



Generell informasjon

Brønnbane navn	1/6-1
Type	EXPLORATION
Formål	WILDCAT
Status	P&A
Faktakart i nytt vindu	lenke til kart
Hovedområde	NORTH SEA
Felt	ALBUSKJELL
Funn	1/6-1 Albuskjell
Brønn navn	1/6-1
Seismisk lokalisering	
Utvinningstillatelse	011
Boreoperatør	A/S Norske Shell
Boretillatelse	75-L
Boreinnretning	ZAPATA NORDIC
Boredager	140
Borestart	10.07.1972
Boreslutt	26.11.1972
Frigitt dato	26.11.1974
Publiseringsdato	02.04.2007
Opprinnelig formål	WILDCAT
Gjenåpnet	NO
Innhold	GAS/CONDENSATE
Funnbrønnbane	YES
1. nivå med hydrokarboner, alder	PALEOCENE
1. nivå med hydrokarboner, formasjon.	EKOFISK FM
2. nivå med hydrokarboner, alder	LATE CRETACEOUS
2. nivå med hydrokarboner, formasjon	TOR FM
Avstand, boredekk - midlere havflate [m]	34.0
Vanndybde ved midlere havflate [m]	69.0
Totalt målt dybde (MD) [m RKB]	4822.0
Temperatur ved bunn av brønnbanen [°C]	166
Eldste penetrerte alder	LATE PERMIAN
Eldste penetrerte formasjon	ZECHSTEIN GP
Geodetisk datum	ED50
NS grader	56° 38' 2.4" N



ØV grader	2° 59' 50.3" E
NS UTM [m]	6276785.58
ØV UTM [m]	499834.71
UTM sone	31
NPDID for brønnbanen	239

Brønnhistorie



General

Wildcat well 1/6-1 is located ca 15 km northwest of the Ekofisk Field in the southern Norwegian North Sea. It was drilled in a crestal position on a large chalk structure shared between Norske Shell's block 1/6 and Phillips' block 2/4, the Ekofisk block. Phillips participated in drilling this well on a 50/50 basis. The primary objective was to investigate Danian and Maastrichtian chalk prospects. Secondary objective was to evaluate possible sand developments in the Paleocene and the Lower Cretaceous or older units. Planned total depth was 4572 m (1500 ft).

Operations and results

Well 1/6-1 was spudded with the jack-up installation Zapata Nordic on 10 July 1972 and drilled to TD at 4822 m in the Late Permian Zechstein Group. No major technical problems were encountered in the operations and the drilling of this deep well was within the prognosed time schedule. The drill string stuck at 228 m. After working the string and spotting pipe-free/diesel the string came loose. Some highly porous limestone intervals (1 - 8 m thick) resulted in lost circulation problems. The pipe stuck at 3456 m, but was freed after spotting with pipe-free/diesel. The well was drilled with seawater down to 448 m, with seawater/lignosulphonate and a shale inhibitor (shalock) from 448 m to 1586 m, and with seawater/lignosulphonate/ligcon (causticized lignite) from 1586 m to TD.

Reservoir development was encountered only in the Chalk Formations, with hydrocarbon-bearing intervals being developed in both the Danian and Late Cretaceous. Four hydrocarbon-bearing intervals were encountered and tested within the Chalk, but only one zone in the Maastrichtian (Tor Formation), yielded commercial flows of gas and condensate. Reservoir developments in the Danian (Ekofisk Formation) and earlier Maastrichtian (Hod Formation) were found to be considerably less favourable in 1/6-1 than in the adjacent Ekofisk and West Ekofisk field. The Early Cretaceous (Valanginian) was found resting directly on Late Permian Zechstein evaporite at 4800 m.

Two cores were cut in the intervals 3177.5 to 3189.7 m and 4604.6 to 4610.7 m. No fluid samples were taken on wire line.

The well was permanently abandoned on 26 November as a gas/condensate discovery.

Testing

Based on results from logging four zones were perforated and tested.

Zone 1 was perforated from 3821 to 3833 m in the (DST 1, Hod Formation). The test produced only a small quantity of gas and traces of light crude/acid emulsion.

Zone 2 was perforated in the intervals 3653.6 - 3650.6 m, 3646.0 - 3647.5 m, and 3621 - 3632.2 m (DST 2, Hod Formation). The test produced ca 65 Sm³ fluid (50% oil) /day.

Zone 3 was perforated from 3270.5 m to 3279.6 m (DST 3, Tor Formation). The test produced at maximum 451 Sm³ oil and 480400 Sm³ gas /day. The rates decreased during the test and the GOR changed accordingly from 1070 to 1330 Sm³/Sm³. Oil gravity was 46.8 deg API. Maximum down hole temperature was 135 deg C.

Zone 4 was perforated from 3152.9 m to 3158.9 m (DST 4, Ekofisk Formation). After acidization the test produced 24 Sm³ oil, 52000 Sm³ gas, and 29 Sm³ water / day. Oil gravity was 46.3 deg API, gas gravity was 0.745 (air = 1), and GOR was 2180 Sm³/Sm³.

Borekaks i Sokkeldirektoratet



Borekaksprøve, topp dybde [m]	Borekaksprøve, bunn dybde [m]
169.16	4818.89

Borekaks tilgjengelig for prøvetaking?	YES
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Borekjerner i Sokkeldirektoratet

Kjerneprøve nummer	Kjerneprøve - topp dybde	Kjerneprøve - bunn dybde	Kjerneprøve dybde - enhet
1	10425.0	10463.0	[ft]
2	15106.0	15123.0	[ft]

Total kjerneprøve lengde [m]	16.8
Kjerner tilgjengelig for prøvetaking?	YES

Palynologiske preparater i Sokkeldirektoratet

Prøve dybde	Dybde enhet	Prøve type	Laboratorie
15107.0	[ft]	DC	HRS

Oljeprøver i Sokkeldirektoratet

Test type	Flaske nummer	Topp dyp MD [m]	Bunn dyp MD [m]	Væske type	Test tidspunkt	Prøver tilgjengelig
DST	DST4	3153.00	3159.00		20.11.1972 - 00:00	YES

Litostratigrafi

Topp Dyb [mMD RKB]	Litostrat. enhet
102	NORDLAND GP
1795	HORDALAND GP
2942	ROGALAND GP
2942	BALDER FM
2953	SELE FM
2995	LISTA FM
3106	VÅLE FM



3144	SHETLAND GP
3144	EKOFISK FM
3247	TOR FM
3566	HOD FM
4144	CROMER KNOLL GP
4800	ZECHSTEIN GP

Geokjemisk informasjon

Dokument navn	Dokument format	Dokument størrelse [KB]
239_1	pdf	1.39
239_2	pdf	0.57
239_3	pdf	0.97

Dokumenter - eldre Sokkeldirektoratets WDSS rapporter og andre relaterte dokumenter

Dokument navn	Dokument format	Dokument størrelse [KB]
239_01_WDSS_General_Information	pdf	0.42

Dokumenter - rapportert av utvinningstillatelsen (frigitt ihht til regelverk)

Dokument navn	Dokument format	Dokument størrelse [KB]
239_01_1_6_1_Completion_Report_and_Completion_log	pdf	19.61

Borestrengtester (DST)

Test nummer	Fra dybde MD [m]	Til dybde MD [m]	Reduksjonsven til størrelse [mm]
1.0	3820	3833	0.0
2.0	3621	3633	12.0
3.0	3271	3280	25.4
4.0	3153	3159	25.4





Faktasider

Brønnbane / Leting

Utskriftstidspunkt: 18.5.2024 - 11:04

Test nummer	Endelig avstengningstrykk [MPa]	Endelig strømningstrykk [MPa]	Bunnhullstrykk [MPa]	Borehullstemperatur [°C]
1.0				
2.0				
3.0				
4.0				

Test nummer	Olje produksjon [Sm ³ /dag]	Gass produksjon [Sm ³ /dag]	Oljetetthet [g/cm ³]	Gasstyngde rel. luft	GOR [m ³ /m ³]
1.0					
2.0	32	16980	0.832		
3.0	352	466893	0.794	0.690	
4.0	24	51959	0.796	0.745	

Logger

Type logg	Topp dyp for logg [m]	Bunn dyp for logg [m]
BHC	450	4591
BHC-C	4511	4816
CAL	449	1591
CBL	1402	3146
CBL	2804	4214
CDM AP	1583	4603
CDM FP	1583	4598
CDM PP	3146	4602
CNL	2560	4222
DL	3148	4220
FDC GR	2560	4222
GR	61	488
IES	450	4819
ML MLL	3146	4220
PML	3146	4220
TS	113	1539
VELOCITY	0	0

Foringsrør og formasjonsstyrketester



Faktasider

Brønnbane / Leting

Utskriftstidspunkt: 18.5.2024 - 11:04

Type utforing	Utforing diam. [tommer]	Utforing dybde [m]	Brønnbane diam. [tommer]	Brønnbane dyp [m]	LOT/FIT slam eqv. [g/cm3]	Type formasjonstest
CONDUCTOR	30	169.0	36	169.0	0.00	LOT
SURF.COND.	20	448.0	26	455.0	0.00	LOT
INTERM.	13 3/8	1586.0	17 1/2	1591.0	0.00	LOT
INTERM.	9 5/8	3149.0	12 1/4	3175.0	0.00	LOT
LINER	7	4220.0	8 1/2	4226.0	0.00	LOT

Boreslam

Dybde MD [m]	Egenvekt, slam [g/cm3]	Viskositet, slam [mPa.s]	Flytegrense [Pa]	Type slam	Dato, måling
165	0.99			seawater	
178	1.21			waterbased	
455	1.20			seawat/lign	
823	1.22			seawat/lign	
1591	1.62			seawat/lign	
2761	1.73			seawat/lign	
3175	1.73			seawat/lign	
3365	1.73			seawat/lign	
3564	1.73			seawat/lign	
4225	1.75			seawat/lign	
4602	1.90			seawat/lign	
4821	1.73			seawat/lign	

Tynnslip i Sokkeldirektoratet

Dybde	Enhet
15117.00	[ft]