

Printed: 15.5.2024 - 03:05

General information



Printed: 15.5.2024 - 03:05



Printed: 15.5.2024 - 03:05

Wellbore name	24/9-10 A		
Туре	EXPLORATION		
Purpose	APPRAISAL		
Status	P&A		
Press release	link to press release		
Factmaps in new window	link to map		
Main area	NORTH SEA		
Discovery	24/9-10 S (Caterpillar)		
Well name	24/9-10		
Seismic location	DG D15& D58		
Production licence	340 BS		
Drilling operator	Marathon Petroleum Norge AS		
Drill permit	1345-L		
Drilling facility	TRANSOCEAN WINNER		
Drilling days	18		
Entered date	03.02.2011		
Completed date	20.02.2011		
Release date	20.02.2013		
Publication date	20.02.2013		
Purpose - planned	APPRAISAL		
Reentry	NO		
Content	OIL		
Discovery wellbore	NO		
1st level with HC, age	LATE PALEOCENE		
1st level with HC, formation	HERMOD FM		
Kelly bushing elevation [m]	26.0		
Water depth [m]	119.0		
Total depth (MD) [m RKB]	2900.0		
Final vertical depth (TVD) [m RKB]	2138.0		
Maximum inclination [°]	73.9		
Oldest penetrated age	LATE PALEOCENE		
Oldest penetrated formation	LISTA FM		
Geodetic datum	ED50		
NS degrees	59° 16' 34.73'' N		
EW degrees	1° 55' 36.13" E		
NS UTM [m]	6571465.01		
EW UTM [m]	438830.01		
UTM zone	31		
NPDID wellbore	6560		



Printed: 15.5.2024 - 03:05

Wellbore history

Wellbore history

General

Well 24/9-10 A is a geologic sidetrack to well 24/9-10 S on the Caterpillar prospect ca 7.5 km south-southeast of the Bøyla field in the South Viking Graben. The primary well bore 24/9-10 S found oil in the Late Paleocene Hermod Formation. The sidetrack 24/9-10 A was drilled to further delineate and evaluate the economic resource potential in this discovery.

Operations and results

Well 24/9-10 A was kicked off from the 24/9-10 S wellbore at 1408 m in undifferentiated Hordaland Group on 3 February 2011. The well was drilled with the semi-submersible installation Transocean Winner to TD at 2900 m (2138 m TVD). No significant problems were encountered in the operations. The well was drilled with Versatec OBM from kick-off to TD.

The Sele Formation had no reservoir quality intervals; it was predominantly claystone, calcareous in parts. The Hermod Formation came in at 2799 (2064 m TVD) and had 36.5 m (MD) of reservoir quality sands, with predominantly fine occasionally medium quartz aggregate, some calcite cemented stringers and non net shale beds. Average porosity in the reservoir of 24.9% was determined from the density log. An OWC was interpreted at 2850 m (2114 m TVD). A total of 31.9 m (15.3 m TVD) of movable hydrocarbons with an average net water saturation of 33.2% was interpreted within the Hermod Formation. The oil based mud masked any true oil shows on cuttings from the well.

No cores were cut and no wire line fluid samples were taken.

The well was permanently abandoned on 20 February 2011 as an oil appraisal well.

Testing

No drill stem test was performed.

Cuttings at the Norwegian Offshore Directorate

Cutting sample, top depth [m]	Cutting samples, bottom depth [m]		
1430.00	2900.00		

Cuttings available for sampling?	YES
----------------------------------	-----



Printed: 15.5.2024 - 03:05

Lithostratigraphy

Top depth [mMD RKB]	Lithostrat. unit			
144	NORDLAND GP			
447	UTSIRA FM			
867	HORDALAND GP			
1248	GRID FM			
2514	ROGALAND GP			
2514	BALDER FM			
2740	SELE FM			
2799	HERMOD FM			
2881	LISTA FM			

Logs

Log type	Log top depth [m]	_
MWD - PDX	1408	2900

Casing and leak-off tests

Casing type	Casing diam. [inch]	Casing depth [m]	Hole diam. [inch]	Hole depth [m]	LOT/FIT mud eqv. [g/cm3]	Formation test type
OPEN HOLE		2900.0	9 1/2	2900.0	1.55	LOT