59	27.0	13.0	24.3	17.1
11	27.7	11.4	27.3	12.6	25.3	15.6	24.1	17.4

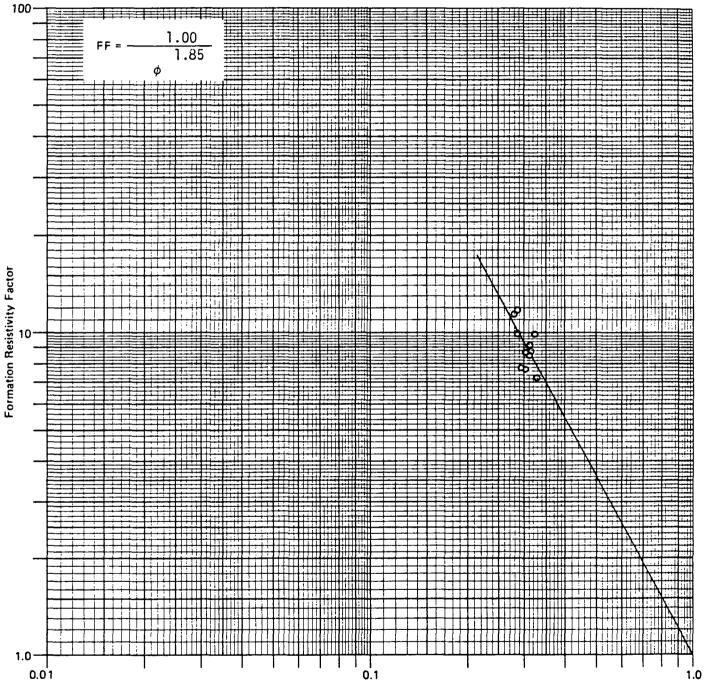
These analyses, opinions or interpretations are based on observations and material supplied by the client to whom, and for whose exclusive and confidential use, this report is made. The interpretations or opinions expressed represent the best judgment of Core Laboratories. UK Ltd., (all errors and omissions excepted): but Core Laboratories, UK Ltd., and its officers and employees, assume no responsibility and make no warranty or representations as to the productivity, proper operation, or profitableness of any oil, gas or other mineral well or sand in connection with which such report is used or relied upon.

CORE LABORATORIES, UK LTD. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering LONDON · ABERDEEN

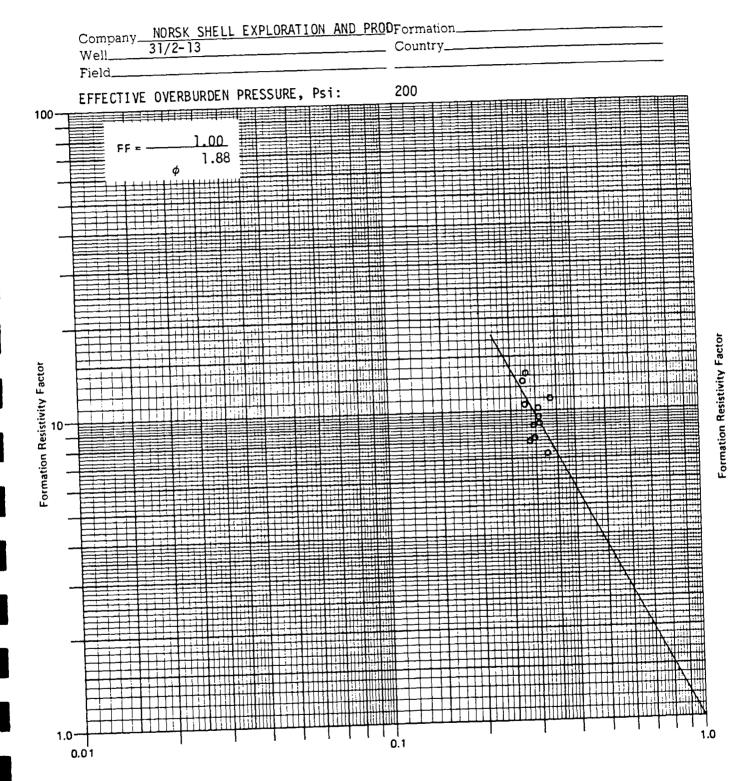
Page 5 of 9 File UKSCAL 311-84140

Company NORSK SHELL EXPLORATION AND PROD. Formation Country Field

ROOM CONDITIONS



Porosity, Fraction



Porosity, Fraction

	Company NORSK SHELL EXPLORATION AND PROMED 31/2-13 Field	Formation			
	EFFECTIVE OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, Psi:	1,500			
100-					
_	FF = 1.00				
-	1.93				
-					
-					
-					
-					
_					
		P			
octor		X Your History			
Έ					
<u>≱</u> 10-					
Formation Resistivity Factor					
ation					
ormi					
ш					
_					
_					
_					
1.0 <i>-</i> 0.		.1 1.0			

Porosity, Fraction

CORE LABORATORIES, UK LTD. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering LONDON · ABERDEEN

Page 8 of 9 File UKSCAL 311-84140

NORSK SHELL EXPLORATION AND PROD Formation_ Company_ 31/2 - 13Well_ Country_ Field_ EFFECTIVE OVERBURDEN PRESSURE, Psi: 3,000 100-1.00 1.94 Formation Resistivity Factor

Porosity, Fraction

0.01

Petroleum Reservoir Engineering
LONDON-ABERDEEN

Page:	: 9	of	9
•			

File: UKSCAL 311-84140

Cation Exchange Capacity Data

Company:	NORSK	SHELL	EXPLORATION	AND	PROD.	Well:	31/2-13
Formation:						Field:_	
Country:							

Sample Number	Depth Metres	Porosity Percent	Cation Exchange Capacity Meq/100g	Pore Volume ccs/100g
1	1774.2	32.9	1.74	18.1
2	1809.6	29.2	1.56	15.5
3	1820.5	30.1	1.10	16.3
4	1821.5	28.4	2.12	14.6
5	1822.1	31.1	1.38	16.7
6	1822.2	30.2	1.35	16.5
7	1823.1	31.1	1.40	16.6
8	1825.8	28.5	2.20	15.2
9	1833.8	34.3	2.70	20.3
10	1836.6	31.2	1.88	17.5
11	1857.5	27.7	0.99	14.5