



### General information

Wellbore name	9/4-3
Type	EXPLORATION
Purpose	WILDCAT
Status	P&A
Factmaps in new window	<a href="#">link to map</a>
Main area	NORTH SEA
Well name	9/4-3
Seismic location	LINE CN9-16
Production licence	<a href="#">013</a>
Drilling operator	Conoco Norway Inc.
Drill permit	74-L
Drilling facility	<a href="#">OCEAN TIDE</a>
Drilling days	37
Entered date	14.07.1972
Completed date	19.08.1972
Release date	19.08.1974
Publication date	22.04.2005
Purpose - planned	WILDCAT
Reentry	NO
Content	DRY
Discovery wellbore	NO
Kelly bushing elevation [m]	28.0
Water depth [m]	72.0
Total depth (MD) [m RKB]	2682.0
Maximum inclination [°]	0.75
Bottom hole temperature [°C]	68
Oldest penetrated age	LATE TRIASSIC
Oldest penetrated formation	SKAGERRAK FM
Geodetic datum	ED50
NS degrees	57° 36' 54.5" N
EW degrees	4° 18' 57.7" E
NS UTM [m]	6386770.59
EW UTM [m]	578623.15
UTM zone	31
NPDID wellbore	152



## Wellbore history

### General

Well 9/4-3 was drilled on a salt-induced, anticlinal structure in the Egersund Basin in the North Sea, 17 km to the east of the 9/4-1 location. The primary objective was the Middle Jurassic sandstone, but also Triassic sands were considered prospective. Danian and Late Cretaceous chalks were seen as secondary objectives.

The well is Type Well for the Jurassic Bryne, Sandnes, Tau, and Sauda Formations in the Norwegian-Danish Basin.

### Operations and results

Wildcat well 9/4-3 was spudded with the jack-up installation Ocean Tide on 14 July 1972 and drilled to TD at 2682 m in Late Triassic sediments of the Skagerrak Formation. The hole was drilled without significant drilling problems, although heaving shales in the lower Tertiary caused some difficulties. After drilling out the 20" casing shoe at 404 m the drilling fluid was changed from a gelled seawater gel to a lignosulphonate seawater mud system, which was used to TD.

The only sandy Formation encountered above the Jurassic level was the Late Paleocene Fiskebank Formation at 1150 m, with a 50 m thickness. A complete sequence of Early Cretaceous stages was present between 1967 and 2250 m. The Kimmeridge section also appeared complete and represented entirely by an argillaceous succession. No sandy facies of Early Kimmeridgian/ Late Oxfordian was detected. The Bathonian-Bajocian sandstone/shale sequence between 2490 m to 2613 m (the Vestland Group) is comparable with adjacent wells in the area although clearly thicker in the current section. No oil shows were recorded in any section of the well during drilling and the logs confirmed that the Jurassic and Triassic sections were water wet.

From organic geochemical analyses source rocks were found in shales of the Late Jurassic Tau and Egersund Formations, and the coals of the Middle Jurassic. The 37 m thick Tau Formation at 2400 m contained an average kerogen type II/III with TOC around 5% and has a rich potential for generation of oil and gas. The Egersund Formation has mainly kerogen type III, TOC in the range 0.5 to 2.5 % and has a good gas potential. The Middle Jurassic coals are believed to have potential for mixed to gaseous hydrocarbons. The geochemical analyses confirmed a well barren of migrated hydrocarbons, with only traces of very early generated in-situ hydrocarbons in late Jurassic shales and Middle Jurassic coals. The well was found immature all through, reaching a vitrinite reflectance of 0.4 % Ro at TD. No conventional cores were cut and no fluid sample taken.

The well was permanently abandoned on 19 August 1972 as a dry hole.

### Testing

No drill stem test was performed.

## Cuttings at the Norwegian Offshore Directorate

Cutting sample, top depth [m]	Cutting samples, bottom depth [m]
158.50	2682.24
Cuttings available for sampling?	NO



## Lithostratigraphy

Top depth [mMD RKB]	Lithostrat. unit
100	<a href="#">NORDLAND GP</a>
520	<a href="#">HORDALAND GP</a>
1092	<a href="#">ROGALAND GP</a>
1092	<a href="#">BALDER FM</a>
1114	<a href="#">SELE FM</a>
1150	<a href="#">FISKEBANK FM</a>
1200	<a href="#">SELE FM</a>
1250	<a href="#">LISTA FM</a>
1286	<a href="#">VÅLE FM</a>
1305	<a href="#">SHETLAND GP</a>
1305	<a href="#">EKOFISK FM</a>
1328	<a href="#">TOR FM</a>
1730	<a href="#">HOD FM</a>
1935	<a href="#">BLODØKS FM</a>
1958	<a href="#">HIDRA FM</a>
1967	<a href="#">CROMER KNOLL GP</a>
1967	<a href="#">RØDBY FM</a>
1983	<a href="#">SOLA FM</a>
2059	<a href="#">ÅSGARD FM</a>
2200	<a href="#">BOKNFJORD GP</a>
2200	<a href="#">FLEKKEFJORD FM</a>
2250	<a href="#">SAUDA FM</a>
2400	<a href="#">TAU FM</a>
2437	<a href="#">EGERSUND FM</a>
2490	<a href="#">VESTLAND GP</a>
2490	<a href="#">SANDNES FM</a>
2508	<a href="#">BRYNE FM</a>
2613	<a href="#">NO GROUP DEFINED</a>
2613	<a href="#">SKAGERRAK FM</a>

## Composite logs

Document name	Document format	Document size [MB]
<a href="#">152</a>	pdf	0.31





## Geochemical information

Document name	Document format	Document size [MB]
<a href="#">152_1</a>	pdf	1.46

## Documents - older Norwegian Offshore Directorate WDSS reports and other related documents

Document name	Document format	Document size [MB]
<a href="#">152_01_WDSS_General_Information</a>	pdf	0.23

## Documents - reported by the production licence (period for duty of secrecy expired)

Document name	Document format	Document size [MB]
<a href="#">152_01_Final_Report</a>	pdf	2.34
<a href="#">152_02_Composite_Well_log</a>	pdf	1.22

## Documents - Norwegian Offshore Directorate papers

Document name	Document format	Document size [MB]
<a href="#">152_01_NPD_Paper_No.24_Lithology_Well_9_4_3</a>	pdf	13.95
<a href="#">152_02_NPD_Paper_No.24_Interpreted_Lithology_log_Well_9_4_3</a>	pdf	42.22

## Logs

Log type	Log top depth [m]	Log bottom depth [m]
BHC	401	1000
BHC-C	1070	2678
CDM AP	1951	2681
CDM PP	1951	2681
FDC	1073	2680
GR	61	401





GR	975	1070
IES	402	1086
IES	1086	2682
PRESSURE	1088	2682
VELOCITY	853	2682

**Thin sections at the Norwegian Offshore Directorate**

Depth	Unit
3820.00	[m ]
3840.00	[m ]
3860.00	[m ]
3900.00	[m ]